THE Bombay Gazette.

No. 55,819—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1912. PRICE: ONE ANNA.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

MAIL SERVICE.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON, WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing 5-30 p.m.	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons
1912				
7th Dec.	ARCADIA	7000	MOLDAVIA	10000
14th ,,	EGYPT	8000		
21st ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MANGOLIA	10500
28th ,,	PERSIA	8000	----	---
1913				
4th Jan	SALSETTE	6040	MANTUA	11000
11th ,,	MACEDONIA	10500	----	---
18th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
25th ,,	ARABIA	8000	----	---
1st Feb.	SALSETTE	6040	MOOLTAN	10500
8th ,,	CHINA	8000	----	---
15th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MALOJA	12500
22nd ,,	EGYPT	8000	----	---
1st March	MOREA	11000	----	---
8th ,,	PERSIA	8000	----	---
15th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10500
19th ,,	ARCADIA	7000	----	---
22nd ,,	MANTUA	11000	----	---
29th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MEDINA	12500
5th Apl.	ARABIA	8000	----	---
12th ,,	MOLDAVIA	10000	----	---
19th ,,	MALOJA	12500	----	---
26th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10500
3rd May	EGYPT	8000	----	---
10th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10500
17th ,,	PERSIA	8000	----	---

All the above Steamers are fitted with *WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.*

† INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER. ONE CLASS ONLY.

Passengers for Brindisi transhipped to connecting Steamer at Port Said.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER, on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 12-30 P. M. for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAY, taking passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and farther information, apply to

A. H. FROOM,
Superintendent.
Bombay.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY.
"Armand Behic"	6385	Mouret	16th Jan. 1913.
Sydney	4120	Rat	13th Feb. 1913.
Yarra	4142	Tivolle	13th Mar. 1913.
Australien	6385	Costa	11th April 1913.
Oceanien	4143	Mages	8th May 1913.

PASSAGE FARES.

	I class	II class	III class
To Marseilles (single) ...Rs.	594	495	225
Do. (return) ... ,,	891	743	405
To London (single) ... ,,	660	528	270
Do. (return) ... ,,	990	792	495

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigazione General Italiana's steamers at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST BY TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

One sailing every four weeks.

For farther particulars apply to—

H. WILLIAMS,
Albert Building, Hornby Road, Bombay. Agent.

SOCIETA' NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct;

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE (transhipping at PORT SAID.)

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Sardegna ...	5255	A. Musio	15th Dec. 1912
Sicilia ...	5249	D. Maganzini.	15th Jan. 1913
Sardegna ...	5255	A. Musio ...	15th Feb. 1913

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND ELECTRIC FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Ticket from, Rs. 450 to 550	Rs. 350		Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years from ...	Rs. 675 to 825	Rs. 525	Rs. 247

Through Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through Tickets to NEW YORK in connection at Naples or Genoa, 1st Class, from Rs. 790 to Rs. 990. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break journey at any port on route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS

are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY TO SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on.
Capri ...	4193	A. de Amezaga	10th Dec. 1912.
Ischia (a)...	4050	G. Belsito ...	8th Jan. 1913.
Capri (a) ...	4193	A. de Amezaga...	8th Feb. 1913.

(a) Proceeding direct from Singapore to KOBE.

SALOON Fares to COLOMBO, Rs. 75; to PENANG Rs. 140; to SINGAPORE, Rs. 165; to HONGKONG Rs. 220; and to KOBE, Rs. 250.

Subject to alterations; for further particulars apply to

G. FERRERO,
Agent.
Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

TO PARENTS.

COMFORTABLE HOME for CHILDREN of Anglo-Indians. Every care and attention. Best Schools near. Terms Moderate, Reference kindly permitted to Mr. D. M. INGLIS, of Messrs. James Finlay & Co., Ltd., Bombay, and Mr. F. KENNEDY, 25 Marine Lines, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ld.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI,
Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamers.	Tons.	Sailing Date.	Time.	Route via
Lhasa	2184	Mon. 9th Dec.	11 a.m.*	P.D. and C.M.
Dwarka	1695	Thurs. 12th Dec.	9 a.m.	† C.M.
Linga	2185	Friday 13th Dec.	‡ 6 a.m.	direct.

* Porebunder, Dwarka, Cutch Mandvie.
† Cutch Mandvie.
‡ Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH.
(Weekly).

S.S. "Dwarka" 1,695 tons, on Thursday, 12th Dec., calling at Muscat, Linga, Bushire, and Mohomerah.

FOR PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

S.S. "Bankura" 3,200 tons, on Wednesday, 11th December, calling at Verawal, Mangrol, Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Charbar, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA.
(Monthly.)

S.S. "Pentakota," 3418 tons, on Thursday, 26th December, calling at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S.S. "Virawa," 3360 tons on or about 7th December.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct.)

Frequent sailings, with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents,
Nicol Road, near Ballard Pier, BOMBAY.
6th December, 1912.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS
BOMBAY.
PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES	Booked without charge
BERTHS	Carefully Selected.
STEAMER PLANS	Sent for Inspection.
HANDBOOK	Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE	Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.

CALCUTTA: GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON: GRINDLAY & Co.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

THE following SAILINGS have been arranged:—

Steamers.	Tonnage.	Captains.	Leave Bombay on
Massilia ...	5091	J. Thomson	6th Dec. 1912.
Olympia ...	5124	J. Kinnaird	15th ,, ,,
*Circassia..	6716	C.F.Osborne R.N.R.	6th Jan. 1913.
Scindia ...	5106	Wm. Kelso	18th Jan. ,,
*Jastalia...	6388	G. Mitchell	2nd Feb. ,,

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1913.

*Elysia ...	6363	J. Coverley	23rd Feb. 1913.
Massilia ...	5091	J. Thomson	9th March ,,
Olympia ...	5124	J. Kinnaird	23rd ,, ,,
*Circassia..	6716	C.F.Osborne R.N.R	10th April ,,
Scindia ...	5106	Wm. Kelso	22nd ,, ,,
*Jastalia...	6388	G. Mitchell	5th May ,,
*Elysia ...	6363	J. Coverley	18th ,, ,,

* Fitted with Marconi wireless telegraphy.

FARES.

	Single.	Return.
Bombay to Suez	Rs. 413	627
Bombay to Port Said	,, 446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	,, 578	924
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool	,, 653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar	,, 597	891
Bombay to Liverpool	,, 605	957
Bombay to New York	,, 826	1,399
Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez	,, 445	

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leaves by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co's. steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

Through Tickets to America per Anchor-Cunard Joint Passenger Service.

For any farther information regarding passage, pply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
AGENTS, Bombay.

DEUTSCHE OST AFRIKA LINIE.

GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE.

BOMBAY TO EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA.

THE following Steamers will SAIL:—

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	To Sail about
a Praesident	3310	Schutt	10th Dec. 1912
Markgraf	3680	Bremer	3rd Jan. 1913
a Somali	2655	Kasch	17th Jan. 1913

Taking passengers and cargo for SEYCHELLES, LAMOO, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, GERMAN, AND PORTUGUESE COAST PORTS, DURBAN, and CAPE.

a Will carry also cargo and passengers for Cape Ports.

a Will call at Seychelles.

For Rates and Particulars Apply to

A. STRANDES & Co.,
Agents.
24, Meadow Street, Bombay, 25th November, 1912

LAYS OF THE LAW.—A Selection of Box Leading Cases. By W. H. H., Re 1 Apply No. 404 care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....£2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL.....£1,000,000
RESERVE FUND.....£ 950,000

HEAD OFFICE:
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON E. C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Cochin,	Zanzibar,
Bombay,	Chittagong,	Mombasa,
Madras,	Rangoon,	Nairobi,
Karachi,	Mandalay,	Nakuru,
Lahore,	Colombo,	Kisumu,
Amritsar,	Kandy,	Jinja,
Delhi,	Newara-Eliya,	Kampala,
Cawnpore,	Aden (Camp.)	Entebbe.
Tuticorin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)	

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividend, when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141. BOMBAY.

RALPH KIDD,
Acting Manager.

ALLAHABAD BANK, LTD.,

CAPITAL (paid up)...Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in GOVT. PAPER) ... ,, 32,00,000

HEAD OFFICE:—ALLAHABAD.

BRANCHES:—At Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, Lucknow, Bareilly, Jhansi, Nagpore, Jubbulpore, Nainital and Meerut.

SUB-AGENCIES:—Amritsar, Benares, Chandousi, Hathras, Moradabad and Sitapur.

Fixed Deposit, Current and Savings Bank Accounts opened on terms which can be ascertained.

Banking Business of every description transacted.

Copy of Rules may be had on application.

H. H. WHITE,
Agent,
Bombay Branch.
101, Hornby Road.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$ 17,000,000
Gold Reserve Fund	£ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCES.

Amoy	Ipoh	Rangoon
Bangkok	Johore	Saigon
Batavia	Kobe	San Francisco
Bombay	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
Calcutta	London	Shanghai Hongrow
Canton	Lyons	Singapore
Colombo	Malacca	Soarabaya
Foochow	Manila	Taipeh
Hamburg	Nagasaki	Tientsin
Hankow	New York	Tsingtau
Harbin	Peking	Yokohama
Hongkong	Penang	Yiollo

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months or term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

O. H. WILSON,
Agent.
Carlton House, Outram Road, Bombay.

COX & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS
ESTABLISHED 1758.

Registered under the Companies (Consolidated) Act 1908.

CAPITAL PAID UP.....£400,000
RESERVE.....£ 50,000

HEAD OFFICE:—16, Charing Cross, Londons.

BRANCHES:—Bombay, Calcutta, Karachi, Rawal Pindi, Murree and Srinagar (Kashmir).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to oe obtained on application.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened, terms on application.

LETTERS of CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Bank's Current Rates of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made. ADDRESSES for cabling purposes registered free of charge.

INSURANCE of every description effected.

SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every decription, including IMPORT and EXPORT OF CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.

A copy of the half-yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S. W.

30,930

is the actual number of Fires extinguished by the

MINIMAX

HAND FIRE EXTINGUISHER.

IF the THOUSANDS of UNSOLICITED TESTIMONIALS are not sufficiently convincing evidence the wonderful record, while proving the reliability and superiority of the **MINIMAX** in emergency, clearly demonstrates the vital importance and positive necessity of their installation.

IN EVERY HOME.
IN EVERY CLUB.
IN EVERY MILL and FACTORY.
IN EVERY RAILWAY STATIONS.
IN EVERY OFFICE.
IN EVERY GOVERNMENT BUILDING.
IN EVERY HOSPITAL.
IN EVERY THEATRE.
IN EVERY CHURCH.
IN EVERY SCHOOL.

In action it is so simple and handy that a child can use it.

SOLE AGENTS.

MARCKS & Co., LTD.,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

CHRISTMAS ORDERS NOW REGISTERED AT

MONGINI BROTHERS.

CHRISTMAS BOXES containing a CAKE, CONFECTIONERY, CRACKERS, etc., from Rs. 10 to Rs. 25, list on application.

Finest Cumberland Hams	8 to 12 lbs.	Rs. 1-4 per lb.
,, ,, ,,	18 to 25 lbs.	,, 1-2 per lb.
Whole Cooked Hams trimmed & ready for the table		,, 2-0 per lb.
Finest Wiltshire Bacon Middles on cut ...	...	,, 1-2 per lb.

CHEDDAR, GUIYERE & DUTCH CHEESE on cut and in tins.

FANCY PRESENTATION BOXES of SWEETS and CHOCOLATES, XMAS CRACKERS, SANTA CLAUS STOCKINGS, ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS for Table Decoration, etc., etc., etc.

MONGINI BROTHERS,

25-27-29, Church Gate Street, **BOMBAY.**

PREVENT ILLNESS

BY TAKING

BATLIWALA'S AGUE MIXTURE AND PILLS.

At the first sign of Fever, Ague, or Influenza. They are cures that have stood the test of years, and are to-day the most widely used of all fever remedies.

Re. 1 each.

BATLIWALA'S TONIC PILLS

For pale people, is a valuable remedy in all cases of overwrought brain work, impotency, weakness, early stage of consumption, and indigestion, etc. Rs. 1-8 each.

BATLIWALA'S TOOTH-POWDER

is scientifically mixed with "Mayaphal" and English antiseptic drugs, Ans. 4 each.

BATLIWALA'S RING-WORM OINTMENT

Cures ring-worm, Dhobiesitch, etc., in a day. Ans. 4 each.

Of all dealers, or of

DR. H. L. BATLIWALA, J. P.

WORLI, LABORATORY, DADAR, BOMBAY.

Daimler

MOTOR CARS.

His Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor's stud of Motor Cars consists entirely of Daimlers and H. I. Majesty has just honoured the Daimler Co. with an order for one of their 1912 models.

Obtainable at English prices plus cost of importation from the SOLE AGENTS IN INDIA.

THE BOMBAY MOTOR CAR CO., LTD.,

11, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE,
BOMBAY.

SUPPLIERS OF MOTOR CARS BY APPOINTMENT TO

H. E. LORD HARDINGE.

Viceroy and Governor-General of India.

Reduce the Cost of Motoring.

First 1888 Foremost ever since

Tyre Cost
should not be reckoned by initial expenditure but by duration of service.

When durability and service are considered in conjunction with initial cost, it has been clearly demonstrated that Dunlop Tyres reduce the cost of motoring, by the only conclusive method—the Test of Mileage.

DUNLOPS

DUNLOP RUBBER CO., LD.,

BOMBAY, 3 Wallace St. CALCUTTA, 3, Mangoe Lane.
MADRAS, 188c Mount Rd.

THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.,

105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

GRUYERE, GORGONZOLA and PARMESAN, CHEESE, the best obtainable.

PURE ITALIAN OLIVE OIL, unsurpassable for purity.

ITALIAN WHITE WINE VINEGAR, the produce of the grape only.

MACCARONI, VERMICELLI and SOUP PASTES, always in stock, consignments, received by every Italian Steamer Monthly.

HOR'S D'OUVRE in glass jars and in tins of different varieties from the best Home Firms.

WINES and LIQUEURS, from the best Houses in France and Italy.

SINGAPORE CANE CHAIRS, SETTIES, EASY CHAIRS, and TABLES of various patterns and designs always in stock. Soft shell Almonds and Walnuts, Hazelnuts, Chestnuts and Malaca Raisins, and Greek Figs.

Our famous GRIGNOLINO CLARET (pure grape Wine) in great demand.

GRIMAULT & Cos.

ENERGICAL SYRUP

THE BEST NERVINE TONIC FOR BRAIN AND BODY.

IT is prescribed in cases of Nervous Exhaustion, Neurasthenia, Anæmia, Cholorosis to shorten convalescence, loss of manhood, etc.

SOLE AGENTS:

V. C. DASTUR & CO.,

PRINCESS STREET, BOMBAY.

FAVOURITES OF ROYALTY

ALL THINGS are now dated from the time of the great Coronation Durbar and however popular they were before that historic event there is no doubt that henceforth the proved merits and high class finish of the

DAIMLER, FIAT, AND WOLSELEY

Motor Cars as used by H. I. M. The King-Emperor, H. E. The Viceroy and all the principal Ruling Chiefs of India have placed these cars in the front rank far in advance of other Motors.

Full particulars of 1912 models from the SOLE AGENTS.

THE BOMBAY MOTOR CAR CO. LTD.

11, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE,
BOMBAY.

SUPPLIERS OF MOTOR CARS BY APPOINTMENT TO

H. E. LORD HARDINGE.

Viceroy and Governor-General of India.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

S. S. "CITY OF KARACHI."

ARRIVED on 5th December, 1912.

CONSIGNEES are requested TO TAKE DELIVERY of their CARGO from the Docks. Packages exceeding 30 cwts. in weight will be landed on the quay at the risk and expense of the consignees unless boats are sent alongside to take delivery without delay.

Chafed or broken packages must be surveyed before removal from the Landing Shed, and within one week of their being landed, otherwise no claim will be recognised. The undersigned decline to survey Goods removed to the Unclaimed Warehouse.

Captain Metcalfe will attend every morning to survey damaged and broken packages. All claims must be certified by him and sent in within a month of Steamer's arrival, or they will not be paid.

EDWARD BATES & SONS' AGENCY, KILLICK, NIXON & CO., Agents.

Home Street, Bombay, 5th December, 1912.

NOTICE.

DISTILLING CONTRACT IN THE BARODA STATE.

IN CONTINUATION of notice dated 26th November, 1912, it is hereby notified that the 20th of December, 1912, being a Mohoram Holiday, tenders to distill liquor will be received and opened on 21st Idem, SATURDAY.

V. Y. VANIKAR, Sar Subha.

Baroda, 4th December 1912.

ALL INDIA KAYASTHA CONFERENCE.

MEETINGS TO BE HELD IN CALCUTTA ON THE 29th, 30th, AND 31st DECEMBER 1912.

ALL Kayasthas are invited to attend Bengali Kayasthas who would be in the position of hosts are expected to subscribe to the fund for meeting's costs.

All communications to undersigned:—

SARADA CHARAN MITRA, BHUPENDRA NATH BASU, Secretaries Reception Committee, 85 Grey Street, Calcutta

THE EBRAHIMBHOY PABANEY MILLS CO., LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Ebrahimbhoy Pabaney Mills Company, Limited, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 13, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, on TUESDAY, the 17th day of December, 1912, at 4-5 o'clock (S.T.), in the afternoon, for the purpose of considering and if thought fit passing as Extraordinary Resolutions the following resolutions, that is to say:—

(1) That in Article 6 of the Company's Articles of Association the words and figures "of the nominal value of Rs. 1,000 each" shall be cancelled and the following substituted in its place: "of such nominal value as shall correspond with the nominal value of the shares existing at the date of the passing of the Resolution by the Board for the increase of capital."

(2) That in Article 93 the word "ten" shall be substituted for the word "six."

Should the above Resolutions be passed by the requisite majority they will be submitted for confirmation as Special Resolutions to a Second Extraordinary General Meeting which will be subsequently convened.

Dated this 3rd day of December, 1912.

By order of the Board,

CURRIMBHOY EBRAHIM AND Co., Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents.

THE CURRIMBHOY MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Currimbhoy Mills Company, Limited, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company No. 13, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, on TUESDAY, the 17th day of December, 1912, at 4 o'clock (S.T.), in the afternoon for the purpose of considering and if thought fit passing as Extraordinary Resolutions the following resolutions, that is to say:—

(1) That each of the existing shares of Rs. 1,000 fully paid up be divided into 4 fully paid up shares of Rs. 250 each.

(2) That the existing certificates of shares be called in by the Directors and cancelled and that new certificates be issued subject to the provisions contained in Clauses 16 and 17 of the Articles of Association.

(3) That the condition contained in Clause 5 of the Company's Memorandum of Association be altered by cancelling the following words, viz, "Eight hundred shares of rupees one thousand each," and substituting in their place the following words "three thousand two hundred shares of rupees two hundred and fifty each."

(4) That in Article 4 of the Company's Articles of Association the words "eight hundred shares of the nominal value of rupees one thousand each" shall be cancelled and the following substituted in their place; "three thousand two hundred shares of the nominal value of rupees two and fifty each."

(5) That in Article 6 of the Company's Articles of Association the words and figures "of the nominal value of Rs. 1,000 each" shall be cancelled and the following substituted in their place, namely:—of such nominal value as shall correspond with the nominal value of the shares existing at the date of the passing of the Resolution by the Board for the increase of capital."

(6) That the following words shall be added to Article 36 at the end, viz. "or any less amount as the Directors may fix."

(7) That in Article 93 the word "ten" shall be substituted for the word "six."

Should the above Resolutions be passed by the requisite majority they will be submitted for confirmation as Special Resolutions to a Second Extraordinary General Meeting which will be subsequently convened.

Dated this 3rd day of December, 1912.

By order of the Board,

CURRIMBHOY IBRAHIM & CO., Secretaries, Treasurers & Agents.

HOUSE, Bazaar and Dhobie Account Book for 12 months, with Servants' Diary, Wages Table, Recipes, Instructions and Will Form by G. L. CHARD, 6th edition, revised. Price Rs. 1-8. No. 5 dept. A. and N. Co-operative Society Ltd., Bombay.

NOTICE.

PHIPSON & CO., BOMBAY Agents AT DELHI.

KING KING & CO., 1, KASHMIR GATE.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81 Queen's Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whisky may be had from Messrs. JAMES FINLAY and Co., Limited, Bombay.

AMUSEMENTS.

MAIDANIA

Stupendous Attractions.

WILLISON'S CIRCUS,

The greatest European show that has ever visited India.

LA PETITE ADELE

Suspending any member of the audience by her teeth.

MONS. ROUGAL

WITH HIS

6 performing 6

BENGAL TIGERS.

An all Star Company of Cosmopolitan Celebrities Commences 9 p. m. sharp.

Doors open one hour earlier.

Prices Rs. 4, 3, 2, 1; Natives 8 annas.

Matinee Saturday and Sunday.

All tickets purchased at our own Circus Office outside the gates gives Admission Free to MAIDANIA.

EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH.

TO-NIGHT.

A GREAT SENSATIONAL FILM.

HER LAST PERFORMANCE OR THE PLATFORM OF DEATH.

The Funeral of the Late Sir Wm. DRING.

First Show commences at 6-30 p. m.

SATURDAY, 7th DEC.

A great sensational picture

"THE GREED FOR GOLD."

MAIDANIA.

—:o:—

SATURDAY, 7th DEC.

OPENING OF THE

AL FRESCO GRILL

ENGLISH PROVISIONS,

OYSTER SUPPERS,

POPULAR PRICES

MONDAY, 9th DEC.

Opening of the

LADIES TEA GARDEN.

OPEN DAILY at 5 P. M.

Free admission to Tea parties at Main Gates before 5-30 P.M.

SKATING RINK & TRACK.

No charge for admission to Rink.

Skate Tickets Re. 1.

Purchased at Main Gates, Admit Free to "MAIDANIA."

EVERY THURSDAY, 6 to 8 p.m.

CLUB SESSION.

The Rink is Open Every Sunday Morning 9 to 11 o'clock, and on Week Day Mornings 8 to 10

SATURDAY NEXT.

Great Reduction in Fares on the Railway.

Coupon Tickets Issued Allowing for Rides at As. 2 each.

ACCIDENT INSURANCE.

HAVE YOU A POLICY OF THIS DESCRIPTION?

IF NOT IT WOULD BE ADVISABLE TO WRITE TO

W. & A. GRAHAM & CO.

the Branch Managers of the

NORWICH and LONDON

ACCIDENT INSURANCE ASSOCIATION.

PLEASE REFER TO ADVERT. IN THE INSURANCE COLUMN.

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rate for Subscribers is now Rs. 26 per annum in advance, post free.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES. (Cash only). Not exceeding three lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, Annas 8, Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

YOUR PIANO.—Does it need TUNING or REPAIRING? We place the services of a thoroughly Competent Workman at your disposal. Our charges are MODERATE, and whatever we do for your Instrument, we guarantee that it will be done as well as it is possible.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., AGENTS for the world-known "Bluthner" Pianos, Bombay and Poona.

WANTED experienced PAINTERS for a Carriage and Motor Car Factory. Apply in person, 23, Apollo Street.

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey," Bombay to the Bosphorous. Two Volumes. By Grattan Geary, Rs. 10. Apply Box No. 4, 9, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

EXCHANGE TABLES.—NEW EDITION revised and enlarged. Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling. Advancing by 32nds from 1s. 3¾d. to 1s. 4¾d. Also includes Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal—Values; —Due Dates. Price Rs. 3. Apply "Bombay Gazette" office.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET, behind the Bank of Bombay, where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is, therefore, able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotation given for all sorts of Printing Work Binding, Stationery, etc.

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices:—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 8 annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy; over 12 months old, and additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Rs. 2 must be paid in advance.

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works, 2, Green Street, Fort.

REPORTS, Petition, Memorial Business, Announcement, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager, The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press.

"THE EMPIRE."—The file of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is available to enquirers at the office of "THE EMPIRE," LIMITED, No. 25 and 26, Waterloo Street and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette," Limited, 2 Green Street, Fort, behind the Bank of Bombay.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.—By Grattan Geary, Rs. 5. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

SPECIAL OFFER.—Commercial Envelopes "Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes—9½ inch by 4½ inch Rupee 1 per hundred 9½ inch by 4½ inch, Annas 14 per hundred, (If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Re. 3 per 1,000 5 13-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Re. 2½ per thousand If printed on flap, Rs. 4 per thousand.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own tense will be found a great boon.

They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong
No slipping off the Nose.
Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting:—
Nickel, Rs. 3-8, Gold, Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD., BOMBAY AND POONA.

BRASSO

Liquid Metal Polish.

The Best Polish in the Market for brass work and all kinds of Metals.

Obtainable from all shops.

If you have a

MOTOR CAR

keep it bright with

BRASSO

Manufactured only by

RECKITT & SONS, Hull, England.

PAINTS

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

The best quality of Paints and Oils manufactured by

MESSRS COLTHURST & HARDING, of London & Bristol,

can be obtained from all Bazar Dealers.

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the GENERAL MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No, 25 and 26, Waterloo Street and the File of "THE EMPIRE," may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette, Ld."

ALL THE WORLD'S A STAGE.

AN ENTHRALLING DRAMA DEALING WITH THE LIFE LED BY THEATRICAL FOLK

PROGRAMME.

1. ALL THE WORLD'S A STAGE
2. THE ARMOUR OF FIRE (Coloured Drama)
3. THE FLYING PUMPKIN (Comic)
4. SAMMY'S SUCKER (A real humorous subject, full of laughs)

THREE SHOWS NIGHTLY 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30 AND 10 to 11 P. M.

AMERICA-INDIA.

Films for sale: apply to the Manager. TELEPHONE No. 1271.

GRAHAM'S

FIVE CROWN PORT

An Old Tawny Dry Wine.

BANKS.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

Capital Paid up..... Gold $ 3,250,000,00
Reserve Fund ..... „ „ 3,250,000,00
Undivided Profits..... „ „ 558,288,69

LONDON OFFICE: 36 Bishopsgate, E.C.—

BRANCHES:

Bombay.	Cebu.	San Francisco.
Calcutta.	Shanghai.	Mexico.
Singapore.	Hankow.	Panama.
Hongkong.	Peking.	Colon.
Canton.	Yokohama.	Empire.
Manila.	Kobe.	

THE CORPORATION sells drafts and Cable Transfers on the principal cities of Europe, America, Australia, China and Japan, buys Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit; and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened, on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances, from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

TRAVELLERS CHEQUES SUPPLIED.

H. A. W. BRENT, Ag. Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE, 42-43, Church Gate Street.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ... Yen. 48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ... „ 30,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS... ... „ 17,850,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Antung-Hsien	Fengtien (Mukden)
Bombay	Nagasaki
Calcutta	Newchwang
Changchun	New York
Dairen (Dalny)	Osaka
Hankow	Peking
Hongkong	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Honolulu	San Francisco
Kobe	Shanghai
Liaoyang	Tilhling
London	Tientsin
Lyons	Tokyo
	Harbin (North Manchuria)

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 upto Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI, Manager.

Post Box No. 207, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

CAPITAL (Paid up)..... Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper)..... Rs. 23,00,000

HEAD OFFICE: SIMLA.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, Delhi and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half yearly at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum secured does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of Every Description transacted RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

W. A. M. LATTEY, Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

BANKS.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL ..... £ 1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ..... £ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL..... £ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS ..... £ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS ..... £ 385,000

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E. C.

LONDON BANKERS
The Bank of England,
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch HOWRAH (Calcutta), DELHI, RANGOON, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, KUALA, LUMPUR, KOTA, BAHRU (Kelantan) PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising interest and dividends when due.

JAS. MURDOCH, Esplanade Road, Bombay. Manager.

THE EASTERN BANK, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE.

4, Crosby Square, London, E. C.

BRANCHES AT:—

Bombay, Calcutta and Bagdad.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL £1,000,000
PAID UP .....£ 400,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS.....£ 600,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

The Rt. Hon. LORD BALFOUR of Burleigh, K. T.
Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart, (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co.)
EMILE FRANCQUI Esq. (Director of the Banque d'Outremer.)
JAMES LEIGH WOOD, Esq., C. M. G., (Messrs. Brown, Shiply and Co.)
J. C. GEORGES BOUILLAT, Esq. (Director of the Societe Generale de Paris.)
J. S. HASKELL, Esq., (Messrs E. D. Sassoon and Co.)

BOMBAY COMMITTEE:

Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart,
A. J. RAYMOND, Esq.
Sir DINSHAW M. PETIT, Bart,
MATHURADAS GOCULDAS, Esq.

BOMBAY OFFICE:

Corner of Hornby Road and Church Gate Street.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received on terms to be ascertained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

The purchase and sale of Government securities stocks, and shares undertaken, and dividends thereon collected for constituents.

W. M. ANDERSON, Manager.

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial" of the following sizes:—

9½ inch by 4½ inch...Rupee 1 per hundred*
9½ inch by 4½ inch...Annas 14 per „ *
*If printed on flap there will be an additional charge Rs. 3 per 1,000.
5 13-16 inch by 3⅜ inch, Rs. 2½ per thousand*
*If printed on flap Rs. 4 per thousand.

WANTED

WANTED a CLERK for European firm, must be experienced in PIECE-GOODS and HARDWARE and have acquaintances amongst Bombay dealers, apply Box No. 665 Care of this paper

WANTED at St. JOSEPH'S CONVENT BANDRA, a resident TEACHER having a Secondary Teacher's certificate.

Apply to the SUPERIORESS.

WANTED.—1st CLASS JOBBING COMPOSITORS, those accustomed to Catalogue and high class Jobbing work only need Apply to Box No. 467, care of this Paper.

WANTED.—2 FIRST CLASS PRINTING MACHINE MEN, those used to half tone and better Class Jobbing Work only need Apply to Box No. 468, care of this Paper.

WANTED.—For the News Department, a fully qualified SENIOR PROOF READER—Apply with copies of testimonials to GENERAL MANAGER, "Bombay Gazette."

WANTED.—A TRUSTWORTHY and ENERGETIC CONTRACTOR for the sale and distribution of Newspapers. Deposit Rs. 200 required. Apply Box No. 562, care of the "Bombay Gazette."

PRINTER'S TRAVELLER FOR BOMBAY.

FIRST CLASS TRAVELLER with connection preferred, good opening and prospects for the right man. Only those at present on the ground will be entertained. State Salary expected.

Apply by letter stating Terms and particulars MANAGER "Gazette" Office.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, in good condition No. 4 Bull's Eye Kodak in leather case, with book of instructions. Capacity 12 exposures without re-loding, index plate for 8, 10, 12, 15, 20, 25, 50 and 100 feet and beyond. Price Rs. 30, no offers. G. L., care of "Bombay Gazette."

FOR SALE.—"MEL VALLEY FLASH" a bay hackney gelding, aged 6 years, 14 hands, absolutely sound, only imported this month. About the smartest pony of his class in England. Winner of 12 first prizes, including Olympia, the Championship at Dublin and Gold Medal at Bath. Perfect mover, with good hock action, and fast. Excellent in single, double and tandem harness. Only sold as he does not match owner's other hackney.

Apply:—Lieut. Col. LLOYD JONES. I. M. S. Byculla Club, Bombay.

FOR SALE.—A No. 2 "RONEO" COPIER, in good and sound condition. Offered at a low Price, offer wanted.

Apply box No. 398, care of this Paper.

PRINTING AND OTHER MACHINERY FOR SALE.

Must be cleared to make room for new plant coming from England.

PRINTING MACHINES.

1 Quad Crown by Harrild and Sons, Improved "Main" News Machine, with 2 moulds.
1 Quad Demy by Harrild & Sons, "Main" News Machine.
1 Quad Royal by Furnival, Flyer incomplete.
1 Quad Demy Whafedale by W. Dawson & Sons.
1 Demy Folio with 2 moulds.
1 F'cap Folio, Treadle, double platen, "Bremner" with 2 moulds.

HAND PRESSES.

1 Double Demy Columbian Press by Harrild and Sons.
3 Super Royal by Hopkinson and Cope.
2 Super Royal Albion Press by Harrild and Sons.
1 Royal Albion Press by Harrild and Sons.
2 Demy by Hopkinson and Cope.
2 Foolscap Albion Presses by Harrild and Sons.
1 Foolscap Folio by Hopkinson and Cope.

IRON STANDING PRESS.

1 Imperial 2½ inches screw.

CUTTING MACHINE.

1 Diagonal, 20 inches, with 1 extra knife hand power.

PAGING MACHINES.

1 Treadle, 6 figures by Harrild and Sons with 2 extra wheels.
1 Treadle, 5 figures by Harrild and Sons with 2 extra wheels.

RULING MACHINES.

1 Wooden frame size 40 inches.
1 Iron frame size 36 inches.

MISCELLANEOUS.

1 Perforating Machine, 30 inches.
1 Backing Machine.
1 Rolling Machine.
2 Type Casting Machines.
1 Copper Plate Press incomplete.
1 Litho Press incomplete.

Apply, MANAGER. "Bombay Gazette" Office, Green Street, Fort.

TO BE LET.

TO LET at Naigaum, near Public Fountain, 5 minutes' drive from Dadar, a Bungalow with large compound, 10 rooms and stable. Open to inspection at any time. Rent Rs. 55. Apply to Dr. BATLIWALLA, Worli. Telephone No. 2270.

TO LET ON THE COOPERAGE.

THE Cooperage nearly opposite the Bandstand TO LET, to English married couple as paying guests. Nicely Furnished Bed-room with verandah, with over-head Fan and Electric Light. Private Bath Room, Shower and W. C. Use of Dining-room, etc. Overlooking Sea and Improvement Trust Gardens. Telephone installation. Good English Table on the English principle. Terms moderate. Apply Box 460, care of "Bombay Gazette".

WELL FURNISHED Bed-room with private Bath-room and W. C. Use of other appartments, large verandah overlooking sea and gardens, Electric Light and Fan. European married couple only entertained. Apply Box 461, care of "Bombay Gazette."

TO LET.—Best part of Bombay, large well furnished Bed-room with private Bath, Shower and W. C., Electric Light and Fan, to the European married couple. Good view of sea and gardens. Terms moderate. Address Box 462, care of "Bombay Gazette."

TO BE LET.—FLATS, at Colaba Reclamation for Europeans only, Bed-rooms with Bath, Shower and W. C. Electric Light and Fan, Facing the Sea. Rent moderate. Apply to Box No. 465 care of this Paper.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY, No. 16, APOLLO STREET.

WEEKLY SALE.

On MONDAY, the 9th instant, at 2-30 p.m., (S. T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms No. 16 Apollo Street, Fort, a quantity of grey and white and coloured piece goods and the following:—

Furniture such as drawing room suite of sofas and chairs lined tapestry, single and double panel and glass door almiras, writing, dressing and wash hand tables, teapoys, sofas, square piano carved partition screen made to order hatestands, bookcases, phonographs, iron safes cottage piano American organ.

At 4 p.m. (S.T.)

Under instructions from the Administrator General of Bombay the effects of the late Mr. S. J. Tellery such as carpet designs, design books, plates etc.

By order of the Band Master, 1st R. Warwickshire Regiment 24 iron band stands and 4 sets of acetyline lamp.

At 2-30 p. m. (S. T.).

Several Gents' bicycles by different makers.
1 Light rubber-tyred victoria.
1 Light rubber-tyred vis-a-vis.
1 Light rubber-tyred shigram.

AUCTION SALE of Valuable landed property at Hansali Tank Road, Dadar.

Under instructions from the first mortgagees, Messrs. Dhanjibhoy Pestonjee Mody and Carsetjee Mody and the 2nd Mortgagee Mr. Carsetjee Rustomjee Mody and on account and at the risk of Mr. Oosman Haji Abdul Gunney, the mortgagor and pursuant to the power of sale reserved to the said mortgagees, by an Indenture of mortgage, dated the 4th day of August, 1910 and of further charge dated 5th day of August 1911 and made between the said mortgagor and the said 2nd mortgagee, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction the following valuable landed property on the premises on SATURDAY, the 14th day of December, 1912, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.)

PARTICULARS.—All that piece or parcel of land or ground, together with the messuage, tenants or dwelling house, standing thereon, situate, lying and being on the North side of Hansali Tank Road, without the Fort of Bombay and in the Registration District and Sub-district of Bombay. Containing by admeasurement 510 square yards or thereabouts and bounded on or towards the North by the property of Ganpat Pillaji and others, on or towards the South by Hansali Tank Cross Lane, on or towards the East by the property of Narayen Janardhan and on or towards the West by the property of Kinanath Ganesh and which said premises are registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue, under Old No. 458, New No. 4313, Old Survey No. 272 and New Survey No. 1-1430, and Assessed by the Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under "G" ward No. 4186 (1 a a) and Street No. 849 AA and are in the occupation of the tenants of the mortgagor.

For farther particulars and printed conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Bicknell Merwanjee Rome and Co., attorneys for the 1st and 2nd mortgagors, at their office at Sirdar Mansions, in Hummum Street, Fort, or to the Undersigned.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 6th December, 1912.

COMMERCE

The leading Financial Paper in the East.

COMMERCE

The leading Insurance medium in the East.

COMMERCE

The leading Banking organ in the East.

COMMERCE

The leading Commercial Paper in the East.

COMMERCE

The leading Advertising medium in the East.

A free copy will be forwarded post free on application from any well-known firm.

LARGE CIRCULATION throughout INDIA, BURMA and CEYLON.

COMMERCE

HEAD OFFICE:—

25-26, Waterloo Street, CALCUTTA.

● SELF CURE NO FICTION! ● NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR. THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.

THERAPION No. 1

in a remarkably short time, often a few days only. Cures discharges (either sex) nervous debility, injections

THERAPION No. 2

Cures blood poison, bad legs, ulcers, sores, painful swelled joints, &c. when mercurial treatment fails.

THERAPION No. 3

Cures chronic weakness, lost vigor and vital forces. Either Number Therapion & full treatment, directions enclosed, of chemists or post free 3/- from The Le Clerc Medicine Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng. Try New Dragee (Tasteless) Form of Therapion, easy to take, safe, lasting cure. Trade Marked word "THERAPION" on British Government Stamp affixed to every genuine packet.

✕ THERAPION ✕ CURES TO STAY CURED.

SOLD BY TREACHER & Co., BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE

TOWN SUBSCRIBERS.

		Subscription. Rate.
Yearly	... ...	Rs. 30 0
Half-yearly	... ...	„ 15 0
Quarterly	... ...	„ 8 0
Monthly	... ...	„ 2 8
SINGLE COPY...	...	ONE ANNA.

MOFUSSIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Yearly	... ...	Rs. 26 0
Half-yearly	... ...	„ 13 0
Quarterly	... ...	„ 7 0
Monthly	... ...	„ 2 8
SINGLE COPY...	...	TWO ANNAS.

N.B.—Payment must always be made in ADVANCE. For rates of old issues of the "Bombay Gazette". See Special Short Advertisements Column.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

For Advertisements of two or three lines, relating to such matters as Small Sales; Business Cards Situations Wanted Servants, Houses, or Lodgings Required; Change of Residence and Articles Lost or Found, the scale is as follows:—

Not exceeding three lines	... ...	Re. 1-0
Each succeeding line	... ...	„ 0-8

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than One Rupee. Payment must in all cases be made in advance

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First Insertion	... ...	Rs. 6-0 Per Inch.
Second Insertion	... ...	„ 3-8 do.
Third Insertion	... ...	„ 3-0 do.
Fourth Insertion	... ...	„ 2-8 do.
Fifth and upwards	... ...	„ 2-0 do.
Minimum charge	... ...	„ 6-0 do.

In the Native Languages double the above rate.

For Advertisements, which are to be inserted for any length of time special contracts are made.

AMUSEMENT COLUMN.

For insertions in the amusement Column ... ... Rs. 1½ Per Inch.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 29 June, 2017

B. O. C.

—B. O. C. KEROSINES—

Waterlily 150°F.—Firefly 125°F.—Chukker 125°F.—Victoria 125°F.

LUBRICANTS. Fuel & Cylinder Oils. WAX, CANDLES.

B. O. C.

PETROL. MOTOR OILS A & B. Motor Grease.

BURMAH OIL Co., Ld.

Agents: SHAW WALLACE & CO.,

CALCUTTA—BOMBAY—MADRAS—KARACHI.

Messrs. BULLOCH BROTHERS & Co., Ld., CHITTAGONG.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON DEC. -.] [BOMBAY, DEC. 5.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus
2 1-2 per cent. Consols ...	76	1-16	
3 do. Rentes ...	90		1-4
3 1-2 do. Sterling Loan ...	91 2-4	1-4	
do. do. Gov. Securities...	63 7-8		unchgd
Bar Silver in London Spot ...	29 7-16		5-16
do. 2 months' rence...	29 1-4		1-8
Bar Silver in New York ...	63 5-8		1-2
Exchanges on London at Paris ...	25·22 1-2	1-2	
do. do. at Berlin...	20·46		01 1-2
do. do. New York...	4·84 1-2		unchgd
Discount Bank of England Rate...	5		since
do. short London Bills	17th Oct		
3 months' sight...	47 16		1-16
do. Indian Bank Bills			
3 months' sight...	4 1-8		1-16
do 3 months' Fine Trade Bills...	5		unchgd
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills...	5		unchgd
Interest day-to-day Loans ...	3 5-8		unchgd
do. 7 day Market Loans...	3 7-8		unchgd

Bar Gold. ... 77·9 unchgd.

Exchange on India 30 days' sight (Bank buying rate) 1 3 29-32 unchgd

Ruling Tone of silver—Fall caused by absence of buying orders.

Amount withdrawn from the Bank of England about £600,000.

COUNCIL BILLS.

At the periodical Biddings for Council Bills on India to-day, for Rs. 80,00,000,

Rs. 16,70,000 were allotted to Calcutta.
" 35,80,000 " to Bombay.
" 9,10,000 " to Madras.

" 61,60,000

Tenders on Calcutta, at 1s. 4 1-16d. (Min. Rate) received 3 per cent. above that rate in full.

Tenders on Bombay, at 1s. 4 1-16d. (Min. Rate) received 3 per cent. above that rate in full.

Average rates of allotment, Calcutta 16·07 Bombay 16·08 and Madras 16·09

Telegraphic Transfers:—

Rs. 10,50,000 were allotted to Calcutta
" 6,90,000 " to Bombay
" 1,00,000 " to Madras

" 18,40,000

Tenders on Calcutta, at 1s 4 3-32d. (Min. Rate) received 3 per cent. above that rate in full.

Tenders on Bombay, at 1s. 4 3-32d. (Min. Rate) received 3 per cent. above that rate in full.

Average rates of allotment, Calcutta and Bombay 16·10.

Total amount of Bills sold during the week ending Tuesday evening, including last Public Sales, Rs. 82,50,000.

Amount to be allotted next week, Rs. 1,00,00,000.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—
Spot ... Firm—Moderate business
Futures ...Favorish
Manchester ... Firm with a fair demand
Total Sales ... 9,00u bales.
Sold on Speculation and for Export ... 800 "
Imports ... 45,000 "
Mid-Americans ... 7·02+12
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown ... 10·05 unchgd

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar-Apl.	Apr.-May.
6·77	6·75	6·74	6·74	6·73
+06	+05	+05	+07	+06
May-June	**June-July.**	**July-Aug.**	**Aug.-Sept.**	
6·73	6·72	6·70	6·70	
+06	+06	+06	+15 ?	

New York 11 a.m., Jan. 12·54 May. 12·58.
New York official Noon call Jan. 12·52, May. 12·55.
New Orleans 10 a.m. Jan. 12·69, May. 12·62.

NEW YORK—

Two Day's Receipts at U. S. Ports ...	Bales. 77,000
" Receipts at " last year ...	63,000
" Exports to Great Britain ...	14,000
" Exports to Continent ...	22,000
" Spot Cotton ...	12·5—10
Futures—Month of Dec. 12·42—07	Advanced on favorable cables and declined later owing to unfavorable financial conditions and wall Street Selling
Futures—Month of Mar. 12·44—09	

NEW ORLEANS—

Spot cotton ...	12 5-8 unchgd
Futures month of Jan. ...	12 54—08
Futures month of May. ...	12·67—10
Tone of Spot Cotton ...	Quiet.

New York, Dec. 3.

The forecast of the crop is 13,900,000 bales.

WHEAT.

Wheat White Delhi	Nominal
Do. Months—	.....
Do. Name of Ports—	.....
Wheat White Karachi	38 unchgd
Do. Months	Nov.-Dec.
Do. Name of Ports—London—Value.	
Wheat Red Karachi	37 3-4 unchgd
Do. Months—Nov.-Dec—London—Sellers.	
Australian Wheat.—	38 3-8 Jan.-Feb

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—
Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs 85 p.c. ex-ship. ... Nominal
Do. Months— ... .
Do. Name of Ports— ... .
Yellow Gujarat, per 416 lbs. 85 p. c. ex-ship ... Nominal
Do. Months— ... .
Do. Name of Ports.— ... .
Brown Cawnpore ... 43 3-4+1-4
Do. Months— ... Dec.-Jan.
Do. Name of Ports— ... Antwerp—Sellers

LINSEED—
Bombay, per 416 lbs ex-ship ... 50—1-4
Do. Months— ... Mar.-May
Do. Name of Ports.—Hamburg—Done.
Linseed Calcutta 46 6
Do. Months— ... ... April-June.
Do. Name of Ports—London—Firmer.
Linseed Argentine—La Plata ... 43 3-4+3-8
Do. Months— ... Dec-Jan.
Do. Name of Ports—Hamburg—Sellers.

COTTONSEED.—
Bombay Cottonseed Market ... 6 6-15-0 unchgd
Dec.-Jan.—Hull—Sellers.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—
In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality) ... ... 14 1-4 unchgd

RUBBER—
Para Rubber... ... ... 4 6 1-4+1-4
Dec.-Jan.—Done—Quiet but Steady.

METALS—
Copper Braziers ... £ 88 1-4—1-4
Yellow Metal ... d 7 3-8 unchgd
Standard Copper G M B ... £ 75 3-4—5-16

FREIGHTS—
Coals—Cardiff, to Bombay Canals...14 6—Value

ARRIVALS:—
"Leverpool."

BEEF & MUTTON TALLOW—
Finest Australian Beef Tallow ... 38-3
" " Mutton Tallow ... 41-9
General Tone of Tallow Auction—Firm.

SUGAR—
German Granulated Sugar C & F India (Double bags) ... 12 9 3-4+3-4d
Do. Months of Shipment...Jan.-Mar.—Sellers.
Tone—Steady but little doing.
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India ... ... 12 9 unchgd
Do Months of Shipments ...Jan.-Mar.—Sellers.
Tone—Little or no business doing.
German Beet-root 50 p.c. ...9 6 1-4+1-4d.
Months of Shipments ... Dec.—Sellers
10 0 1-2+3-4d—May—Sellers.
Tone—Very little doing.
B A B & Similar Crystals C & F India ... ... 14 2 1-4 unchgd
Months of Shipments ...May-Aug.—Sellers.
Tone.—Steady without activity.
Mauritius Crystals C & F Calcutta and Bombay ... 12 9 unchgd
Month of Shipments ... Dec.—Value
Tone—Firmer.
Java Sugar.—Unchanged.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

THURSDAY EVENING.] [5TH DEC., 1912

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importers.
	Rs.		
5 Boxes Bulns.	2,88,000	London	Chartered Bank
20 Boxes Sovs...	15,00,000	Port Said	do
2 Boxes Bulns.	96,000	London	Mercantile Bank

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 3rd Dec, 1912.

By	Bars	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway.....	32	45,823
B. B. and C. I. Railway...	21	24,840

FINANCIAL.

EXCHANGE:—

The market continues firm, but there is little business doing, the enquiry for Bank remittance being small, and 3 Months' Sight bill still being very scarce. Rates are unchanged. Far Eastern rates are easier.

Council Bills went will yesterday, tenderers at 1s. 4 1-16d. Demand and 1s. 4)3-32d. T. T. receiving only 3 per cent. of their requirements.

We quote:—

T.T. on London	...1s. 4 1-16d
Demand Draft	...1s. 4 3-32d
Credits 3 months' sight	...1s. 4 11-32d.
Do. do forward	...1s. 4 11-32d. to Feb.
Do. do France	...171 3-4
Do. do Marks	...140
Hongkong 60 days' sight	...152
Shanghai " "	...211 1-2
Japan "	...149 3-4
" "	...149 1-2 Jan-Feb

GOVERNMENT PAPER:—

The market opened steady at 95 7-16 for cash and the settlement and has remained unchanged during the day with a small business doing.

We quote:—

Cash ...	Rs.	95	7 0
Settlement ...	"	95	7 0

BULLION:—

Yesterday there was a drop of 5-16 in the price for ready bar silver in London, the rate being 29 7-16. For forward delivery there was a decline of 1-8, to 29 1-4. New York was 1-2 down at 63 5-8. The local market has fluctuated during the day. Only a very moderate business has been done, and we quote as under for all positions. Bar Gold is steady.

We quote:—

English Bar Gold ...	...	Rs.	23 15 0
Australian " ...	...	"	23 15 0
Sovereigns " ...	...	"	15 0 0
Silver (ex duty)			
Ready ...	...	"	73 11 0
1st Settlement ...	...	"	73 14 0
2nd Settlement ...	...	"	74 2 0
Silver (cum duty)			
Ready ...	...	"	83 1 0
1st Settlement ...	...	"	83 4 0
2nd Settlement ...	...	"	83 8 0

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT:—

The home markets continue to fluctuate, a small decline being advised in the American markets in the telegrams to hand this morning. The local market had an easier tone on opening good Broach being quoted Rs. 315, and during the early part of the day the rate declined to Rs. 313 1-2. Business has been done in fine Broach at Rs. 328. At Colaba there was little change in rates and the enquiry for contracts by shippers was small. A moderate business was done in the bazaar by speculators. At the close the market is quiet but steady at our quotations.

For ready cotton the enquiry has been only moderate. Prices are fairly steady.

QUOTATIONS:—

NEW CROP.

Fine M. G. Broach	Rs.	328	March
Good M. G. Broach	Rs.	313 1-2	"
Fine M.G. Wardha-Hinguughat	"	327	Jan.
Fine M. G. Nagpur	"	324	"
Fine M.G. Dhamangaon Pulgaon	"	318	"
F. M. G. Khamgaon-Akola...	"	314	"
Fine M. G. Khandeish	"	311-2	"
F. G. M. G. Khandeish ...	"	290	"
Fine M. G. Bengal	"	281	"
Fine M. G. Bengal	"	284	Dec.
F. G. H. G. Bengals ...	"	263	Jan.

LIVERPOOL OPENER.—

Opening Tone ...	...	Easy.
Estimated Sales ...	...	8,000 bales.
Total Imports ...	...	59,000 "

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.
6·70	6·69	6·67
—07	—06	—07

Mar.-Apr.	Apr.-May.	May-June.
6·67	6·68	6·66
—07	—07	—07
June-July.	**July-August.**	**Aug.-Sep.**
6·66	6·63	6·54
—06	—07	—06

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED:—
The market is steady.
We quote:—

Ready ...	Rs.	8 4 0	B.T.
December ...	"	8 12 6	B.T.
Apl-May 1913 ...	"	9 3 0	B.T.

RAPESEED:—Quiet.
We quote:—

Brown Delhi Apl-May 1913...	Rs.	8 3 0	B.T.
Brown Cawnpore ready ...	"	7 12 0	B.T
Yellow " " ...	"	8 11 0	"

GINGELLYSEED:—
Tone—Steady.

Bold White 85 p.c. ...	Rs.	55 0	0
Mimbara	"	57 0	0
Black Kutni	"	48 0	0
Red Khandwa	"	53 8	0
Yellow Hingunghat ...	"	58 0	0

POPPYSEED:—
Tone—Quiet but steady. We quote:—

Ready ...	"	Rs. 13 0	0 B. T.

CASTORSEED:—
Tone—Quiet. We quote:—

Ready	Rs.	35 8	0

COTTONSEED:—
Tone—Steady. We quote:—

Ready	Rs.	25 8	0

GROUNDNUTS:—
Tone—Steadier.
We quote:—

Jan.-Feb. Bold ...	Rs.	46 0	0
Jan.-Feb. Small ...	"	44 8	0

MOWRASEED:—
Tone—Steady. We quote:—

Ready	Rs.	8 6	0 B. T.

WHEAT:—
The market is quiet but steady.
We quote:—

White Pissi ready 85 p.c.	Rs.	5 5	6 R. T.
White Delhi May 1913...	"	5 7	0 "

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay	1,732 1-2
Bank of India	64 3-4
Eastern Bank	95
Indian Specie	72

MILLS.

David	520
Kohinoor	810
Manockji Petit	3,150
New City of Bombay	1,030
New Great Eastern	270
Standard	1,405

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ordinary ...	173
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Preference...	179
Colaba Land and Mill	1,430

RAILWAY.

Tapti Valley	565

DAY'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of produce into Bombay, during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m., yesterday.

Cotton	...	8,436	bales.
Wheat	...	10,292	cwts.
Linseed	...	536	"
Rapeseed	...	310	"
Gingellyseed	...	12,245	"
Poppyseed	...	45	"
Groundnuts... ...	...	5,666	"
Castorseed	...	1,487	"
Rice	...	25,388	"
Myrabollams.	...	3,168	"
Cottonseed	...	3,407	"
Mowraseed	...	442	"
Grass	...	4,731	"
Jowarar	...	6,096	"
Maize	...	422	"
Barley	...	727	"

GRIFFITHS' COMMERCIAL TELEGRAMS.

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.

Day's Receipts at U. S. Ports ...	77,000	Bales
Exports to Great Britain ...	14,000	do.
Exports to Continent	22,000	do.
Spot Cotton at New York ...	12·75—10	
Future Cotton at New York—Jan..	12·42—7	
Future Cotton at New York—May..	12·44—9	

Tone Market at closing Spot—Quiet—Future—Steady

General Tone Market opened—

Steady and advanced early on unfavorable cables, later declined owing to wall street selling and unfavorable financial condition.

Crop Forecast 13,900,000.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 4.

Spot Cotton at New Orleans ...	12 5-8
Future Cotton at New Orleans—Jan.	12·54—3
Future Cotton at New Orleans—May.	12·67—10

Opening Tone of Market—Closed—Steady.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 4.

COTTON.

Cotton.—The Liverpool market opened

for spot ...	...Steady and closed Steady
Do. The Liverpool market closed for futures	Quiet.
Do. The Liverpool market closed for East Indian	Quiet.
Total Day's Sales	8,000 bales.
Sales on spec and export	800 do
Total Day's Imports	45,000 do
Cocconada. Fine Red—Ldn. C. I. F. ...	5 5-16
Cocconada Ginned—Ldn. C. I. F. ...	5 7-16
Egyptian F. G. Fair Brown... ...	10
Good Bhownuggar	5 15-16d.
Good Bengal	5 9-16d.
F. G. Bengal	5 11-16d.
Fine Bengal	5 13-16d.
Good Madras Westerns Ldn ...	6d.
F. G. F. Tinnevelly L'pool C. I. F. ...	6 3-8d.
Geo. Mayalls Yarns	11 1-8
40's Mule Twist (Bannermills) ...	11 1-4
Weft 54 American...	11 1-2
Weft 80 Egyptian	17 1-2
Weft 32's	13 5-8
Twist 36	10 5-8
Twist 42	11 7-8
Twist American 60	11 7-8
Twist Egyptian 60	16 7-8
Twist Egyptian 80	20 1-8
Tone of Fine Yarns	Firm
Tone of Coarse Yarns	Do
Mid American at Liverpool... ...	7·02+12

Cotton Dely Mid Uplands G. O. C. Liverpool—

Dec.-Jan. ...	...	6·77+6
Jan.-Feb. ...	...	6·75+5
Feb.-Mar. ...	...	6·74+5
Mar.-Apl. ...	...	6·74+7
Apl.-May ...	...	6·73+6
May-June ...	...	6·73+6
June-July ...	...	6·72+6
July-Aug. ...	...	6·70+6
Aug.-Sept. ...	...	6·60+5

MANCHESTER, Dec. 4.

Manchester Piece Goods Market—

Producers generally are getting into a strong position by reason of engagements. Fair enquiry for Jaconet Dhootie Grey Shirtings medium are quiet but show signs of more business.

LONDON, Dec. 4.

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

Linseed, 4 p. c. Refraction, Landed Terms (per 410 lbs) ...Dec.-Jan.—London, 48 9—Sellers
Do. Bombay exship (per 416lbs) ...Dec.—Jan.—Dunkirk—50 3 "
Do. La Plata ...Dec.-Jan.—Antwerp 43 9 "
Do. Tone of Market at close ...Steady
Do. Tendency of the Market...Sellers holding for higher prices
Linseed Oil Spot Pipes. Dec.—£25-7-6 "
do ...Feb.-Mar.—£25-0-0 "
Do. Tone of Market at close ... Quiet
Poppyseed. Canal...Dec.-Jan.—Hamburg 69 9 "
Do. Tone of Market at close ...Quiet
Rapeseed Yellow Cawnpore, per 416 lbs 85 p.c. exship ...Dec.-Jan.—Antwerp 52-6 "
Do. Yellow Gusserat, per 416 lbs, 85 p. c. exship...Dec.-Jan.—Antwerp 5 4-3 "
Do. Ferosepore usual bold ... Dec.-Jan.—Antwerp 50-3 "
Do. Tone of Market at close ... Quiet
Cotton seed. Bombay parcels ... Dec.-Jan.—Hull—£9 15-0 "
Do. Tone of Market at close ... Quiet
Gingelly seed. Bombay 15 p.c....Dec.-Jan.—London 61 "
Wheat. Choice white Karachi... Dec.-Jan.—London—37-6 "
Do. F. A. Q. Red Karachi (per 492 lbs.)—Dec.-Jan.—London 37 3 "
Do. Club No. 2 ...Dec.-Jan.—London 37-6 "
Do. Choice white Delhi...Dec.-Jan.—London—Nominal
Do. Tone of Market at close ...Steady
Do. South Australian ... ...No sellers
Do. Rozario Santa Fe 62 lbs ... do
Do. Red Graded American per central Dec.— ... 7 3

LONDON, 3rd Dec. 1912.

SUGAR.

German Beet-root 88 per cent F. O. B. Hamburg ...Dec.—9 6 —Sellers
German Beetroot 88 per cent F. O. B. Hamburg ...Jan.—9 7 1-2—Sellers
German Beetroot closing tone of Market ... ... Steady
German Granulated C. and F. India (double Bags) Dec.-Jan.—12 7 1-2—Sellers
German Closing Tone Market ... ... Firm.
Austrian Crystals B. R. B. O. and F. India ... Dec.-Jan.—13 7 1-2—Sellers
Austrian Closing Tone of Market ... Steady.
Mauritius Crystals... ... Dec—12 7 1-2—Sellers
" Closing Tone of Market Steady
E. A. B. and Similar Crystals C. and F. India (double Bags) Dec.-Jan.—14 —Sellers
" Closing Tone of Market Steady

LONDON, Dec. 4.

JAVA SUGAR.

Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) C. I. F. Calcutta ... Dec.—12 1— Value
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) C. I. F. Calcutta 1913. ... June. Dec.—10 7 1-2—Value
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) Bombay or Karachi ... Dec.—12 2 1-2—Value
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) Bombay or Karachi 1913... June-Dec.—10 9 —Value.
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Calcutta ... Dec.—13 4 1-2 —Value.
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Calcutta 1913...June-Dec.—11 10 1-2 —Value
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar Bom. or Karachi Dec.—13 6 —Value
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar Bom. or Karachi June-Dec.—12 —Value
Closing Tone of Market ... Quiet
Special Feature ... ... Unchanged

LONDON, Dec. 4.

METALS.

		£	s.	d.
Copper, Standard G M B ...	...	76	17	6
" Best English Selected	...	82	15	0
" Braziers... ...	...	88	10	0
" Tone of Market		Quiet.		
Hard Spelter	...	24	10	0
Tin Block F O B Liverpool	...	229	0	0
Yellow Metal	...	7	3-8	
Galvd. Corrugated Sheets, 24 C, G, O, B L p.c. F O B L'pool ...	...	12	10	0
Basic Steel Bars, C I F, Calcutta	...	7	7	6
" " Rods "	...	7	17	6
" " Hoops "	...	8	11	3
German Steel Sheets, F O B, Antwerp		7	2	6
" " Plates "	...	6	15	0
Belgium Iron Bar No. 2 "	...	6	5	0
Pig Iron, No. 3 Cleveland...	...	3	8	1 1-2
" " No. 3 Clarence F O B Middlesboro ...	...	3	9	6
" " Gartsherrie ...	...	4	2	6
Lead Pig English... ...	...	18	12	6
Tone of Steel Market—Steady		yesterdays		
Silver, Spot	29 7-16	29 3-4		
" 2 months nence ...	29 1-4	29 3-8		
" Tone of Market— ...	Quiet			
" Special Feature—No buyers		India buying.		

LONDON, Dec. 4.

JAVA SUGAR.

Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) C. I. F. Calcutta ... Dec.—12 1— Value
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) C. I. F. Calcutta 1913. ... June. Dec.—10 7 1-2—Value
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) Bombay or Karachi ... Dec.—12 2 1-2—Value
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) Bombay or Karachi 1913... June-Dec.—10 9 —Value.
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Calcutta ... Dec.—13 4 1-2 —Value.
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Calcutta 1913...June-Dec.—11 10 1-2 —Value
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar Bom. or Karachi Dec.—13 6 —Value
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar Bom. or Karachi June-Dec.—12 —Value
Closing Tone of Market ... Quiet
Special Feature ... ... Unchanged

LONDON, Dec. 4.

METALS.

		£	s.	d.
Copper, Standard G M B ...	...	76	17	6
" Best English Selected	...	82	15	0
" Braziers... ...	...	88	10	0
" Tone of Market		Quiet.		
Hard Spelter	...	24	10	0
Tin Block F O B Liverpool	...	229	0	0
Yellow Metal	...	7	3-8	
Galvd. Corrugated Sheets, 24 C, G, O, B L p.c. F O B L'pool ...	...	12	10	0
Basic Steel Bars, C I F, Calcutta	...	7	7	6
" " Rods "	...	7	17	6
" " Hoops "	...	8	11	3
German Steel Sheets, F O B, Antwerp		7	2	6
" " Plates "	...	6	15	0
Belgium Iron Bar No. 2 "	...	6	5	0
Pig Iron, No. 3 Cleveland...	...	3	8	1 1-2
" " No. 3 Clarence F O B Middlesboro ...	...	3	9	6
" " Gartsherrie ...	...	4	2	6
Lead Pig English... ...	...	18	12	6
Tone of Steel Market—Steady		yesterdays		
Silver, Spot	29 7-16	29 3-4		
" 2 months nence ...	29 1-4	29 3-8		
" Tone of Market— ...	Quiet			
" Special Feature—No buyers		India buying.		

LONDON, Dec. 4.

FINANCIAL.

Silver Spot	29 11-16	
Silver 2 months	29 1-4	
" Closing Tone of Market—Quiet,		
" Tendency, etc, of the Market—	No buyers	
Rentes 3 per cent ...	£ 90 1-4	
Consols 2 1-2 per cent ...	£ 75 3 8	
Indian Stock 3 1-2 per cent ...	£ 91 5-8	
Sterling Loan	...	"
Govt Securities, 3 per cent ...	£ 79 1-2	
Rupee Paper 3 1-2 per cent ...	£ 63 7-8	
Bar Gold per oz	77·9	
Opening Tone of Finance Market—Steady		
Closing " "	—	"
Bank of England Rate of Discount 5 per cent		
Exchange on India 30 Days Sight.	1 3 29-32	
London at Paris Fcs	25·22 1-2	
Berlin cheques on London Mks—	20·46	
New York (Demand Bills) dols...	4 84 5-8	
Interest day to day loans ...	3 1-2	
" 7 days Market loans ...	3 7-8	
Discount Bank Bills 3 months sight.	4 7-16	
" " " 6 " "	4 1-8	
Fine Trade Bills 3 months ...	5	
" " 6 " ...	5	

London, Wednesday, Dec. 4.

At the Periodical Biddings for Council Bills on India to-day for...Rs. 80,00,000

Rupees 16,70,000 were allotted to Calcutta.
" 35,80,000 do to Bombay.
" 9,10,000 do to Madras.

Rs. 61,60,000.

Tenders on Calcutta at 1s. 4 1-16d (Min. Rate) received 3 per cent above that rate in full.

Tenders on Bombay at 1s. 4 1-16d. (Min. Rate) received 3 per cent above that rate in full.

Average rates of allotment Calcutta and Bombay 16·08.

TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS:—

Rupees 10,50,000 were allotted to Calcutta.
" 6,90,000 do to Bombay.
" 1,00,000 do to Madras.

Rs. 18,40,000.

Tenders on Calcutta at 1s. 4 3-32d. (Min. Rate) received 3 per cent above that rate in full.

Tenders on Bombay at 1s. 4 3-32d. (Min. Rate) received 3 per cent above that rate in full.

Average rates of allotment Calcutta and Bombay 16·10.

Total Amount of Bills sold during the week ending Tuesday evening including last Public Sale... ...Rs. 82,50 000
Amount to be allotted next week ...Rs.100,00,000

LONDON, Dec. 4.

WOOLLEN GOODS.

General Tone of Market—Strong.
Merinos—Dull—Little business done at higher rates.

RUBBER.

Fine Hard Para Rubber—Dec.-Jan.—4 6 1-2—Sellers
General Tone of Market—Firm.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 5.

OPENING COTTON.

The Liverpool market opened for spot—Steady.
Total Day's Sales ... ... 8,000 bales

MID AMERICAN AT LIVERPOOL.

Cotton Dely Mid Uplands G O C Liverpool.

Dec.-Jan. ...	...	6·71
Jan.-Feb. ...	...	6·69
Feb.-Mar. ...	...	6·68
Mar.-Apr. ...	...	6·68 — 6
Apr.-May ...	...	6·67
May-June ...	...	6·67
June-July ...	...	6·66
July-Aug. ...	...	6·64
Aug.-Sept....	...	6·54

Prices taken at 10 a. m.

SIND LIGHT RAILWAYS, LD.

The approximate earnings for the week ending 16th November, 1912, were Rs. 3,500, making the total earning for the period 1st January, 1912, to 16th November 1912, Rs. 1,44,017.

ONE dose of SQUIBB'S AGUE SPECIFIC, is generally sufficient to bring down fever. It needs but perseverence to effect a permanent cure in the most obstinate cases. SQUIBB'S AGUE SPECIFIC is a Tonic for the heart and will not effect the system, if taken any length of time. Beware of imitations! Of all Chemists.—MADON, SONS & Co., Crawford Market, Bombay.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

REGULAR daily through Service between Bombay and the Principal Cities in the United Provinces, Oudh, the Punjab and North-West Frontier Provinces.

BOGIE STOCK, ELECTRIC LIGHTS AND FANS.
RESTAURANT CAR.
EASE, COMFORT AND LUXURY ENSURED.

BETWEEN

DOWN H. M.	BOMBAY AND PESHAWAR.	UP H. M.
19-15...Dep.	Bombay ...Arr.	12-35
0-23...Arr.	Manmad... "	7-12
10-31... "	Bhopal ... "	21- 5
12-58... "	Bina ... "	18-35
15-26... "	Jhansi... "	15-32
17-23... "	Gwalior ... "	13-42
19-34... "	Agra Cantonment... "	11-20
20-36... "	Muttra ... "	10-19
23- 0... "	Delhi ... Dep.	8- 0
23-25...Dep.	Delhi ... Arr.	7-28
2-52...Arr.	Ambalia Cantonment... "	2-51
5-29... "	Ludhiana ... "	1-10
5-53... "	Phillaur ... "	0-53
6-32... "	Jullundur ... "	0- 9
8- 7... "	Amritsar ... "	22-34
9-13... "	Lahore... "	18-13
14-23... "	Lala Musa ... "	15-35
18-36... "	Rawalpindi... "	11-29
23-18... "	Peshawar Cantonment...Dep.	6-54

BETWEEN

DOWN H. M.	BOMBAY AND SIMLA.	UP H. M.
19-15.....Dep.	Bombay ...Arr.	12-35
23- 0.....Arr.	Delhi Dep.	8- 0
23-25.....Dep.	Delhi Arr.	7-28
2-52.....Arr.	Amballa Dep.	3-55
3-35.....Dep.	Amballa Arr.	2-51
5-28.....Arr.	Kalka Dep.	1- 0
6-15.....Dep.	Kalka Arr.	0-15
12-48.....Arr.	Simla ...Dep.	18- 0

BETWEEN

DOWN H. M.	BOMBAY AND LUCKNOW.	UP H. M.
19-15.....Dep.	Bombay ...Arr.	12-35
16-15..... "	Jhansi... "	15- 5
18- 7.....Arr.	Orai... "	13- 3
20-14..... "	Cawnpore ... "	10-55
21-45..... "	Lucknow...Dep.	9-45

For up journey read from bottom to top on right hand side.

A. C. RUMBOLL,
GENERAL TRAFFIC MANAGER.

CALCUTTA OPIUM SALES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, DEC. 4.

The last opium sale of the year was held yesterday when 1,100 chests were offered and realised Rs. 17,39,350, an average of Rs. 1,581 per chest.

Prices were again down, as last month's average was Rs. 1,650 and the proceeds for the same number of chests were Rs. 18,15,000, or Rs. 75,650 more than yesterday.

Only uncertified opium was offered, and the prices yesterday showed a decline of Rs. 269 per chest on the prices realised at the October sale. It is stated that the reason for the continued decline is that merchants hold heavy stocks of uncertified opium.

CALCUTTA, DEC. 4.

The programme of the opium sales for next year is published in to-day's "Calcutta Gazette." It shows that at twelve sales in 1913 the total of 14,920 chests will be offered, being 3,480 chests manufactured at the Patna factory and 11,440 manufactured at Ghazipur.

Of the total quantity only 1,720 chests will be certified for export to China. This must be shipped before December 15th, 1913.

The reserve price per chest of certified opium sold will be Rs. 2,000, and of uncertified Rs. 1,200.

C

FOR
Strength and Blood use the pure Greek Grape Wines & Brandies.

Which have gained the *Highest Prizes* (GRAND PRIX) in recent exhibitions of Paris 1900, Liege 1905. Bordeaux 1907, Bruxelles 1910, for their *excellent qualities.*

	Per Bottle. Rs. a.
DESERT AND MEDICAL WINES.	
Mavrodaphne, Manufacturers' Speciality, very old	2 14
Empress Sweet, vintage 1884	5 8
Saravalle, Red Wine, very old, similar to Port Wine but far better quality	2 11
Malvasia, White	2 15
Malvasia Gutland, Red, Sweet Wines very very old	3 0
White do do	3 12
Port Wine, White old dry...	2 0
Port Wine, Red	2 0
Moscato, very old, light flavoured	2 4
TABLE WINES	
Morea, Vin de table, Red...	1 10
Demestica, Vin de table. Red	1 13
Kalavryta, Vin de table, Red	2 0
Acheos, Vin de table, White, (very old)...	2 15
Morea, Vin de table, White	1 11
Demestica, Vin de table, White	2 0
SPECIAL SHERRY WINES.	
Acheos, Imperial dry, vintage 1884	5 8
Marsala de l'Achaia	1 12
Malaga de l'Achaia	1 12
Vermouth de l'Achaia	1 9
SUPERIOR BRANDIES.	
Vintage of 1900 (one crown)	4 8
" 1895 (two crown)	5 8
" 1890 (Princes)...	7 0
" 1887 (Royal)	7 8

SOLE IMPORTERS
TH. VAFIADIS & Co.
20 ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Ujina, 3,426 tons, Captain W. H. Hill sailed on Thursday for Calcutta via Coast ports, with a general cargo.

The Anchor Line steamer Massilia, 3,350 tons, Captain J. Thomson, will sail to-day for Marseilles and Liverpool, with a general cargo and passengers.

The steamer Attila, 2,063 tons, Captain G. Roszimzky, will sail to-day for Melbourne via Colombo, with the same bottom cargo.

The German East Africa Line steamer Kanzler 1865 tons Captain T. Schapp, sailed on Thursday for Durban &c., with a general cargo and 20 cabin and 400 deck passengers.

The City Line steamer City of Karachi 3566 tons Captain Dallarison arrived in harbour on Thursday from Liverpool 8th November with a general cargo and passengers.

The Rubatino Line steamer Sardegna 3225 tons, Captain M. Alberts arrived in harbour on Thursday from Genos, 17th November, with a general cargo and passengers.

The B. I. S. N. Co's, steamer Bankura 1904 tons, Captain T. B. H. Whytehead arrived in harbour on Thursday from Basrah 21st November via Karachi with a general cargo and 22 cabin and 551 deck passengers.

The Anchor Line steamer Olympia, 3269 tons, Captain J. Kinnaird arrived in Bombay harbour on Wednesday evening from Liverpool 9th November with a general cargo, and passengers and 8 horses and 18 dogs.

The steamer Koranns, 2267 tons, Captain A. V. Hemming will sail to-day for Calcutta &c. with a general and the same bottom cargo.

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR —Dec. 5.

Arcadia	3513	Bracham...Aden...7-12	P & O Co
Barotee	2619	Smiths	R A Willis
Breconnian	2577	Jones	W & A G & Co
Bahadur	2936	Post	T M & Co
Bankura	6904	Whytehead	M M & Co
Cognat	2865	Satherland	K N & Co
Counlan	2577	Jones	W & A G & Co
City of Karachi	3566	Morrison	K N & Co
Canadian Transport		Ballantine	
Dalhousie	2523	Sinclair	R I Marine
Harpenden	2302	Cromack	W & A G & Co
India	4198	Gordon ...Shanghai...18-12	P & O Co
Inda	3402	Tucker	M M & Co
Kilkerran	2413	Wilson	K N & Co
Kasara	505	King	M M & Co
Kawachi Maru	3821	Christiansen	N Y Kaisha
Linga	957	Ma ley ...Karachi	M M & Co
Marmaris		Coomdr Muhlis	Turkish G Boat
Monaffer	250	Nacoda	Persian Govt.
Naderi	1168	Hughes	N F ... N F ... B & P S N Co
Nordfarer	2397	Olsen	T M & Co
Norfolk	2806	Buckly	G Cotton & Co
Northbrook	5038	Harold	R I Marine
Olympia	3269	Kinnaird	W & A G & Co
Oceana	3157	Stephens	P & O Co
Quilon	4942	Cole	M M & Co
Riverplate	2351	Smithant	T M & Co
Sondan	6696	Enrick	Transport
Steinberger	2455	Youge...Antwerp	I Morrison & Co
Shirley	21 2	Stone	W & A G & Co
Shwedagan	1999	Creagh	
Uganda	2783	dow	S Wallace & Co
Umballa	3426	Bracq	M M & Co
Ujina	3426	Hill	M M & Co
Virawa	3360	Maclean	M M & Co
Zillah	2412	Nanssoven	T M & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Dec. 5.
PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
A Clan Murray	3121	Wodal	C Coast	6-12	J F & Co
B Dido	3127	Ranton	Hull	7-12	J F & Co
C&R Avristan	2447	Codd	Antwerp	12-12	M M & Co
D&2 Valdura	3495	Corrance	Philadelphia		S Smidt & Co
F Morovia	2268	Heller	Karachi		A L S N Co
G Naderi	1128	Hughes	Jeddah		B & P S N Co
K Kawachi Maru	3821	Christeansen	Kobe		N Y Kaisha
L Chulmleigh	2567	Brooks	Antwerp	7-12	J M & Co
N River Forth	2883	Stevens	Mostyn Deep		R A Willis
O Otto Sverdrup	2291	Michelson	Antwerp	10-12	T Morrison & Co
P Karmark	3196	Reimer	Karachi	12-12	W & A G and Co
Q Inchmoor	1214	Helmrich	10-12		S Smidt & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Arabistan	3207	Davies	Antwerp	6-12	M M & Co
2 Massilia	3112	Tamson	Liverpool	6-12	W and A G Co
3 Glenlyon	2654	Slowne	Calcutta	7-12	T M & Co
4 KingBleddyn	2552	Ritch	Antwerp	25-11	J M & Co
5 Glenelg	2669	Morrison	Calcutta	6-12	J Finlay & Co
6 Sardigno	3225	Muzis	Genoa	10-12	R Liner
7 Highland Monarch	2545	Dalziel	Dunkirk	4-12	T M & Co
8 Semiramis	2552	Pavissich			A L S N Co
9 Lindenfels	3525	Muller	Hamburg	7-12	W & A G & Co
10&11 Sofala	3436	Math	N F	N F	M M & Co
12&13 Egypt	4207	Sumers	London	14-12	P & O Co
15 At ila	2063	Raszins G Ky	5-12		A L S N D
16 Wardha	2552	Connock	Genoa	7-12	M M & Co

ARRIVALS.

Nov.	Vessels.	Commanders.	From
4	Olympia	Kinnaird	Liverpool, Nov 9
5	City of Karachi	Morrison	Liverpool, Nov 8
	Sardegna	Alberto	Genoa, Nov 17
	Bankura	Whytehead	Basreh, Nov 21

DEPARTURES.

Nov.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
5	Dumra	Morrison	Basreh, &c
	Anthor	Nicholson	Antwerp
	City of Athens	Knaut	Karachi
	Kanzler	Schapp	Durban, &c
	Ujina	Hill	Calcutta, &c

The following vessels obtained their portclearances yesterday :—

Steamer Korrana, Hemming for Calcutta.
" Attila, Roszinzky for Melbourne.
" Massilia, Thomson for Liverpool.

The following vessels began to load yesterday :—

Steamer Olympia for Liverpool. &c.
" Bankura for Persian Gulf.
" Hantwen for Rotterdam.
" Vorwaerts for China, &c.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The B I S N Co's steamer "Golconda," arrived at Plymouth on the afternoon on the 2nd instant.

The Ellerman Line steamer "City of Birmingham", arrived at Liverpool homeward bound on the morning of the 3rd instant.

The Austrian Lloyd steamer "Vorwaerts", from Trieste, left Karachi on the 4th instant night and is due here on the 6th instant at 8 p.m.

CAUTION TO LAUNCHES.

The following circular has been issued by the Port Officer:—The attention of the owners of steam and motor launches is drawn to the Port Rule which lays down that "no vessels other than yachts and small passenger boats, shall pass within the area reserved for yachts off Apollo-Bander"; and they are requested to see that this rule is obeyed by the tindal and other persons in charge of their vessels, as it is exceedingly dangerous to such steam or other vessels to navigate amongst the yachts at anchor, as is continually being done at present, in spite of numerous warnings.

S. S. "CLEVELAND".

A Government Telegraph notice states that the Calcutta Radio Office will accept telegrams for the S.S. "Cleveland" up to noon to-day.

DAILY EXPORTS.—DEC. 5.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Massilia s—18 bales wool, W and A Graham and Co;

FOR GLASGOW.

Massilia s—20 cwts cashewnuts, Elyi Oomersey;

FOR LONDON.

Egypt s—62 cwts fishmaws, E Mahomed: 50 cwts cashewnuts and 124 cwts apricot seed, R Jeewandas and Co; 2,397 cwts oil cakes. The Jamshed Oil Mills.

Arcadia s—33 1-4 cwts worry, J Tatia.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Massilia s—4,000 cwts castorseed, Ralli Bros; 31 cwts linseed, Volkart Bros; 31 cwts gingellyseed J Fachiri;

FOR ROTTERDAM.

Nordfarer s—2,000 cwts gingelyseed, K Davchand and Co;

FOR NEW YORK.

Barotse s—4,000 cwts castorseed, L Dreyfus and Co; 262 cwts guns, S Cooverjee and Co;

FOR HULL.

King Bleddyn s—201 cwts myrabollams and 2,000 cottonseed, L Pragji; 2,620 cwts cottonseed, 1,380 cwts castorseed, Ralli Bros; 962 cwts myrabollams, S Cooverji and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Nordfarer s—1,000 cwts rapeseed, 4,000 cwts gingellyseed, K. Devchand and Co; 500 cwts mustardseed, Volkart Bros; 3,000 cwts gingellyseed, L Dreyfus and Co; 3,000 cwts castorseed, 999 cwts groundnuts, 400 cwts rapeseed, Ralli Bros.

King Bleddyn s—1,998 cwts gingellyseed, G. Bhimjee.

Chulmleigh s—55 bales savri cotton, J. A. Beghie and Co; 2,000 cwts gingellyseed, J Fachiri; 5,366 cwts myrabollams, Mathuradas P and Co; 525 cwts Oomersey.

FOR HAMBURG.

Chulmleigh s—865 bales cottonfly, Solomon Bros.

Lindenfels s—110 bales hemp, Kiddle Reeve and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Moravia; s—2,000 cwts teelseed, Ralli Bros;

Semiramis; s—172 bales cotton, and 2,400 cwts teelseed, Ralli Bros;

FOR GENOA.

Wordha s—50 cwts gum, M Jafferbhoy.

FOR VENICE.

Semiramis; s—500 cwts linseed, J Fachiri; 200 bales cotton, K. H. Kayani and Co.

FOR PIRACUS.

Semiramis; s—2,000 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros;

FOR KOBE.

Kawachi Maru; s—300 bales cotton, M Amersey and Co;

Capri; s—800 bales cotton, Dinshaw D Currance and Co.

Vorwaerts s—150 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW YORK,
MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

GRAND	Price. Re. a. p.	
Snowflake 150 deg.	6 0 2	per case.
White Rose 150 deg.	5 12 2	do.
Chester 125 deg.	4 12 2	do.
Devoe's Brilliant 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
Tiger 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
Monkey Brand 125 deg.	4 6 2	do.
White Camelia 125° (in tins.)	4 0 0	per 2 tins.
Camel Brand 125° (in tins).	4 0 0	do.
Elephant Brand 125° (in tins)	4 0 0	do.
do. Brand 125° (in bulk)	3 6 0	per 8 gallons

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.
All cans oil sold by Standard Oil Co. of New York IS IMPORTED IN CASES.
Bandra Agent adds one anna to the above prices excepting for bulk.
Cooria and Andheri Agents add one anna and Thana Agent adds 2 1-2 annas to the above prices.
Order books supplied gratis on application.

"THE PORTRAIT SERIES"
OF NEW VOCAL ALBUMS.
PRICE OF EACH VOLUME, Rs. 2-4.
Each Album uniformly bound in a grey cover, with a Portrait of the Composer upon the Frontispiece.

F. PAOLO TOSTI ALBUM.
Containing: "On Lido Waters," "Bid me goodbye," and five other songs.

EDWARD GERMAN ALBUM.
Containing: "Birds on Wing," "Fair Flowers," and five other songs.

FRANCO LEONI ALBUM.
Containing: "A Song of the Cruise," "Golden Lilies," and five other songs.

HERMANN LOHR ALBUM.
Containing: "A Chain of Roses," "So Fair a Flower," and six other songs.

FRANK LAMBERT ALBUM
Containing: "Look down, dear Eyes," "Deep in my Heart," and six other songs.

NOEL JOHNSON ALBUM
Containing: "Purple Pansies," "Good-night, pretty Stars," and six other songs.

CONINGSBY CLARKE ALBUM
Containing: "Take your lute and sing," "Betty's Way," and six other songs.

GUY D'HARDELOT ALBUM
Containing: "The Perfect Flower," "An Old Romance," and six other songs.

TERESA DEL RIEGO ALBUM
Containing: "Life's Recompense," "A Song of Life," and seven other songs.

FLORENCE AYLWARD ALBUM
Containing: "Love's Benediction," "Sunrise," and six other songs.

LIZA LEHMANN ALBUM
Containing: "If thou wilt be the falling dew, "Soul's Blossom," and five other songs.
No. 1, Low Voice; No. 2, High Voice.

MARCKS & Co., Ltd.,
PIANO and MUSIC DEPT.,
BOMBAY & POONA.

The Bombay Gazette.
Friday, 7th Dec. 1912.

THE RELIGIONS OF BOMBAY.

THE religions professed by the people of Bombay, to which we made reference yesterday, have made various degrees of progress and in the Census report, by Messrs. P. J. Mead and Laird Macgregor, we find an instructive chapter on the subject. As regards Christianity, it is shown that with its many sects it claims an increase of thirty thousand worshippers, a rise of twelve per cent. in the past ten years, which is satisfactory, so far as figures go. But it is pointed out that only in Ahmednagar, can the result be said to be the result of missionary endeavour. Kaira shows a decrease, which is attributed to the reversion of famine converts, to their ancestral beliefs. So far as increases in Bombay and Karachi are concerned, it stated that they are not greater than the increases in population account for. The greatest rise among the Christian sects throughout the presidency, is among the Methodists, whose numbers have nearly trebled; Presbyterians have forty-four per cent. more than formerly and Roman Catholics thirty-six per cent. According to the compilers of the report, the principal fields of missionary enterprise are Kaira, Ahmednagar and Poona, but little progress has been made except in Ahmednagar. Bombay does not appear to be such good ground for sowing the seed of Christianity as Madras, probably because we have a larger intermediate class of "clean Sudras." In Madras, the large number of "untouchables" rise in the social scale by becoming Christians while a "clean Sudra" would not. One of the Missionaries of the Basel Lutheran Mission is stated to have lamented the slow progress made. On being asked whether the Christianity of his converts was more than skin-deep, he replied "At any rate we give them a conscience, a sense of right and wrong. If one of my congregation is a witness in a Criminal Court, the Magistrate at once knows if he is lying, but with other Indians he does not." This, comments the writer of the section, is probably as far as most recent converts have got to a knowledge of the Christian religion. The inducements offered are generally educational. The work of the missionaries is uphill and though the tolerant Hindu looks upon the "Padre Saheb" as a good man he does not fill the want of religious comfort. "The uneducated masses of Hinduism rarely bother themselves with the esoteric aspect of religion. Worship with them is largely uncomprehended ceremonial, or a part of a 'tamasha' which they attend, because it is the centuries-old fashion of the country-side to attend it."

Hindus form seventy-seven per cent. of the population, though in Sind, they yield first place numerically to Mahomedans. The former are most numerous in the Konkan and Deccan, where ninety-one per cent. of the people are Hindus, and fewest in Sind, where they form less than a quarter of the population. The increase in Mahomedans has been slightly greater than the growth of the population, which is due to the uninterrupted development of Sind, where that religion predominates. Jainism numbers nearly half a million worshippers. They are mostly to be found in the Deccan and in Guzarat, including the native states of Cutch and Kathiawar; but a few, mostly money-lenders, are scattered all over the presidency. Their numbers, however, have fallen off by nine per cent. in the last ten years, plague accounting for 29,000 in the Karnatak and Southern Maratha country, but the disappearance of eighteen thousand in Guzarat is unexplained by any such calamity. The only explanation which presents itself to the Census Superintendent is that Jains have been returning themselves as Hindus. Animists show an increase of 233 per cent., but this extraordinary variation is attributed partly to change in classification, partly to better enumeration, and partly to rebound after famine. In 1901, it seems many Animists were by the zeal of the enumerators, gathered into the Hindu fold. Of the Hindu-Mahomedans much information is given, the Sheikhs being, perhaps the most interesting. Found almost entirely in Cutch, they decline to be classified as Hindus or Mahomedans—and probably they are right, though of late years they have shown leanings towards Hinduism, and some have taken to worshipping at the Swaminarayen temples. They bury their dead for reasons not connected with economy and employ a fakir, who is maintained for this purpose by the community at marriage and death ceremonies. In the case of marriage the fakir performs the "nika" ceremony and the rite is then completed according to Hindu practice. In all other respects they are Hindus. They are admitted in to Hindu temples and make pilgrimages to the tomb of Imamshah at Pirana near Ahmedabad. They swear by Khuda, the god of Islam, though they worship Hindu deities, In Ahmednagar, Sai Baba, a Musalman ascetic is venerated by Brahmins of high position, though he teaches nothing and preaches nothing, and some of his venerators are Brahmin Government servant who have built dharmsalas in his honour.

The information concerning Sikhs in the presidency is puzzling. In 1881, no less than 127,000 persons were returned as Sikhs. In 1891, there were only 912, nearly all of them in Sind. In 1901, there were 1,502, the bulk of them being in the Panch Mahals, Poona, Palanpur and Ahmedabad, and not a single individual in Sind. In 1911 Sikhs are returned at 13,000, of whom twelve thousand are shown to be in Sind. Presumably, we are told, their women-folk are not true Sikhs, as they are not initiated, though they generally go by the name of Sikhs all the same. In Sind, it seems, those returned as Sikhs are most of them Lohanas by caste and call themselves Hindus of the Nanakshahi sect. Parsis show an increase of six per cent. in the past ten years. Jews are to be found principally in Bombay city and in Aden though in Kolaba and Janjira there are some 2,500 of them whose chief employment is cultivation, fishing and oil-pressing. None of the other religions are of numerical importance, but it is noticed that the Arya Samaj have increased from 371 to 578, and the Brahmos fallen off from 161 to 130, both these forms of the great Indo-Aryan religion appearing to be most numerous in Sind. Black magic, it is shown, is nowadays not common. The existence of witches, however, is admitted by all the lower strata of society, and many of the higher. The Bhils have recognised ordeals such as swinging by the legs from a branch, for ascertaining whether a woman is a witch or not. If the branch breaks and she is injured, it is demonstrated she is no witch; if she is uninjured of course nothing but witchcraft could have saved her.

THE INFLUENCE OF INDIAN WOMEN.

DR. COOMARASWAMY will have to make peace with western suffragists if they discover his declaration that the human spirit demands two different devotions—the devotion of women to men and of men to a cause. The devotion of western women to a cause—the cause of enfranchisement—is beyond all doubt, and the sacrifices they have made in money, time, personal self-denials, to say nothing of suffering, ranks the movement with the supreme efforts of history in the attainment of a definite aim. But Dr. Coomaraswamy declared that where industrialism has invaded life the social power of women is reduced; it has no room for the ideal devotions! The west has suffered badly, of course; and the east is affected; there is little hope of improvement at present. The Doctor, who lectured before the Sociological Society declared that even yet the Indian woman's influence is greater than that of her western sister, but it is the mothers and grandmothers, not the younger women, who wield that influence. Some Indians of his acquaintance rather resent the fact as putting a break on the wheel of progress; not so the Doctor, who fears the time when Indian women may descend to newspaper reading and even politics. His subject was "Sati," and he explained that in a wide sense "Sati" signified the perfect woman, but the word had come to be applied to the woman whose devotion to her husband was perfect and who refused to live when he was dead. Statistics of those who mounted the funeral pyre for this reason were not obtainable, said the Doctor, but he gave as his opinion that not more than one in a thousand Indian widows died in this way. What western critics turned into a reproach, the east gloried in, and women of the purdah believed that it was the highest religion to worship their husbands as gods. Shades of suffragists! While Dr. Coomaraswamy was speaking, one of the important suffrage societies was preparing a great festival showing how women of all nations, east and west, are uniting to demand their rights as human beings, not as possessions, and a number of stalwarts will accomplish a march from Edinburgh to London—four hundred miles—as a further demonstration of their determination to win a citizen's rights as well as bear a citizen's responsibilities. They have been gaining signatures in support of a petition for their enfranchisement in all the towns and villages on the way where they have halted for rest and meetings, and to women who did not hesitate to climb a telegraph pole to obtain a workman's signature, even the opposition of the Prime Minister is as nothing.

BRITISH ENGINEERS AND CHINA.

THE British Engineering Association has been formed in London, and has for one of its objects the overcoming of the obstacles surrounding British engineering in China. This we welcome as a sign that British industrialism is abandoning its old methods of *laisser faire* and recognises that modern conditions of competition demand organised effort on a large scale. Probably no country in the world holds such promise of engineering development as does China, but the Germans and Americans have displayed greater energy than have the British. They have established interests against which it is difficult to bid, and the need of some such organisation as has now been inaugurated has for long been foreseen. One of the most interesting features of the association's programme is the educational measures, which it is proposed to take. It is intended, the cabled report states, to secure a predominance of British technical instructors in Asiatic schools, a measure, which if it be accomplished, must have a great effect in popularising British goods. Further, it is hoped to encourage technical schools and colleges in Great Britain to give special facilities to Chinese students. This is where Indian interests come in. Increasing difficulty is being experienced in obtaining places in the schools and colleges at Home for Oriental students, and care must be taken that Chinese shall not be admitted to the exclusion of Indians. However desirable trade with China may be, it must be emphasised that Indians are British subjects and have a prior claim. On account of certain unpleasant incidents there is a well-founded objection to the admission of Oriental students to English colleges in large numbers, but apparently people at Home will have to learn that if they wish to keep pace with their rivals in trade abroad, some means of obviating that objection must be found. The whole student problem is a very difficult one, and it will become still more intricate when a crowd of Chinese students come to complicate it.

THE GENTLEMAN FARMER.

A NOTABLE experiment in agriculture, which will be closely watched from other parts of India, where large tracts of agricultural land await development, is being attempted in Mysore. It is somewhat daring and its progress or otherwise will be a spectacle of much interest, for its object is to furnish ready-made a kind of Indian gentleman-farmer, somewhat after that type which is now dying out in England. We should not imagine that the class of man required will be easy to get, for men of some capital will be needed, and the Indian with money is not prone to invest it in new ventures with the nature of which he is not thoroughly familiar. However to prove that such a thing is possible—and to illustrate the ideal type which it is sought to find—the case is instanced of a Brahmin, who has taken to agriculture at a farm a few miles outside Bangalore. In order to qualify himself for his new occupation, he has made a scientific study of the subject, and he is reported to grow more cane to the acre and to make better jagri than any other grower in the State. He has invested some capital in his holding and every year has succeeded in making a good profit. In the hope of inducing others to undertake similar enterprise, the Mysore Durbar is now preparing to let to suitable tenants holdings of 150 acres and upwards. The authorities are anxious to get tenants, who will adopt improved methods, who will use machinery and will take up new crops, not only so that they will have greater opportunity of financial success, but that they shall also provide an object-lesson for the small cultivators around them. If the scheme is successful, it will certainly assist the wider adoption of modern methods, but we are doubtful if the tenants can be found and also how the scheme, if carried out, will affect the welfare of the ryots. It may be remembered that the last Parsi Conference in Bombay recommended that Parsis should return to the agricultural pursuits, which they have abandoned. That, of course, was a scheme for poor Parsis, but if it is put into operation, it seems likely that the participants would show characteristic business aptitude and might blossom forth into farmers of the type, which they are anxious to have in Mysore. The scheme is perhaps worth the attention of Government from one point of view, viz., that new ideas and new methods would probably be more readily accepted by Parsi cultivators than by any others.

THE BUSY HOOGHLY.

RENEWED attention to the difficulties of navigation in the Hooghly has been awakened by the speech of Sir Frederick Dumayne in Calcutta the other evening. As the trade of Calcutta has been gradually expanding the natural difficulties of navigating the water-way leading into the port have been increasing, and it has only been due to the vigilance and enterprise of the Port Commissioners that a deep channel has been preserved, through which vessels of large size can reach the docks from the sea. The Port Commissioners still desire to go further. They base their policy on a presumption that the trade of Calcutta has not yet reached its high water-mark, and that it still retains an expansive power. That view it is reasonable to hold, for the reorganisation of Governments in Eastern India should lead to a more rapid development of resources, of which Calcutta must get the benefit. Accordingly the Port Commissioners are bold enough to model future work on the Hooghly on a wider scale. It is 82 years, since 1830, that the bed of the Hooghly has gradually deteriorated. In spite of that, however, the draft of the channel has been gradually increased. In 1830 vessels of only 20 ft. draft were permitted to navigate the river; in 1857, this was increased to 22 ft., while at the present time vessels drawing 29 ft. of water may pass up and down the Hooghly. Pursuing their poliey, the Commissioners have decided to extend their dredging operations to the lower reaches, so as, as Sir Frederick Dumayne has expressed it, to maintain "a clear channel from Calcutta to the sea for any vessel that can pass through the Suez Canal." Further, they are providing for further construction of docks, jetties, warehouses and other work as required. The main difficulty at present seems to be to know in what direction these extensions can be made. The limit of the capacity of the present docks has been reached, and when the expansion becomes necessary, it will have to be apparently in a northern or southern direction. To the south Calcutta people have a strong objection to giving up Strand Road, a thoroughfare which hitherto has been zealously guarded against the construction of new jetties, while to the north Howrah Bridge blocks the way.

THE P. and O. Company's s. s. "Persia," with the outward Mails of the 29th ultimo, passed Suez at 10-30 a.m. on Thursday, the 5th instant.

WOMEN'S INTERESTS.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, Nov. 15.

THE KING.

Next week their Majesties will have a great house party at Windsor Castle. We are told by the ubiquitous journalist that the guests "will include all that is representative of the diplomatic and intellectual life of England," but that is merely a pleasant exaggeration. It would be nearer the truth to say that the representatives of the intellectual life of England are never seen at Windsor or at Buckingham Palace. The Merediths and Brownings and Whistlers are never asked to Court: their absence, indeed, is never noticed: the Darwins and Huxleys are old men before they can hope for any sort of recognition: the divorce between those who steer the ship of state in Great Britain and those who "steer humanity" is absolute, and to the student full of ominous significance. But we have no doubt that a house-party now at Windsor is more interesting than it used to be under Queen Victoria, when a visit to the mausoleum was regarded as the chief event of the day.

ROYAL TASTES.

The King, according to Lord Esher, and no better authority exists, would like to pull down Buckingham Palace, round of St. James's Park and the Green Park by throwing into them the palace grounds, and then with the money obtained for the five acres of gardens rebuild Kensington Palace and make it the town residence of the Sovereign. Lord Esher adds that the King knows this dream is visionary perhaps mainly, because the Queen loves Buckingham Palace for its historical association. A little while ago, it is said, Queen Mary discovered a couple of Gainsboroughs in Buckingham Palace, and some Bellinis which had been lying amongst rubbish in one of the upper rooms of Windsor Castle, have been rescued and reframed, and are now among the art treasures of the place.

ROYALTY AND CHRISTMAS.

The King and Queen have now decided to pass the Christmas holidays at York Cottage, and not at Windsor, as was the original intention. Their Majesties have been influenced in arriving at this decision by the fact that Queen Alexander will be at Sandringham, and the King and Queen desire to be near her at that season of the year. There will be no house party at York Cottage during the holidays, but it is hoped that the Princess Royal will find her health improved sufficiently to enable her to remain in this country over Christmas. Should this be the case, her Royal Highness and her two daughters will stay with Queen Alexandra at Sandringham.

A ROYAL DRESSMAKER.

It strikes one as incongruous and a little indicrousthat one of the sons of the War Lord should love to design women's dress and arrange table decorations. At an exhibition recently opened in the Hohenzollern Art Galleries, the Kaiser's fourth son, Prince August Wilhelm, displayed a number of photographs of ladies and gentlemen of the Berlin Court clad in costumes designed by himself and made up under his supervision. His ideas for summer costumes for ladies next year, were shown on a giant lampshade so constructed that the light passing through the shade gave the dress materials their proper tones. Last year Prince August exhibited many designs for furniture and domestic fittings. Prince Frederick Leopold, a nephew of the Emperor, also showed drawings of ladies' costumes designed by himself and exceedingly pretty.

THE CROWN PRINCE'S TASTE.

But if Prince August is gifted with taste, it is certain, according to the Berlin critics, that the Crown Prince is singularly deficient in artistic accomplishment. The palace he is building for himself near Potsdam, is described as being the ugliest and most heteroclite building in the world. It is an enormous place, it appears a cross between an English shooting box and a Queen Anne cottage on a gigantic scale. There are big gables and meaningless great flanking towers made of timber and plaster, whereas cut stone is lavished on the outbuildings. In this the Crown Prince appears to take after his father. The Emperor's taste in architecture is still worse than his taste in the other arts. All Petersburg is grinning at the Embassy Building now being erected on Neva side; Russian say it is the ugliest building in existence, and it is certain that the Mayor was about to refuse to accept the plans, when Prime Minister Stolypin hinted that as the Kaiser himself had designed them it would be best to pass them "sans phrase." Now the town flocks to the spot to scoff at the Warlord's idea of a noble dwelling.

NO OPEN-WORK STOCKINGS.

In at least two London offices rules are enforced on the girls employed that all blouse must come close to the throat and must not have any lace in front. No large bows are permitted on the shoes, and no open-work stockings. "Don't the girls object!" the manager of one firm was asked by a "Daily News and Leader" representative! "No; why should they? At first they seemed to think we ought to ban the coloured socks on our male clerks as well, but now I think they understand that we are only putting them on a more equal footing with the men." The girls took the same view. "At first I thought it unfair," said one, "that I should not be allowed to wear what I liked, but now I understand. Negative rules of this sort, I think, everyone will accept so long as there is no suggestion that business girls must wear any kind of uniform like girls in big shops and waitresses."

LADY ACCOUNTANT.

Having offices in the same building in Bucklersbury as the only lady stockbroker in the city, who described her work in *The Daily Mail* recently, is Miss M. Harris Smith, the only lady accountant with offices in London. Starting at Westminster and subsequently removing to the city, she has been auditing the books of many firms in London, and the country for twenty-five years. "There are a few score of business concerns that entrust the auditing of their accounts to me, although the Institute of Chartered Accountants have refused to admit me as a member," said Miss Smith on Saturday. "There is a Bill coming before Parliament, containing a clause which removes this disability, but we have been trying for that a very long time. I have three women clerks to assist me, and we start work at 9·30 a.m. Having dealt with the correspondence I visit the firms on the list for the day and inspect their books. Then, I have a simple lunch in my office; I never lunch out, though my girls have their hour. I regard auditing as a science—not the mere scrutiny of books and the drawing up of balance-sheets alone, but as an employment demanding a keen insight into character. One needs to read in a glance or two, the character of a cashier or a clerk. The handwriting is very helpful in this respect. Faint, small, and easily altered writing may often give rise to suspicion. "I saved one firm £500 a year in petty cash carelessly and needlessly incurred in travelling expenses. The perfunctory ticking off of items by absent-minded clerks, instead of a minute examination, costs many a business unnecessary expenditure. I have a memory which enables me, if occasion requires, to repeat every item and figure in a balance-sheet. I have been told I am an exception—but that is absurd, women only need the chance and a proper training to excel in this as in other professions. "I have women pupils whom I carefully train to deal quickly and accurately with figures—how to cast, how to retain the carrying figure, and how to check. They are no less capable of dealing with figures than men. There are stupid women as well as stupid men incapable of filling positions of trust, but that is no reason why a sex barrier should be raised in such a profession as this."

WOMEN AS MOTORISTS.

"Ladies are our best customers," said a salesman at the Motor Exhibition at Olympia. "When a man is accompanied by his wife it is she who, in nine cases out of ten, does the choosing or makes the bargain; and a salesman who knows his trade will address himself chiefly to the lady." While the Motor Exhibition appeals to all women, as shown by the large daily attendance of ladies, there is a big proportion who attend the show not so much for entertainment as for knowledge. Their interest is not confined to the sumptuous upholstering and the attractive veneer of a car; they are more concerned about the chassis, the engine, the technical and practical side. Young girls could be seen escorting their parents round the show, pointing out mechanical advantages or defects in the various makes of cars, and holding highly technical conversation with the salesmen. Judging from the conversation and the intimate knowledge it disclosed, the number of young women who are able to drive and "doctor" a motor-car is a revelation. And when it comes to buying a car, as the salesman discovered, it is the woman who has the last word.

WOOLLEN LACE.

A sensational novelty that there has been an attempt at launching during the recent past is woollen lace. Of course, this has been made before, but the manufacturers were never able to get the softness and fineness which they now obtain. We see entire dresses made in woollen lace exactly imitating Chantilly. They have a less silky, more wintry, and therefore less dressy appearance, and for this reason they make afternoon dresses which combine elegance with utility. Of course, we were nowadays very thin frocks of muslin and lace in every season. They are always comfortable and becoming, while they are suitable not only for indoors, but also for the theatre, and, to a certain extent, for small evening entertainments as well. When in dark shades they may be worn under a fur coat in the afternoon. Over a very tight foundation of supple satin, the thin material adapts itself very well to the draped movement, while a narrow train of white satin adds a note of refined elegance to the whole.

THE LATEST SKIRT.

Among the skirts the latest style is to have whatever fulness there may be at the back, which means that the bottom of the skirt is tighter than ever over the feet. In order to make walking easier, many of the skirts have to be opened, or left ajar so to speak, at the side or in front, leaving the foot uncovered. This fancy, however, is only pretty when a small foot and neat ankle are displayed, and it also becomes more than ever important to pay great attention to the hosiery and shoes worn. Cloth tops, matching the dress, and high heels, are all the fashion, while stockings in delicate light shades are very much worn.

FARMING.

Based on scientific and co-operative lines farming for women in England, is about to become an established fact.

A company has been formed for the purpose of aiding and associating women farmers and small-holders, and by working on a co-operative system to help women of limited income to avoid failure in farming. A suitable farm of some 223 acres has been procured near Heathfield, Sussex, and will be opened at Michaelmas. One of the foremost objects of the Women's Co-operative Farm at Heathfield, is to prove that farming in all its branches can be made to pay in England, if worked on co-operative lines. It will, thus become, not only a benefit to a large number of workers, but also a remunerative investment to shareholders.

It will give congenial and useful employment on a self-supporting basis to a considerable number of girls of the educated classes, and will so alleviate somewhat the press

THE BALKAN SITUATION.

BULGAR ANNOYANCE WITH GREECE.

Simultaneous Peace Meetings in London.

GREECE MAKES AN APPEAL TO THE ALLIES.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

BERLIN, Dec. 4.

The Rumanian Crown Prince conferred with Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, the Imperial Chancellor, to-day.

SOFIA, Dec. 4.

King Ferdinand and Dr. Daneff are returning to the capital. After their arrival, peace delegates will be appointed. The normal export and import of goods will be resumed to-morrow, the railways being again in a position to handle freight.

Reuter learns that the Greek delegate reached Chatalja only on Friday. He found that the Bulgarian representatives, who are also representing Servia and Montenegro, had been negotiating with the Turks for three days, and he was faced with the terms of the armistice cabled yesterday. He immediately communicated with his Government, who thereupon made a long and dignified appeal, in which they besought the Allies not to weaken or endanger the League. The Greeks contend that this will prove an important historical document, and will show that Greece not only had no intention to leave the League, but that she made every effort to maintain it in its original form.

GREECE CAUSES ANNOYANCE.

Different Official Version from Athens.

LONDON, Dec. 5.

The only condition of the armistice mentioned in the official announcement made in Constantinople is that the troops shall remain in their present positions, but it is believed there that the Turks will be allowed to provision Adrianople and Scutari daily.

The armistice is welcomed at Belgrade, which is convinced that Servian aspirations will be fulfilled. The outlook in regard to Austria and Servia is regarded as more favourable than heretofore.

It is officially announced in Athens that the most friendly relations have not ceased to exist between the Allies, and official circles are confident that the *pourparlers* begun by the Allies regarding the terms of peace will result in a common resolution to achieve the objects of the war.

SOFIA, Dec. 5.

The attitude of Greece excites annoyance in official circles, and arouses apprehensions of future difficulties between the Allies. It is understood that Greece has not signed the armistice, because she desires to annex some Islands in the Ægean Sea.

The opinion is held in Vienna that the Balkan League will be practically exploded before the division of the booty, and that this will be chiefly due to the rivalry between Greece and Bulgaria for the possession of Salonika.

ANOTHER STANDPOINT.

LONDON, Dec. 5.

The exact facts about the terms of the armistice and the attitude of Greece are still somewhat uncertain. Semi-official telegrams from Athens, to-day, reject the theory of a quarrel between Greece and the Allies. They say that there has been merely a natural difference of standpoint owing to the actual conditions in each country. For instance, Greece has still to deal with scattered bodies of the Turkish troops. There is, however, no reason to doubt, the telegrams add, that the negotiations will lead to a full agreement among the Allies.

GREEK BOMBARDMENT.

ROME, Dec. 5.

Two Greek gunboats yesterday bombarded Valona in Albania, shells falling between the Italian and Austrian Consulates. They withdrew on a protest by Ismail Kemal Bey.

THE COMING CONFERENCE.

Reasons for Porte's Choice of London.

It is stated in Constantinople that the proposal that the peace negotiations should be held in London emanated from the Porte, which wishes to conduct them on neutral ground, besides having the advantage of Sir Edward Grey's advice. Apparently the peace negotiations between Turkey and the Allies, and the conference of Ambassadors for a general discussion of the Balkan question, will be held simultaneously in London.

LONDON, Dec. 5.

The London papers generally comment on the sensitiveness of the French and Russian Press on the subject of Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg's speech. They affirm that Great Britain is as loyal as ever to the entente.

PERSIAN AFFAIRS.

Telegraph Official Ill-Treated by Turkomans.

THERNA, Dec. 5.

Mr. Meriton, of the Indo-European Telegraph Company, who was captured by Turkomans, has reached the village of Meameh. He reports that he was roughly treated by the Turkomans.

THE NEWQUAY SENSATION.

LONDON, Dec. 5.

The mystery of the death of Mrs. Nowill remains uncleared, the coroner's jury finding an open verdict. There was no evidence to show how she fell over the cliffs into the sea. It transpires that Mr. Delay was married.

GOLD FOR INDIA.

PORT SAID, Dec. 5.

The P. and O. s. s. "Persia" has shipped 250,000 of gold for India.

INDIA AND TARIFF REFORM.

Important Speech by Lord Crewe.

"A SERVILE PLACE."

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Dec. 4.

Lord Crewe, speaking at Cheltenham, controverted at great length Mr. Bonar Law's statement as to the fiscal policy towards India, in his speech at Oldham on November 8th.

Lord Crewe denounced the idea of basing the policy for India on our claim to India's gratitude for past services. The idea was already resented in India.

Lord Crewe continued: "If Mr. Bonar Law ever seeks to put it into practice it will be resented in a manner which will create an unprecendented strain on India's loyalty to the Empire. If Mr. Bonar Law comes into office and carries out his domestic programme, how will it be politically possible to maintain the Government of India's official opposition to the introduction of a tariff comparable with the tariffs of the self-governing dominions? You will be erecting a great imperial *Zollverein*. You will be asking India to take a place, which will appear to her to be servile compared with the self-governing dominions. To couple such a proposal with a claim to Indians' gratitude for past services would be a most grave political indiscretion."

After a recapitulation of Free Trade arguments Lord Crewe concluded: "Mr. Bonar Law's scheme will in no way appeal to Indian interests or the sentiment of Indian industrialism. The politician would vote for protective tariffs, but would apply them to British produce. He would see in the scheme neither the logical theory of a free trade system, nor the essential elements of a fair deal between two Protectionist Governments."

[In his long speech at Oldham, Mr. Bonar Law's reference to the Indian cotton trade was as follows:—Our present position in India is an impossible position. Our Governments say to these Indian people: "We are a Free Trade country, and we insist that you shall put on an Excise duty which you do not want, so that there will not be a handicap against Manchester goods." Well, I like to be frank and to speak frankly. I say that we have claims on India. We have done India great service, and we have a right to say—and without hypocrisy, but openly—we have a right to say that we are entitled to fair play in the Indian market. That is our proposition. We say to India: "If you want to put on tariffs put them on against the rest of the world, but be a Free Trade country to us and we will be a Free Trade country to you." That is my policy for India. It is a policy which we can justify, and the present policy cannot be honestly justified by any Government.]

PAY IN THE NAVY.

Mr. Churchill Announces Increases.

LONDON, Dec. 4.

In the House of Commons to-day, Mr. Churchill announced increases of pay in the Navy. They included an increase of threepence daily for able-bodied seamen and stokers of the first class after six years' manhood service, and fourpence daily for petty officers of both classes. This meant an increase of fifteen per cent. in the pay of able-bodied seamen. Further, marines, after six years' service, will receive threepence a day in the lower ranks, and fourpence a day in the upper.

The increases in other classes are in accordance with their special requirements. Thus, the position of carpenters, shipwrights, armourers and signalmen was receiving special consideration. Their scheme of payment included a penny a day for each good conduct badge.

Mr. Churchill said the kit of each rating in future would be free.

The pay of lieutenants would rise by successive shillings after four, six, eight, ten, twelve and fourteen years' service. There was an improved scale for half-pay captains, and also a command allowance of five shillings daily for commanders.

The total cost of the proposals was £351,273 for the men, and £35,200 for the officers.

The increases would come into force immediately.

HOME RULE BILL.

Lord-Lieutenant's Office and Powers.

LONDON, Dec. 4.

During the debate in the committee stage of the Home Rule Bill, on clause 31, dealing with the Lord-Lieutenant's powers, Mr. Asquith said it was intended that the term of office of a Lord-Lieutenant should be similar to that of a Colonial Governor, and should no longer coincide with the term of office of a particular Government.

UNITED STATES FINANCE.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.

The Treasurer's report strongly urges a Radical reform of the "unreasoned unscientific American banking and currency systems," otherwise the Federal Government will be exclusively responsible for commercial, social and industrial disaster following on panics.

Estimates for the Panama Canal disbursements in 1913 amount to 42,000,000 dollars, leaving an excess of total ordinary expenditure over revenue, of 1,800,000 dollars.

The excess in 1914, including Canal disbursements, will be 52,730,000 dollars.

RUGBY FOOTBALL.

LONDON, Dec. 4.

The South Africans defeated Ulster at Belfast to-day, by nineteen points to nil.

FAMOUS JOCKEY DEAD.

LONDON, Dec. 4.

The death is announced of the famous jockey, Fred Allsopp, who won the Derby in 1892.

THE JAPANESE CABINET.

LONDON, Dec. 4.

The Japanese Cabinet has resigned owing to its inability to find a successor to the Minister for War.

SILVER PURCHASES.

Scheme for Preserving Secrecy.

OFFICIAL POSITION UPHELD.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Dec. 4.

Before the Select Committee to enquire into the silver transactions of the Government and Messrs. Samuel, Montagu and Co., Mr. Franklin, continuing his evidence, said that, on January 9th, he wrote the letter, which was read by the Solicitor-General, marked "Private", explaining a scheme for preventing the leakage of news of the Government of India's purchases of silver. On March 4th his firm received a letter from the India Office, instructing them to buy gradually £500,000 sterling worth of silver, and to keep the purchase secret.

A CALCUTTA VIEW.

The "Statesman" has expressed gratification at the "Standard's" defence of India Council finance, and urges the Bengal Chamber of Commerce to issue an authoritative pronouncement of informed commercial opinion on the subject. Against the charge of secrecy it writes: "When the Chancellor of the Exchequer is about to make a purchase of stocks in the London market for sinking fund purposes, care is taken that as far as possible the Stock Exchange shall get no inkling of the particular security, which is to be bought. The reason for secrecy is obvious, but it is now gravely suggested that the Government of India's intention to purchase silver shall be proclaimed from the housetops, although a ring of gamblers may be in waiting to put up the market against the State." As regards balances in London—the "Statesman" points out that a few months ago Japan had 37 millions held in London and New York.

Regarding the high level of the Bank rate, the Calcutta paper states that Bengal Bank rates afford no clue to the interest obtainable in Calcutta for short loans. With the rate at 7 per cent., lenders have at times been unable to place money for short periods at any price, and it is notorious that the India Office balances yield a higher return in London, where it is always possible to employ money, than would be secured if the funds could be made available in India.

THE REFERENDUM.

Withdrawal of Unionist Pledge.

LONDON, Dec. 5.

Lord Lansdowne, speaking at a Unionist demonstration in London, and replying to Mr. Asquith's criticisms, declared that the pledge regarding the Tariff Reform Referendum at the last election was conditional on a similar pledge being given in regard to Home Rule. The Unionists, after careful consideration, had decided that their pledge could not hold the field for all time. It would be unfair to use the Referendum for Tariff Reform only.

CEYLON IN PARLIAMENT.

LONDON, Dec. 5.

In the House of Commons yesterday, Sir Herbert Roberts raised the question of Ceylon toddy licenses.

Col. Seely replied that the Ceylon Government had assured him that they had taken every precaution to ensure that licenses would only be issued when the circumstances required this. It was inevitable that some mistakes would be made on the introduction of a new system, but the Colonial Government might be trusted to remedy them at the earliest opportunity.

Col. Seely had no information of a meeting of Passara planters on October 26th, protesting against the new toddy taverns.

WIRELESS AT SEA.

BOSTON, Dec. 5.

Captain Hall, of the steamer "Numidian," has been arrested for alleged violation of the Wireless Telegraphy Act, on the ground that he did not possess an auxiliary equipment sufficient for transmission over one hundred miles.

BOXING IN FRANCE.

PARIS, Dec. 5.

Parke has beaten Bernard in the seventh round of the fight for the Middle-weight Championship of the World.

ANGLO-INDIAN ASSOCIATION.

Heredity Pitted Against Environment.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 4.

Lord Carmichael yesterday received a deputation from the Anglo-Indian Association, headed by the Hon. Mr. Madge, and had a friendly conversation with them on various topics.

The Hon. Mr Madge, in introducing the deputation, said that, whereas most communities depended upon heredity and environment to develop character and inspire ambition, the Anglo-Indians had to enlist all their heredity against their environment, in the hope of bringing about a reversion to the European type of character and the Christian standard of conduct; and, though he must hesitate to claim a complete success in these efforts, he could challenge anyone to say that they had resulted in entire, or even general, failure.

SIR WM. DRING'S DEATH.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 5.

The East Indian Railway is holding an exhaustive and independent inquiry into the circumstances under which the late Sir William Dring met his death by falling from the Bombay mail at Gujhandi. Yesterday a few officials of the railway left Howrah for Gujhandi with the agent's saloon in which Sir William Dring was travelling.

THE P. and O. Company's s. s. "Medina," with the homeward Mails of the 30th ultimo, arrived at Aden at 8 p.m. on Wednesday, the 4th instant.

IT is notified by the Commissioner of Police that no vehicle (loaded or unloaded) shall pass over or be taken upon the following Bridges if its gross weight at the time exceeds the maximum weight of two tons including load on four wheels:—French bridge, Kennedy bridge, Frere bridge and Bellasis bridge.

SERVICES COMMISSION.

Questions on Recruitment of Indian Civilians.

PROVINCIAL SALARIES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Dec. 5.

The interrogations in connection with the sittings of the Public Service Commission in Madras have just been issued.

The questions, which are sixty-five in number, relate to the Indian and Provincial Civil Services so far, and witnesses are asked to say if they approve of the present system of recruiting for the Indian Civil Service in England. In the event of their advocating simultaneous examinations in India, they are asked to say what proportion of posts they propose being allotted to the successful candidates in such examinations. Witnesses are also asked if they would permit Indians to sit for the examination in England, in case provision is made in this country for holding simultaneous examinations.

Information is also sought as to what age limit in England would best suit candidates who are natives of India, and if any differentiation should be made in the age limit, between natives of India and other natural-born subjects of his Majesty.

Among other questions on this subject are whether witnesses consider as generally satisfactory in principle the present system under which natives of India are recruited for posts in the Indian Civil Service cadre, partly through the medium of examination in England and partly by special arrangement in India. If they are for reviving the old system of having statutory civilians, what method of recruitment do they recommend?

There are a number of questions referring to the training of young civilians, and asking if it be necessary to start a training college in some part of India for probationers of the Indian Civil Service, and possibly also of other Indian services recruited in England.

Among the questions regarding the Provincial Service is one about salaries allowed to members of the Service, and if witnesses approve of it and also of the existing rates of pay and grading prevailing therein. A number of questions are also devoted to eliciting information about the existing organisation of the Provincial Civil Service, and inviting suggestions for improving it.

NEW SHERIFF OF CALCUTTA.

Member of Family Descended from Tippu Sultan.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 5.

Prince Gholam Mahomed of the Mysore family has been appointed Sheriff of Calcutta for the next year. He was president of the Calcutta Branch of the Moslem League, and for some time chairman of the Tollygunj Municipality.

[This Mysore family are political pensioners, who trace their descent from Tippu Sultan. They have palatial residences in Matiabruz, a southern suburb of Calcutta, near the river Hooghly, and they are locally known as the Nawab family. They are greatly respected by the Bengalees, both Hindus and Mussalmans. They are also treated with the greatest respect and consideration by the Government.]

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DELHI, Dec. 5.

Capt. Rees, 13th Hussars, is appointed Adjutant of the Yorkshire Dragoons, Territorial Force.

Major St. J. A. Cox, Royal Irish Regiment, has been selected to command a battalion from 19th February.

Col. A. W. Money, British Service, has taken over the duties of Brigadier-General, Southern Army.

Approval has been given to the appointment of Col. Johnstone, I. A., as Assistant Quartermaster General, Meerut Division, from 6th January next.

Maj.-Gen. Sir H. Bower is permitted to reside out of India.

Lieut. Bassett, No. 23, Mountain Battery, is posted to the Home Establishment on promotion.

The death is reported of Capt. Pickthall, 3rd Brahmans, Burma Military Police, at Maymyo on 24th November last.

2nd Lieut. Fitzgibbon, Unattached List, is appointed to the 120th Pioneers.

MEDICAL SERVICES.

SIMLA, Dec. 5.

Col. H. J. Barratt, British Service, has been appointed Assistant Director of Government Medical Services, Bareilly, Garhwal and Dehra Dun Brigades, with effect from 17th November 1912, vice Col. L. E. Anderson, British Service, promoted and transferred.

The undermentioned lady nurses have been permitted to retire from the service on completion of their third term of service:—Senior Nursing Sister Miss Ellen Beatrice Green Wood, Senior Nursing Sister Miss Ethel Sykes.

APPOINTMENTS, POSTINGS, &c.,

STAFF.

Captain J.McL.G. Taylor, 119th Infantry, to officiate as Staff Captain Ahmednagar Brigade, vice Captain Gribbon, granted leave.

Colonel T.E.O'Leary, 2nd Bn. Royal Irish Fusiliers, to officiate in Command 2nd (Quetta) Infantry Brigade, vice Lieut-Colonel H. Delme-Radcliffe.

Captain G. M. Ayscough, 116th Mahrattas, to be Station Staff Officer, Jhansi, vice Captain W. S. Casson, 27th Light Cavalry.

REGIMENTAL.

7th Hussars.—2nd-Lieut. H. F. Dixson warned to embark for India to join his unit.

1st Bn. Oxfords, and Bucks, Lt. Infantry.—Captain R. O. Logan detailed for a tour of duty with 3rd Reserve Battalion of the Regiment vice Captain A. G. Bayley, ordered to join the Staff College.

33rd Light Cavalry.—Lieut. J. G. Willoughby to be officiating Quarter Master vice Lieut. W. Kenworthy, appointed Aide-de-Camp to His Excellency the Governor of Madras.

73rd Carnatic Infantry.—Lieut. C. P. Gardner to be officiating Adjutant, vice Captain H. C. F. Bell, granted leave.

Lieut. W. T. Windeler to be officiating Quarter Master, vice Lieut. C. P. Gardner.

Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers.—Captain J. A. Armstrong has been transferred from the 2nd to the 1st Battalion.

Oxfords, and Bucks. Lt. Infantry.—An exchange has been sanctioned between Lieut. W. E. T. Morland, 2nd Battalion, and Lieut. W. E. C. Terry, 1st Bn.

17th Company, 3rd Sappers and Miners.—Lieut. E. V. Binney to officiate as double Company Commander, vice Captain Arbuthnot, granted leave.

Captain G. L. C. Little, I. M. S., has been granted leave for 8 months, ex India, on Medical Certificate.

BANK OF BURMA.

Transactions with Mower and Co.

MAGISTERIAL INQUIRY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, Dec. 5.

At the magisterial enquiry into the charges of criminal breach of trust relating to the Bank of Burma's affairs, Mr. E. R. Houldsworth, Liquidator of the Bank, further deposed that the shortage of securities on June 30th was Rs. 7,52,764-3-6. It was headed Mower and Co.'s General Manager account. It did not show why it was the manager's account. As far as he knew, it was only one account. The overdraft of Rs. 8,09,034-11-10 went up in six months to Rs. 9,64,258-2-6, which was an increase of Rs. 1,55,223-6-8, —interest on six following loans as debited to Mower and Co.'s G. M. account, hence their inclusion. Rs. 1,50,000 was a loan to Mr. E. S. Attia on August 1st, 1906. Interest to it was debited to G. M. account on December 29th, 1906. Rs. 17,00,000 was first lent on November 9th, 1909. The next loan of Rs. 5,50,000 was made on June 7th, 1907. The loan of Rs. 1,50,000 was made on August 23rd, 1909, of Rs. 80,000 on March 31st, 1910, of Rs. 8,34,482 on December 30th, 1910. There was nothing in the ledger to show why it was a broken amount. The partners in Mower and Co. were Messrs. G. S. Clifford, S. A. Mower and Charles Clifford. On June 30th, 1911, the total interest was Rs. 1,97,327-6-9; plus other sundry debits it was Rs. 2,62,123-6-8. The only sum received in six months was Rs. 193-14-2. Mr. Attia was short of security by Rs. 3,62,552-13-9.

LATER.

Mr. Houldsworth was further examined by the Government Advocate with reference to the affairs of certain debtors to the Bank, whose securities were either not at all or not fully secured, as well as of those debtors on whose account no interest had been paid or in whose securities there was a shortage.

In some instances interest was shown in profit and loss account, not in suspense interest account as it should have been. Mr. W. Cotterell's debt to the Bank by way of loan was Rs. 1,34,247, on which no interest had been paid for six months, there being also a shortage in them of Rs. 59,997. Nothing had been realised from him since June 30th. Shortages in securities in other instances were detailed by the witness.

All the three defendants claimed through their counsel to-day to be tried as British-born subjects. The hearing is proceeding.

CALCUTTA SCIENCE COLLEGE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 5.

The *Englishman* understands that the Government of Bengal is now considering the proposal to remove the Sibpur Engineering College and part of the Calcutta College to Dacca, to be incorporated with the proposed Dacca University.

The Calcutta University will shortly approach the Government of Bengal for a liberal donation to the proposed Calcutta College of Science, which will be founded with the princely gift of fifteen lakhs of rupees from Mr. T. Palit. The University has given two and a half lakhs towards the project. It is estimated that about forty lakhs is necessary for the scheme.

SIR R. CARLYLE IN RANGOON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, Dec. 5.

Sir Robert Carlyle, Member for Revenue and Agriculture, Government of India, who has been touring Burma, inspecting forest and settlement parties, returned to Rangoon yesterday, and is staying, with Lady Carlyle, as a guest of the Lieut.-Governor at Government House.

To-day, with Mr. Buchanan, Chairman, Port Commissioners, Sir Robert Carlyle visited the river training works at Seikgyi, remaining there for several hours, and going over the whole scheme.

Sir Robert and Lady Carlyle returned to Calcutta on Saturday, and will spend the winter in Simla, where the Department of Revenue and Agriculture will be located, only a small office camp being kept at Delhi.

THEFT IN A POONA TRAIN.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Dec. 5.

The Government Railway Police at Lanowli yesterday arrested a young Parsi named Maneckji Hormusji Bharucha on suspicion of having committed theft in a running train. In consequence of a report made by one Bhayaji Kushava Kale, who stated that he was robbed while travelling by a night train yesterday to Poona, the police instituted inquiries which led to the arrest of the accused. On getting into his compartment, the complainant stated, he noticed three men dressed in European clothes occupying the same compartment. He took his coat off and hung it on the peg near him before going to sleep. When he awoke at Talegaon he found that his pockets had been rifled of currency-notes and cash of the value of Rs. 100. One of the other passengers had left the train at some station between Byculla and Talegaon.

The accused will be placed before the magistrate shortly.

L.-G OF THE PUNJAB.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DELHI, Dec. 5.

An official announcement regarding the appointment of a successor to Sir Louis Dane may be expected shortly; meanwhile Mr. O. Dwyer, I.C.S., of the Political Department, is being freely mentioned as the next Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab.

IT is officially notified that the following elections have been made to the Bombay Legislative Council: the Hon. Mr. M. de P. Webb by the Karachi Chamber of Commerce, the Hon. Mr. Marshall F. Read C.I.E., by the Bombay Chamber of Commerce and Sardar Sir Chenubhai Madhavlal, Kt. C.I.E., by the Millowners' Association of Ahmedabad.

"Incandescent Gas is one of the healthiest and most economical systems of lighting."—The LANCET (the leading Medical Journal in the United Kingdom.)

BOMBAY CORPORATION.

The King Edward Memorial Association.

A meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held yesterday afternoon, the Hon. Mr Manmohandas Ramji, the President, presiding.

The Commissioner forwarded for orders a letter received by him from the Secretary to Government in the General Department, nominating the Commissioner and the Executive Health Officer as members of a special committee which was being appointed by Government at the suggestion of the Committee of the Bombay Presidency King Edward Memorial Association to decide as to the choice of the design for the King Edward Memorial Hospital in Bombay city.

On the motion of Dr. Sir Bhalchandra Krishna the Corporation agreed to the proposal.

Dr. Sukhia, in accordance with previous notice, moved to the effect that when increases of establishment or salaries were proposed they should be specially brought before them for their approval with a statement of reasons, and that Budget provision should not be made until such approval had been given. The present system seemed to be an unsound procedure.

After some discussion the proposition was rejected.

Dr. Dinshah B. Master moved that the attention of the Commissioner be drawn to the report of the Health Officer on the meat supply in Bombay, and that he be requested to submit a report on the measures he might propose to take with regard to the improvements suggested by the Health Officer.

The proposition was duly seconded and agreed to.

On the motion of Dr Jehangir J. Cursetji the following resolution was passed. That the Municipal Commissioner be requested to report at an early date as to: (1) What were the approximate hours fixed at present for the scavengering and watering of the principal roads in the city in the morning and in the afternoon during the hot and cold weather; and (2) whether he thought it desirable to make any alterations with regard to them, and if so, what these were.

The Corporation then adjourned.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Services Commission and Subordinate Grades.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Now that the Public Service Commission is about to investigate into the conditions of service of the subordinate grades, may I draw the attention of the Commissioners and other Authorities, through the medium of your journal, to the conditions of the General Provident Fund intended for the non-I. C. S. class of civil servants. As at present constituted, the fund is merely a "Savings Bank" for Government servants, with the absence, moreover, of a good many of the advantages of the Postal Bank. Like the latter, it merely gives a 4 per cent. rate of interest, and nothing more. An additional institution on the lines of the Postal Savings Bank was quite unnecessary, and it has passed the understanding of those for whom it was intended, as to what could be the object of Government in merely duplicating its machinery. Surely the demand which existed before its inception was not for an institution of this sort, but for an institution of the sort now prevailing in the railway services and other private companies. It was generally expected that it would be conceived with some degree of generosity and magnanimity, and that it would inaugurate a new era for the lowly-paid professions. Hopes were generally entertained by the members of these professions in particular that it would largely obviate the hardships at present entailed on them by the pension system. The pension system, be it remembered, only entitles a person to pension during life after 30 years of approved qualifying service. The widows and children of those who die even in the 29th year of their service get nothing. Had there been a Provident Fund on the lines of those instituted for Railway servants—as all Provident Funds worth the name should be—how different might not have been the position of these widows and children. I know several such cases, notably that of a young Parsee clerk, who, after years of clerical drudgery on a very low salary, was at last substantially promoted. He, however, contracted consumption and died without getting anything. Government refused, as it usually does, to grant his widow a gratuity. Such cases are very frequent in India, specially in Bombay, owing to the prevalence of various infectious diseases. In fact, every death, resignation or dismissal within the 30 years' period results in the hardships complained of. Every such case is a direct gain to Government, but also the source of great misery to the poor families left behind. All railway employees laugh at our Provident Fund and point out that the benefits of their fund far exceed those even of our boasted pension. And well they may, for there they put in a certain contribution every month and their generous company adds to it an equal sum and the interest on the total at a fair rate. Surely Government can widen the scope of their own fund on those lines. What a company can do Government ought certainly to be able to do. The class of servants admissible to the fund and who will be benefited are all non-I.C.S. Government officers up to the grade of clerks, and none are in need of more immediate help than the ill-paid, ill-fed and hard-worked profession of clerks.

The present General Provident Fund is simply a mockery, and the belief is daily gaining ground—though I believe there is no real foundation for it—that it has been originated by Government in its own interest, viz., to enable it to have a free hand in the use of the money so cheaply raised without the cumbersome and expensive procedure of floating loans, etc.—Yours, etc.,

SUBORDINATE SERVANT.

Bombay, Dec. 4.

HYDERABAD NOTES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

HYDERABAD, Dec. 2.

The authorities of the Chudderghaut All Saints' High School having applied to the local British Government for an increase of grant-in-aid, the Second Assistant to the Hon'ble the Resident was deputed to inquire and report upon the existing condition of the institution. Mr. Graves-Law, I.C.S., accordingly, visited the school this morning, and satisfied himself as to all manner of details, including the proposed additional building for the Kindergarten branch. I believe the Second Assistant Resident was favourably impressed by all he saw, and congratulated the Reverend Rector, Fr. P. Garbelli, on the commendable progress that was being made to ensure the moral, intellectual and physical development of the "All Saints." To-morrow morning, Mr. and Mrs. Graves-Law will inspect and report upon the Convent of the Most Holy Rosary, in order to ascertain if the latter also is entitled to an increased grant-in-aid.

Colonel Pinhey, British Resident, has some guests at present at the Residency, and some officers of the Secunderabad Garrison, numbering nearly 30, will be leaving for Narsinpett, where a camp has been pitched on a shooting excursion for big game in the Garla jungles on the Beszada section of H. H. the Nizam's G. S. Railways. The party will leave on the 10th December, and will remain in camp till about the 6th January. Dr. M. G. Pragasem of the Residency Hospital has been appointed Medical Officer for the camp.

Nawab Afsar-ul-Mulk, the aged and venerable Commander of the Regular and Imperial Troops of H. H. the Nizam, has been relieved of some of his extra duties. Camp work, motor garage, etc., have now been transfered to other hands.

H. H. the Nizam intends paying Aurungabad a visit shortly. He may perhaps proceed there after the first 10 days in the month of Moharum, a few days before Christmas. Talking about Moharum reminds one of the historical Lungar procession which from time immemorial used to be confined within the city. The present Nizam's residing palace is in King-Kote which is a suburban locality, while the Prime Minister's palace is in the City. As a rule the Lungar procession passed by the palace of the latter and the Panch Mahala, where the former Nizams held their "Baramat Khane." If his Highness elects to witness the Lungar from King-Kote, the troops and pageantry will have to form up at Firtley Maidan, pass King-Kote, then the Chudderghaut Residency, the Minister's palace and Panch Mahala, and then get to quarters.

CURRENT INDIAN NEWS.

It is announced elsewhere that a competition for the Ladies' Amateur Golf Championship of India will be held at the Tollygunj Club on the 13th to 15th January next.

The Dutch Government are withdrawing the restrictions on foreign labour in Java and Sumatra, thereby rendering an immense boon to planters, says a special cable to the "Times of Ceylon."

The Government of India have sanctioned the grant of Rs. 50,000 for experimental jungle clearing in Bengal. This will enable the authorities to find out the effect of the existence of jungles on the spread of malaria in the Province.

At a recent meeting of the Committee of the Colombo Ladies' Golf Club it was decided to circularise members, asking them, in view of the objection of the patron of the club to Sunday play, kindly to refrain from this for the present.

The objection lodged against Mr. Burjorji's Hygeia, winner of the Rangoon St. Leger, on the ground of boring Than May 2nd, the Pony, last evening, was overruled at a meeting of the stewards, and an appeal is being preferred to the Calcutta Turf Club.

A correspondent writes:—A man-eater of the Royal-Bengal type, 9ft. long and 3 1-2ft. high, has been for the last one year and odd doing much havoc in the hills parts of the Ganjam District. Not less than thirty human beings, not to speak of live stock, have fallen a prey to it. Fortunately, on Monday night, with one shot only, the Yuvarajah Sahib of Mandasa bagged it. Much credit is due to him for relieving the people in the neighbourhood from this pest.

A military correspondent in Ireland writes:—General recruiting has been opened throughout Ireland for the 8th King's Royal Irish Hussars, Lucknow, and a good many suitable men are being got for that fine old light cavalry regiment. Captain Woods, 8th Hussars, serving with the Irish Cavalry Depot, which includes a depot squadron of the 8th, has been granted an extension in his tour till the 1st November of next year. General recruiting has also been opened for the 7th Dragoon Guards, Secunderabad, throughout Ireland, a good many men being required for this regiment next trooping season.

Neither the official experiments in sericulture in the Punjab nor the outside non-official work have been very successful. The Lieutenant-Governor expresses the hope that this important industry will receive close attention this year. There is any quantity of mulberry already in irrigated and rivers rain plantations, and the experience of Changa-Manga shows that the hot winds of April are much mitigated in such plantations, the difference in maximum temperature within and without the plantations being as much as 9 degrees. This should get over what were the main difficulties in the way of sericulture in the past. The silk experts of the Salvation Army, towards whose salary Government is contributing, are to be asked for a note on their operations annually.

An illustration of the kindly interest taken by his Majesty the King in the welfare of his Indian soldiers is furnished by a correspondent at Peshawar:—"It appears that, during his visit to India, it came to his Majesty's notice that an old native Officer, who was the hero of one of the most thrilling adventures in "The Story of the Guides," was ending his days is very straightened circumstances. As a result of the interest taken by his Majesty in this highly deserving case a gallant old soldier's pension has been materially increased, so that he may end his days in comparative comfort and peace. To those who have read the story, and who admire a brave heart, and steadfast courage amidst great dangers, his Majesty's graceful acknowledgment will seem particularly appropriate."

In the "Bishops's Diary" in the current issue of the "Madras and Tinnevelly Diocesan Magazine," for December, there is the following amusing passage regarding mermaids:—"Last time we touched at Aden I was told that a little while before a fisherman had caught a mermaid on the rocks in the bay, but had foolishly killed it, not realising that she might have gained him much wealth. I enquired about the mermaids this time, of the P. and O. Agent, and he not only assured me of their existence, but declared that he had eaten them in other parts of the world; it seemed as bad as cannibalism! A lady on board told me that she saw the mermaid which was caught at Aden, pickled in a shop at Port Said, and that it was a horrid sight. This took all the romance out of mermaids, and I felt I could never take any interest in them again."

From Regina, Saskatchewan, comes the news that Mr. William Trant, the Police Magistrate, is writing his autobiography. Twenty-five years ago he was one of the most prominent Radical journalists in London. He was a correspondent in Paris during the Commune, when one of his experiences was that of being sentenced to death as a spy. In 1874 he came out to Bombay as a member of the staff of the "Times of India," and accompanied the late King Edward—then Prince of Wales—on his tour of India. Mr. Trant is under the conviction that he is the last survivor of the special correspondents who then accompanied the Prince of Wales on his travels. He returned to London in 1879, and without much loss of time again identified himself with the Radical movements of that period. He has been in Canada since the middle eighties.

H. H. the Maharaja of Gwalior being anxious to develop his State on up-to-date lines, has recently sanctioned a mineral survey which will extend over a period of five years, and will be under the direction of Professor Duoston of the Imperial Institute. A party of three well-known surveyors and experts with wide experience have arrived in Gwalior and commenced this systematic survey. Galena, mica, and other valuable metals and minerals are known to exist in the State, and the prospects of developing this mineral wealth are most promising. For the information of prospectors and others a "Sketch of the Geology and Mineral Deposits of the Gwalior State" has been prepared by Mr. S. P. Gargawa, the State Geologist. This small book brings together all the information relating to the geology and mineral deposits of Gwalior, available from the geological publications of the Government of India, and official reports submitted to the Gwalior Department of Commerce and Industry by the State mining engineers and geological experts. It has been prepared under the direction of Mr. G. J. M. Hamilton, the State Inspector-General of Commerce and Industry, and should save intending prospectors a good deal of trouble. It may also be mentioned that up-to-date rules regulating the exploring of minerals and governing the grant of prospecting licences for minerals and mining leases have recently been prepared in the Commerce and Industry Department of the State.

KATHIAWAR NEWS.

Our Bhavnagar correspondent wrote on the 4th instant:—

The Rajsaheb of Dhragandhra left this morning by a special train which will reach Veraval, via Rajkot, at 7 p.m., this evening. He will thence go to Somnath Pattan to perform a ceremony in connection with the death of his consort.

A woman of the sooly class has been sentenced by the Deputy Political Agent of Sangad to suffer rigorous imprisonment for two months, for having stolen ornaments valued at Rs. 200. She had absconded from Idar, where it appears she had been married to a Brahmin by four Brahmins of Kathiawar, after being dressed as a Brahmin woman. The four Brahmins were handed over to the authorities at Idar. A Talukdar of Bhojawadar, who was implicated, was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 100.

BACK BAY RECLAMATION.

The Bombay Committee, which was recently appointed under the chairmanship of Sir Vithaldas Thackersey to inquire into the probable demand for land reclaimed from Back Bay, and the rate at which it might profitably be put upon the market, has been requested to report not later than December 31st.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

THE HIGH COURT.

OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE SUED.

Recovery of an Insolvent's Debt.

DECREE FOR PLAINTIFF.

Heptoola Ismailji sued Mr. B. N. Lang, acting Official Assignee, to recover Rs. 2,000 secured by the mortgage of a decretal debt by an instrument dated 9th June 1910. The matter came up for decision before Mr. Justice Beaman in the Bombay High Court.

The defence was that the suit was barred by section 17 of the Insolvency Act, as no leave to prosecute the Official Assignee had been obtained.

Heptulabhai Ismailji Tamawala sued the Official Assignee in charge of the estate and effects of Tayabhai Moosaji for the recovery of Rs. 2,000 and interest thereon at the rate of nine per cent. per annum from 1st June 1910.

The plaintiff advanced to the said Tyabhai Moosaji Rs. 2,000 on the 1st June 1910 on the faith of an agreement that the judgment and decree (exclusive of costs) obtained by the said Tyabhai Moosaji against Abdulabhai Farjulabhai for Rs. 2,440 and interest would be assigned to plaintiff as security for the loan. The actual assignment of the decree was executed on the 9th day of June 1910 by the said Tyabhai Moosaji to plaintiff. The said Tyabhai Moosaji having become insolvent, the Official Assignee recovered the full amount of the decree from the said Abdulabhai Farjulabhai. Plaintiff called upon the Official Assignee to admit his right to the said moneys due under the said decree and recovered by him, but defendant refused to do so. Thereupon plaintiff filed the suit for a declaration that he was a secured creditor for the amount aforesaid, and entitled to be paid, out of the judgment recovered by the Official Assignee, the sum of Rs. 2,000 and interest at 9 per cent.

The first defendant pleaded that the deed of assignment executed in favour of plaintiff by the said Tyabhai Moosaji, shortly before his insolvency, was bogus and without consideration. It was further argued by the defence that the suit was not maintainable, as it was filed without the leave of the Court against the Official Assignee and was bad under section 17 of the Presidency Insolvency Act, and must be dismissed with costs on that ground.

The defence cited the decision of Mr. Justice Davar, but the above contention was overruled and the suit was allowed to be proceeded with.

His Lordship, in the course of his judgment decreeing the suit in favour of plaintiff, said he had been referred to a recent decision of Mr. Justice Davar on that point, in which the learned judge held that the leave of the Court was necessary for the filing of a suit against the Official Assignee. It appeared that shortly afterwards, in a motion before Mr. Justice Heaton, that judgment was cited and followed.

It was with the greatest reluctance and the utmost deference to the opinion of Mr. Justice Davar that his Lordship felt that he could not adopt the same course, as he felt unable to accept the conclusion reached by Mr. Justice Davar. After giving his best attention to that judgment, his Lordship thought that there was much to be said in support of the view Mr. Justice Davar held. It appeared to his Lordship that before that view could be established the language of sec. 17 with its proviso needed much interpretation even to the insertion of words which were not to be found in the section or the proviso itself. His Lordship would hesitate long before departing from the plain and natural meaning of the language used by the legislature. The concluding words of the proviso seemed to him to be conclusive. For, if there were no such section, how could it be secured that a secured creditor might not realise his security in the ordinary way by means of a suit. In some cases it was not easy to see how he could do so by any other means. For example, the case of an equitable mortgage might be cited. Having read the proviso and the section and having considered the reasoning in the judgment of Mr. Justice Davar, it still seemed to his Lordship that the section was taken from the English Bankruptcy Court and it did not secure the rights of creditors.

After going into the other defences, Mr. Justice Beaman examined the evidence and came to the conclusion that plaintiff had proved his case, and a decree for Rs. 2,000, with 9 per cent. interest from 9th June 1910 to the day of judgment and cost and interest after judgment, was passed.

GOODS LOST IN RAILWAY TRANSIT.

Jotiba Bhairooba Gaekwar sued the G. I. P. Railway Company and Ramji Keshavji for the recovery of Rs. 800, the value of silk lost in transit by the G. I. P. Railway Company. The defendant, Ramji Keshavji, is a mukadam in Bombay, trading as Ramji Keshavji. On 18th July 1911, plaintiff, Jotiba Bhairooba Gaekwar of Phalton in S.M.C., had to send some raw China silk by rail, and he desired the defendant, Ramji Keshavji, to consign the bundle from Wari Bunder and Sonda to the address of one Baboo Dhole. Defendant got only his usual mukadam's pay of Re. 1, which, on deducting therefrom cartage and other charges, would hardly leave 4 annas to defendant. Defendant consigned the silk from Wari Bunder and gave defendant's name as the sender. The silk was sent as ordinary goods and the receipt contained the letters "O R," meaning "at owner's risk." The goods never reached their destination, and the plaintiff sued the G. I. P. Railway Company and, in the alternative, the defendant, to recover Rs. 800, in the Presidency Small Cause Court at Bombay. Plaintiff said he had instructed defendant to send the goods by passenger train and book them as "silk with care." The Small Cause Court judge first held that no specific instruction had been given by plaintiff as to the class of train by which the goods were to be sent, and that defendant committed no breach in consigning the article by a goods train. But as defendant had sent the goods in his name as consignor he was technically wrong and therefore a decree for Re 1 was passed against him.

Both parties appealed to a full Court, which held that defendant had acted against his duty and beyond his instructions in sending the goods at owner's risk, without consulting plaintiff, and the full Court passed a decree for Rs. 805, with costs, against defendant, Ramji Keshavji.

The defendant, Ramji Keshavji, appealed against the order of the full Court to the High Court, and the matter was dealt with by the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Chandavarkar. Their Lordships at first issued a rule on the Small Cause Court, but after hearing Mr. Jinnah, instructed by Mr. T. R. Desai, for the petitioner, and Mr. S.B. Dadyburjorji, for the opponent, their Lordships did not see any reason to interfere with the decision of the full Court in the Court of Small Causes.

A DEAL IN SILVER.

Mohonlal Kalidas sued Gordhandas Ranchordas Bhagat for difference of price and loss sustained by plaintiff in a silver transaction. The matter came up before Mr. Justice Heaton in the Bombay High Court for retrial from the Appeal Court.

The facts are thus stated in the judgment: The plaintiff had delivery orders for 221 bars of silver and he sold them to the defendant, and although there was some confusion as to the exact date or dates of the transaction, both sides agreed that it took place partly at the defendant's house on a certain night, and partly at the defendant's shop on the following morning. There was bargaining at night, and the delivery orders were handed over by the plaintiff to the defendant next morning. There was a confusion as to whether these things happened on the 19th and 20th or 20th and 21st October. The agreement between the parties as to the incidents was fairly complete, except in the matter of price. Plaintiff says that he sold all the 221 bars at a uniform sale of Rs. 65-2-0 a hundred tolas. Defendant says he bought 103 bars at night at Rs. 64-8-0 a hundred tolas and the remaining 118 bars in the morning at Rs. 64. There were 50 bars at Rs. 64-8-0, 6 at Rs. 64-10-0, and 165 at Rs. 64-2-0. Had the plaintiff sold them at a uniform rate of Rs. 65-2-0 he would have made a large profit amounting to between Rs. 5,000 and Rs. 6,000. If they were sold at the rate which the defendant alleges, the plaintiff would have made a small profit amounting to Rs. 59-8-0, an amount which the defendant admitted was due to the plaintiff. There was a certain improbability in the assumption that a large dealer like the defendant would be so little able to foresee the vagaries of the market as to buy at Rs. 65-3-0 on the 10th when only on the following day the rate had fallen by 10 annas. The market rate could not be Rs. 65-2-0 or even near that. The probabilities were against it, and the market rate must have been considerably less than Rs. 65. The defendant was a large dealer and plaintiff was a dealer on a very much smaller scale, in silver. He was at the time of the transaction in embarrassed circumstances, and about a fortnight, according to his own evidence, after the transaction, left Bombay unable to pay his debts, and was absent for several months. The defendant was thus in a position to make the terms of the bargain rather hard, and plaintiff was not in a position to insist on terms which were favourable to himself, and as the market could not have been as high as stated by the plaintiff, the rate agreed upon could not have been Rs. 65-2-0, which was actually and honestly demanded from the defendant by the plaintiff through his solicitor. As there was no signed documentary evidence, it was to be easily understood that the letter was sent in the hope of getting a better price. But it was not substantial ground for assuming that in fact that rate had been agreed upon between the plaintiff and the defendant. The contract on which the plaintiff had sued had not been made out. It was very far from certain that what the defendant asserted was the exact truth of the matter. The truth lay midway between the allegations of the opposing parties. Both the rates given by the plaintiff and the defendant were wrong, and as the plaintiff had not, so far as making the decree was concerned, made out the contract on which he sued, his claim was dismissed except as to the sum of Rs. 59-8-0. But as the rates entered by the defendants in his books were no more satisfactory, the parties were left to bear their own costs.

A decree for the plaintiff for Rs. 5-9-8, with interest from date of judgment, was passed, and as substantially the plaintiff had failed in the suit, he was ordered to pay the court-fees which would have been paid by him if he had not been permitted to sue as a pauper.

THE POLICE COURTS.

THEFT AS A SERVANT.

At the Mazagon Police Court, before the acting Second Presidency Magistrate, Rao Bhadur Chunilal H. Setalwad, Sub-Inspector Sutton charged Abdul Syad Mahomed Syad, a servant in the employ of H. H. Lady Ali Shah, with theft as a servant, of silver-plate valued at Rs. 15.

The prosecution story was that on the 4th instant, the accused stole the tray and was about to pledge it to a Marwari when he was arrested on suspicion. He had been in the service of the complainant for nine years. He admitted his guilt and the magistrate convicted and sentenced him to 21 days' hard labour.

RECEIVING STOLEN PROPERTY.

Before the same Magistrate Sub-Inspector B. N. Shaikh charged Krishnabai with having committed theft as a servant, and Gopal Babu with receiving stolen property.

The story of the prosecution was that accused No. 1 was a servant under the complainant, Mr. Prabhchand Gulabchand. She stole a currency-note of Rs. 500 and gave it to her brother, accused No. 2. They were arrested on the 26th November at Ratnagiri. The accused pleaded guilty. The Magistrate convicted both the accused and sentenced No. 1 to three months' hard labour and No. 2 to six weeks' rigorous imprisonment.

The note was ordered to be returned to the complainant, who gave Rs. 25 to charity.

AN UNSCRUPULOUS BHAYA.

Sakaichand Motilal, a general merchant who has his place of business at the Dadysett Agiari-lane, has reported to the police that at 5 p.m. yesterday his Bhaya servant, named Bachhaya Surjaya, absconded with a currency-note of Rs. 1,000, which had been given to him to pay into the firm of Messrs. Jewabhai Magan at Paidhoni.

BOMBAY INQUESTS.

Woman who Set her Clothes on Fire in Hospital.

Mary Cohino, a native Christian woman, aged about 25, was removed to the Sir J. J. Hospital at 9 a.m. on the 3rd November, suffering from injuries received by a fall from a flight of stairs. She was detained in the hospital for treatment, where she died yesterday. As nothing was known as to how the fall occurred, an inquest was held by Mr. G. F. Chalk, the Coroner, at the Morgue.

Mrs Hilda Beauchamp, a neighbour of the deceased, said she lived in a room adjoining witness' room on the second floor of a chawl at Morland-road. One day, about a month ago, about 6 a.m., witness heard a man say "Mary, don't do like this, it is very bad." About five minutes after the witness heard something roll down outside the room into a drain. Witness was too nervous to look. Witness also heard the man shout from the same floor to an old Hindu woman, "Mother Mithi, come here; see what Mary is doing." The old woman refused to go. The man lived with the deceased. From what she heard witness thought that the deceased had wanted to commit suicide and the man had tried to stop her. Witness heard no quarrel that morning, but two days before that there had been a quarrel between the deceased and the man. The deceased on that occasion came out and told the landlord that it would be a kindness to allow her to take her boxes away. Otherwise, she said, she would destroy herself. From what witness heard witness thought that the deceased contemplated suicide. Witness did not think the man threw her out.

Rahimtooja Pir Gulam said some three or four days before the occurrence he went to the deceased to ask for the rent, when the latter asked him to turn out the man who was in the room, and who witness knew had been living with her for some days past. The room was rented in the name of the deceased, and witness told her that he had not brought the man to the room.

Dr. John George Williams, Assistant House Surgeon, Sir J. J. Hospital, said the deceased was brought to the hospital at about 9 a. m. on the 3rd ultimo, by her husband, who stated that she had fallen from a flight of steps, about twenty feet high.

The deceased was conscious. After describing the injuries, witness stated that on the 10th ultimo at about midnight she set fire to her clothes, causing severe burns. Gradually her condition grew worse and she died yesterday.

Witness was of opinion that the death was due to blood-poisoning, following on a fracture of the spine.

Witness further stated that he was present when Mr. Frank Oliviera came to take her statement. Deceased was conscious but refused to make a statement before the Magistrate. She, however, made statements off and on: sometimes she blamed her husband and said he threw her downstairs. She said so the first day. The deceased used to throw herself off her cot. Witness thought that the deceased had suicidal tendencies. She used to abuse the nurses. Witness did not think she was right in her mind.

As the man with whom the deceased had been living was not present, further enquiry was adjourned.

DEATH OF LADY THACKERSEY.

It is with deep regret that we have to record the sad and premature death of Lady Vithaldas Thackersey yesterday morning at her residence, "Damodher Bhuvan," Warden-road, Mahalaxmi. The deceased was only 27 years of age, but had been in indifferent health for some time past and had been confined to her bed for the last three or four months. In spite of the best medical aid, she passed away quietly this morning. Lady Vithaldas was a cultured lady who took a keen interest in all public movements. She was actively associated with the Princess Victoria Mary Gymkhana, Bombay, the Seva Sadan, and other movements, and was a keen supporter of the cause of female education. She led a simple life and was much liked by all who came in contact with her. The deepest sympathy will be felt for Sir Vithaldas in his bereavement.

The Rev. Mowbray Stephen O'Borke, M.A., has been nominated by the Archbishop of Canterbury to be Bishop of the recently formed diocese of Accra (Gold Coast), in succession to the Right Rev. Bishop Hamlyn, who has resigned.

NEW BOOKS.

THE STREET OF THE FLUTE PLAYER, H. De Vere Stacpoole. (John Murray.)—It is small wonder that Pheidon, the little Greek fisher-boy in Mr. H. De Vere Stacpoole's "Street of the Flute Player," fell under the spell of Diomed, the dashing Athenian cavalryman. It is hard to say which is the real hero of the book, Diomed, with his ready tongue, his appreciation of everything beautiful, his ignorance of the meaning of love until he surprised Nitetis at her bath, or Pheidon who trounced the dog stealer, outwitted Gyges the banker, and accomplished wonderful deeds of daring in his rescue of his self-appointed master's lady. Brilliant local colour such as one would expect from the author of "The Blue Lagoon" and "The Ship of Coral" is not lacking in "The Street of the Flute Player." Athens at the time when Aristophanes' "Frogs" was a novelty lives before us not as ancient history, but as a breathing, palpitating city. The inflexible law that the Athenian citizen, be he patrician, noble, or plebeian fishmonger, can seek in marriage only the daughter of an Athenian, plays an important part in the story. One can hardly blame the alien Gyges, the half-Persian, half-Egyptian banker, for using every wile to thwart Diomed in his reckless (though, according to his lights, strictly honourable) pursuit of the lovely Nitetis. In drawing vivid pictures of hand-to-hand struggles between deadly foes Mr. Stacpoole comes second to no living English author. The battle to the death of the lovely Nitetis and the boy Pheidon against the brawny Egyptian slave Bartjas in the ship's hold in the harbour of the Piræus is a little classic in its way. Altogether the book provides all that the most jaded novel-reader could desire—fresh local colouring, plenty of action and incident, and withal a tale of true love.

A BOY IN THE COUNTRY. By John Stevenson. (Edward Arnold.)

"A boy's will is the wind's will,
And the thoughts of youth are long, long thoughts."

It is just when these "long, long thoughts" remain in the mind of the grown man and he sets them down, looking back to the days of his boyhood, that we are rewarded with a book like this. The scene of this charming series of recollections and descriptive sketches is laid in Ulster—County Antrim—and the author, looking back, recalls the days of the boyhood with a freshness and grace that result in delightful reading. Such descriptions as these in "The Scribe." "The Wise Woman, Sacrament Sunday," and "The Waddin'o' Jamie" are full of life, to say nothing of the quaint touches of humour and skilful character drawing, while wistful memory and a boy's true romance find place in such chapters as are headed "For You, Not for Sixpence and "A Consideration of Smells." The style is natural and unaffected, the discriptions true to the life of an out-of-the-way corner of the world, as seen through the glasses of dear memory, while the imaginative element is strongly marked—coming out vividly, for example, in the "Boy's Four Kinds of Solitude"—the Solitudes of the Night, the Hills, the Sea, and the Wind. It is also a book redolent with the love of Nature in her varying moods.

JOHN by Strahan Richards Andrew Melrose. For audacity of conception few stories are likely to excel that of John. It is described as a story of this world and the next. It is sometimes said that stories used to end with marriage and now start with it. This story commences with the death of the hero, and for some time it is concerned with fortunes of his soul in the shadowy land between earth and heaven. But we are given to understand that this is not the first time John has died, and before the novel ends, John is again reincarnated and returns to earth. Throughout, however, there is an intimate connection between earth and the spirit-land. Ghostly manifestations, haunted houses, possession by spirits, and the exorcism thereof are part of the equipment of Mr. Richards as a novelist. It should be said that his ethical purpose is evidently unimpeachable.

THE KING'S MASTER by Olive Lethbridge and John de Stourton (Stanley Paul.) This is a well written story of Anne Boleyn and her downfall. The authors trace the steps by which the unfortunate Queen is enmeshed in network of calumny and misrepresentation, and driven to her death. Engineering the plot is Master Secretary Cromwell, who procures the false evidence upon which the Queen is convicted, and enables Henry VIII. to get rid of his consort, and secure possession of the Lady Jane Seymour. The story of the Queen's pathetic efforts to maintain her position as her influence wanes is told with considerable power, and the pictures of the life of the court and Court of the period are painted in striking colours. The somewhat sombre tone of the narrative is relieved by lighter touches. Particularly effective is the description of Henry's clumsy pursuit of the Lady Jane, a coy and demure, but exceedingly astute maiden. The character drawing is skilful throughout. Apparently the heroine of popular fiction does not come under the "too old at forty" ban, for in her latest novel, "The Humbug" Hurst and Blackett, Mrs. Tom Godfrey for her principal character turns her back upon the ranks of "Sweet Seventeen." Middle-age, so far as one can judge from the book, is not immune from adventures of a highly improbable character. Patience Parry is described as an ordinary spinster such as one sees every day, but the events which make her career so interesting are not such as one come across every day outside of books. She is an extremely likeable person with most agreeable qualities, and the story of how in the happy end love comes into her life makes an eminently readable narrative. The characterisation is excellent.

Messrs. Stanley Paul and Co., have just published two new volumes of their A. B. C. series, entitled respectively "The A. B. C. Guide to Mythology" by Hallam A. Cust, in this book the author traces the rise and development of the various native myths through their Greek, Norse, and Oriental phases' with the result that the book may be used either as an authoritative guide to the subject or as an entertaining work for occasional and recreative reading. And "The A. B. C. Guide to Music" by Daniel G. Mason, in which the author discusses the theory of music in a simple and entertaining manner, and then treats in turn piano, orchestral and vocal music, dealing with the master musicians and their work with sure insight and brief, significant analysis. A third volume in the same Series, which will be published immediately, is entitled "The A. B. C. Guide to Pictures" by Charles H. Caffin. The author endeavours to point out the qualities which make for greatness in pictorial art, and it is his object not so much to tell the reader what pictures to admire as to inculcate the principles which which will enable him to judge for himself what is most worthy of admiration in art.

Considering the predominant part King Ferdinand seems likely to play in European politics, strangely little seems to have been written about him. We must turn to the pages of Mr. E. B. d'Auvergne's book "The Coburgs" (Stanley Paul and Co.) to refresh our memory as to the sensational happenings which led to his accession to the Bulgarian throne and for an account of the early and stormy years of his reign. It is curious to read that the appointment of Major (now General) Savoff to the ministry of war by the terrible premier Stamboloff was bitterly resented by the prince and ultimately brought about the downfall of the Bismark of the Balkans; not less curious is it to reflect that King Ferdinand, like the other crowned members of his fornuate house, owes his crown indirectly to the marriage of Prince Leopold (afterwards King of the Belgians) to the daughter of George IV an alliance which first brought the house of Coburg into the lime light of European politics. The trend of affairs give a topical interest to Mr. d'Auvergne's volume.

"Our Alty," by M. E. Francis (Mrs. Francis Blundell), author of "The Tender Passion," etc., is the title of a new novel which Messrs. John Long will shortly publish. Mrs. Blundell here returns to rural Lancashire, where many of her readers deem her at her best. The story deals with the adventures of a typical North-country lass. The description of the old-world customs and quaint characters of this unique corner of England adds a piquancy to the tale.

At this time of the year when the publishing season is at its height and everybody who buys books at all makes a selection for their library, "Best Books" will strongly appeal. "Best Books" is devoted entirely to the selection of all the best English words published. Each book described is followed by a note outlining the scope of the work. All the books selected are closely classified in a way that brings all the books on the same subject together. Since the Library Association stopped the annual publication of their list of 'Best Books', the "Best Books" we have just referred to has appeared in "the Librarian and book world," which is published monthly by Messrs. Stanley Paul and Co.

The strenuous efforts now being made to urge the passing of the Criminal Law Amendment Bill this Session have focussed the attention of the public on this vital phase of Social Reform and yet it is safe to say that while men and women have been moved to an intense and righteous indignation by the revelation of the horrors of the traffic, few really understand the depths to which the victims descend or realise the subtlety and craft exercised or the power wielded by those who make it their business to barter in flesh and sully the purity of womanhood. There have been many books attempting to deal with the great Social Evil of to-day but none have approached the subject in so masterly so, virile, and so conscientious a manner as M. Sylvestre in a new Novel, "The Light-Bearers," which Messrs John Long will shortly publish. Adequately to picture these things requires an author who while animated by intense conscientiousness of motive yet possesses the rare quality of restraint and judgment. These qualities M. Sylvestre possesses to a remarkable degree—to a degree indeed amounting to positive genius—and the consequencer is that The Light-Bearers stands alone in its fearless strength and tremendous power.

MISS MARIE HALL.

On Monday morning the reserved seats for that world-famed violinist, Miss Marie Hall's recital, will be on sale at Messrs. Rose and Co. The announcement last week that she was to visit Bombay has caused great enthusiasm and we forecast a great welcome for her in this city. The recitals which will take place in the Town Hall under the patronage of their Excellencies Sir George and Lady Clarke on Friday and Saturday, January 3rd and 4th, will include some of Miss Hall's greatest efforts.

During her recent Canadian tour she took her audiences by storm. The Winnipeg telegram, commenting on her performance, says:—

The reception accorded Marie Hall—the world's one great woman virtuoso of the violin—at the Walker Theatre last night was highly flattering. On her first appearance before a Winnipeg audience she won them completely, and the vast crowd that filled the theatre to the doors enthused in encore after encore, so that when she bowed in her demure fashion for the last time the curtain went down on an audience glowing from a real treat of art. This woman artist's playing is as distinct in form as any of the living masters of the violin. In herself she is lacking, perhaps, in the personality that stands for so much in the endowment of some virtuosi, but the somewhat school-girlishness of her appearance, so touched with pathos, becomes a divinity when she draws the bow across the strings. She is a part of the instrument, a part of the bow. She is nothing, the music everything. You could close your eyes, and, simply listening, feel that you were losing nothing. At the end of the programme, however, she has impressed you as being so much in earnest that you are extremely in earnest about her as well. The opening number of the programme showed a clear, concise grasp and unfailing tone purity, running colours perfectly blended; and she responded with an encore of yearning beauty so felicitously expressed that it brought ever greater applause. Her "Ave Maria" was broad, intense, with a magnificent sweep and a melancholy all her own, the infinitely tender melancholy of woman brought to bear on another's achievement and characterising it perfectly.

Her double stopping all through was excellent, but it was in her harmonics that she chiefly excelled, so clear, so ethereal were they.

The encore to the last number was played "en suite"—a passion thing so sweet, it beat in the ears long after one got outside.

GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(Bombay Government Gazette, Dec. 5.)

Rao Saheb Nahanlal Himstram Dave to be Deputy Assistant Political Agent vice Mr. Framji Barjorji Garda whose lien on his appointment in British Service should be suspended while he is in Foreign Services.

Mr. Narayan Balkrishna Skinde to act as Clerk of the Court, Bassein, vice Mr. A. V. Bhise proceeding on leave.

Mr. Karsandas Jaysingbhai Desai, Second Class, Subordinate Judge, Jambusar, is granted privilege leave on half pay for three months combined with furlough for one year with effect from the 6th November.

Mr. Narayan Anant Chitnis, Clerk of the Court Subordinate Judge's Court, Khatav, to be Clerk of the Court, Subordinate Judge's Court, Rahimatpur, vice Vinayak Gopal Kuber retired.

Mr. Govind Krishna Pethe to be Clerk of the Court, Subordinate Judge's Court, Dahivadi, vice Mr. Keshav Balkrishna Sapre transferred.

Mr. Damodar Ramchandra Patankar to be Clerk of the Court, Subordinate Judge's Court, Khatav, vice Mr. Narayan Anant Chitnis transferred.

The resignation by Mr. Jamshedji Cursetji Jamshedji of the office of Delegate of the Parsi Chief Matrimonial Court at Bombay is accepted.

The resignation of Mr. N. N. Wadia of the post of Honorary Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, has been accepted.

Mr. Peter DeSouza is authorised to practise as a Pleader in the Thana District.

Mr. Dattatraya Shripat Gogate is authorised to practise as a Pleadar in the Ratnagiri District.

Mr. A. A. Saldanha, Head Accountant Dharwar, has been granted privilege leave for six weeks with effect from the 15th instant and Mr. K. K. Apte, Deputy Accountant is appointed to act for him.

The appointment by election of Mr. D B. Deshpande Mamlatdar and an ex officio nominated member as Vice-President of the Taluka Local Board of Hungund in the Dijapur District is approved.

The election of Mr. Gopal Sitaram Dixit B. A. Mamlatdar of Gokak as Vice-President of the Gokak Municipality is approved.

PLAGUE IN BOMBAY.

The following statement shows the total mortality and the incidence of plague in the City of Bombay, during the 24 hours from 6 a.m. on the 4th Dec. to 6 a.m. on the 5th December:—

	Attacks.	Deaths.
Total.....	0	0
Total mortality from all causes		75

During the week ending 30th November, the total plague mortality stood at 2,161, against 2,721 cases. The provincial figures were:—Bombay 670, Madras 114, Bengal 8, Bihar 175, United Provinces 417, Punjab 86, Burma 6, Central Provinces 43, Mysore 141, Hyderabad 108, Rajputana 360.

THE WEEK'S MORTALITY.

The total number of deaths registered in Bombay during the week ending November 30th, was 591, giving a death-rate of 31·37 per annum per thousand as against 31·43, the corresponding period of last year, and 31·39 the average over the past five years. Of the total number, 72 died from fevers; 4, plague; 0, small-pox; 1 measles; 8, cholera; 3, leprosy; 42, phthisis; 26, diseases of the nervous system; 173, affections of the respiratory organs; 46, diarrhœa; 25, dysentery; 26, still-born; 98, old age and debility; and 12, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows:—Jain, 26; Brahmin, 23; Lingact, 1; Bhattia, 4; Hindu of other caste, 290; Hindu low-caste, 64; Mussalman, 131; Parsee, 24; Jew, 2; Native Christian, 23; Eurasian, 9; European, 3. The total number of births was 516 as against 496 for the corresponding period of last year, and 486 the average over the past five years.

DEPARTURES.

Per s. s. "Massilia" Dec. 6.

The Anchor Line s.s. Massilia will sail from No. 2 shed Victoria dock on the morning of the 6th instant with the following passengers. Medical inspection will take place alongside the vessel at 7-15 a. m.

TO PORTSAID.
Mr Revachand
TO MARSEILLES
Mr Parry Jones
TO LIVERPOOL
Mr Alfred Wareing.

NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY.

Mammal Survey of India.

An "At Home" of the members of the Natural History Society took place last evening, Mr. Reginald Gilbert presiding.

The election of the following 52 members since the last meeting was announced:—

Mr. Hamid A. Ali, Sind; Mr. G. N. Bignell, Baluchistan; Capt. C. T. Dauke, Kashmir; Mr. B. R. Hutchinson, Shwegyin; the Honorary Secretary, Abu High School, Rajputana; Mr. W. G. Ponsenby, Purna; Mr. R. A. Goll, Bombay; Mr. B. D. Barnes, Bombay; The Mess Secretary 5th Ammunition Column R. F. A., Deesa; Lt.-Col. R. H. Elliot, I. M.S., Madras; Lt.-Col. Thos. Jackson, I. M. S., Ahmedabad; Major H. A. Forbes Knapton, I.M.S., Poona; Major G. E. Stewart, I. M. S., Mahableshwar; Major J. L. Marjoribanks, I. M. S., Nasik; Major C. S. Lowson, I. M. S., Poona; Mr. Ratan Tata, Bombay; Mr. E. Herbert Kealy, Rajputana; Mr. A. B. Knowles, I. C. S., Amraoti; Major A. B. Dew, Baluchistan; Dr. D. B. Stewart, Rangoon; Mr. J. B. Winter, Bombay; Mr. A. D. Sanders, Ramandrug; the Director of Fisheries, Punjab; The Mess Secretary, 90th Punjabis, Nasirabad; Professor D. Rosentock, Germany; Mr. J. M. Mackenzie, Bihar; Mr. T. A. Whitehead, Madras; Mr. Frank L. Friedlander, Insein; Mr. H. G. Nash, Bulsar; Mr. C. Gimson, I. C. S., Assam; Major W. R. Walker, Cawnpore; Capt. C. A. Rocke, Montgomery; Mr. W. J. Greener, Burdwan; Mr. H. Dow, I.C.S., Sind; Capt. E. G. Longford, Jubbulpore; Major C. E. D. Davidson-Houston, Quetta; Mr. R. Lean, Madras; Mr. R. C. C. Yates, Madras; Major F. A. Greer, Quetta; Capt. W. H. Boaltb, I.M.S. Baroda; Mr. A. Williamson, I.C.S. Shwegyin; Mr. F. P. Thomson, Shwegyin; Mr. A. J. Page, I. C. S. Nyaunglebin; Mr. J. G. Cattel, Karachi; the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee; Mr. H. L. Cooper, Rangmati; Mr. Donald W. Chambers, Calcutta; R. H. Nisbt, Siam; Mr. P. Windham, I. C. S., Mirzapur; Mr. G. W. Gilchrist, Bombay; Mr. G. F. Chalk, Bombay, and Mr. Julius Gut, Thana.

The Honorary Secretary, Mr. W. S. Millard, acknowledged the following contributions to the Museum, since the last Meeting:—

CONTRIBUTION.	LOCALITY.	DONOR.
12 Panther Skulls	Berar, C P ...	Col R G Burton
Horns and Mask of Cheetal in velvet	Central Provinces ...	Mr E H Blakesley, I. C. S.
17 Bats, 1 Mongoose, 1 Palm Civet	Castle Rock ...	Mr S H Prater
Head and Mask of female Urial	Garhwal ...	Capt. Bagnal
Skin of Indian Marten	Abor Country...	Major Sweet
Skins of marbled cat, Malayan Palm Civet, Slow Loris	Taungyi ...	Mr S St Lightfoot
Two Tibetan Marmots (Mounted)	Chamba ...	The Late Major G S Bodon
3 Kokia Green Pigeons (Mounted)	Do	Do Do
47 Birds' Skins including 14 Game birds	Chin Hills ...	Capt W R Carey
37 Birds skins including 9 ducks	Taungyi ...	Mr S St. Lightfoot
2 Florican Eggs.	Satara ...	Asst. Surgeon W E Kirkpatrick, I S, M D
2 Rock Sparrows.	Chabar ...	Mr W D Cumming
Indian Koel	Bombay ...	Mr A D Bingham
2 Great Indian Hornbill Eggs	Kanara ...	Mr T & Bell
Purple Heron, coot and Pheasant-tailed Jacana	Panvel ...	Mr R Dos Remedios
Several Birds' Nests and Skin of Blossom headed Parroquet	Dera Ismail Khan ...	Mr C B Pitman
MacClellands coral snake	Burma ...	Capt S Pershouse
John's Earth Snake	Kirkee ...	Major W. B. Walker, R A
India Monitor...	Matheran ...	Mr S A Alli
A number of Snakes, Frogs and Fishes	Castle Rock ...	Mr S H Prater
Cobra ...	Chamba ...	Raja of Chamba
Rufus Cylinder Snake	Lower Chindwin ...	.....
13 Snakes ...	Taungyi ...	Mr S Lightfoot
A number of Beetles	Bangalore ...	Capt C D Gregson
Do Do	Kashmir ...	Capt H Burke, B A
22 Slides of radiolae of Bombay Land and Marine Shells	.....	Major A J Peile, R A

MINOR CONTRIBUTIONS.

Dr. Suter, Mr. H. B. Hand, Mrs. McBain; Mr. S. H. Prater, Mr. C. D. Baker, Mr. O. V. Donnell, Mr. T. H. Jhaniri, Mr. E. C. Reid, Mr. W. S. Millard, and Mr. R. Lowndes.

PROGRESS OF THE MAMMAL SURVEY OF INDIA.

Mr. Crump is still collecting in Kathiawar, having camped at Junagadh on the outskirts of the Gir Forest, and is now at Rajkot. The Society is greatly indebted to Mr. L. Robertson, I. C. S., for his help in arranging the various camps, etc.

Mr. Shortridge went from East Mysore to Seringpatam and then to Cauvery district in South Mysore. He is now commencing to collect in Coorg.

Money is still urgently required for the third collection for Burma. In addition to the Rs. 7,500 promised by the Government of India, Mr. Ratan Tata has given a further sum of Rs. 1,000, and H. H. the Rao Saheb of Cutch a second donation of Rs. 1,000 towards this object, but that still leaves some Rs. 10, 500 to be obtained, as it is estimated that to bring out a third collector and employ him in Burma for two years will cost Rs. 20,000. Until the amount is obtained or guaranteed, it is impossible for the Committee to engage any one for the purpose.

EXHIBITS.

The Secretary exhibited the fruit of "Monstera delicious" (delicious fruited) grown in Bombay, a native of Mexico.

"Radulae of Mollusca".—Through the kindness of Major A. J. Peile, R.A., who was formerly stationed in Bombay, the Society has received a number of microscopic slides of the "teeth" or radulae of some of the commoner marine, land and fresh water shells found in this neighbourhood.

These were exhibited at the meeting, a microscope being kindly lent by Rev. J. Assmuth, S. J.

In a future number of the journal, a paper by Major Peile will be published on "Snails' Teeth" illustrated by enlarged drawings made from the specimens presented to the Society.

Lt. Col. K. R. Kirtikar, I. M. S. (Retd), exhibited some beautiful specimens of Algæ from the coast of Australia, which were greatly admired, and which he explained to the members present.

BOOKS FOR SALE

THROUGH ASIATIC TURKEY.
(Bombay to the Bosphorous)
By Grattan Geary (2 Vols.) Rs. 10.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.
By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5.

GIRAS AND GUARANTEE.
Being a Compilation of Decisions, etc., on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta, and other Guaranteed Rights.

Apply the Bombay Gazette Office.

AMUSEMENTS.

WILLISON'S CIRCUS.

Willison's Circus at Maidania continues to attract good audiences, and patrons have no reason to complain of the good things presented in the big tents nightly. The performing ponies introduced by Madame Willison are the theme of admiration with young and old; the admirable manner in which they go through innumerable tricks at the command of their fair instructress is a lesson in horse knowledge. The two dainty little ladies known as the Anglo-American Aerolites put up a good showing on the lofty double trapeze, their tricky little movements being followed with close attention. Then Carl Wirth, the Australian pyramid pedestal performer, who piles chair upon chair and does some clever balancing, is another good feature. The Tycoon Troupe of dogs seem imbued with a delight, going through their performances of rolling barrels and jumping innumerable hoops. Wild Friday and Wild Rose are true exponents of the methods employed in the wild and woolly West of America. The bowie knife throwing is an act calculated to raise the hair of most people, and a sigh of relief is breathed when all is over. The beautiful zebra, an animal that is considered untameable, appears to be tractable enough in the experienced hands of Mr. Carl Wirth, who puts the animal through quite a number of tricks with seeming ease. The invitation to the audience to have a ride is seldom taken advantage of, though one of the employees appears to be quite at home on its back. Of the tiger horse, as the natives call him, La Petite Adele is certainly one of the smartest lady gymnasts ever seen in Bombay, her speciality being a penchant for suspending members of the audience by her teeth in mid-air, after a series of graceful evolutions on the single trapeze. Any person is at liberty to enter the arena and be taken up by the little lady in mid-air, held solely by her teeth. The member who is elected to be the last seems to have rather an uncomfortable experience, being whirled round in an extraordinary manner to the great delight of the audience. Mies Val Rose is an exceptionally clever rider, picking up objects from the ground, including a lighted cigarette, while the horse is careering round the arena at full gallop. Mons. Ragoul's particularly daring exhibition in the large steel enclosure with six beautifully-marked Bengal tigers and two Himalayan bears concludes a lengthy programme. The whole show from start to finish is without a dull moment, and every act is presented without a single wait, an innovation that is particularly welcomed, and Mr. Willison must be congratulated on the excellence of the entertainment. Matinees are given on Wednesdays, Saturdays and Sundays, when reduced prices are charged.

"MAIDANIA."

On Saturday night the Alfresco Grill, arrangements for which have taken some time, will be opened in

THE WEATHER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Dec. 5.

The disturbance affecting the North has given an inch of precipitation at Parachinar, and has extended over the whole of North West India.

Slight local rain continues in the south of the Peninsula:—

Forecast. An extension of light local precipitation into the hills and sub-montane districts of Northwest India.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER AND CROP REPORTS, 5TH DECEMBER.

Hansi—Cloudy, but no rain. All crops doing well. Rabi sowings progressing favourably.

Mooltan—Bright, no sign of rain. All crops doing well.

Delhi—Wheat and rapeseed require rain.

Agra—Bright, no sign of rain. All crops doing well.

Beawar—Cotton arriving in small quantities.

Amraoti—Seasonable. Rabi crop prospects generally good.

Khamgaon—Bright, no sign of rain. Mornings cold and dewy. All crops doing well.

Dhulia—Lightly cloudy. Rabi crops doing well.

Jalgaon.—Seasonable. Fine weather has set in. Cotton plants flourishing, in flower and show bolls rapidly ripening. Cotton smaller area sown this year. Cotton crop accounts satisfactory and prospects improving. Cotton ready for picking. Cotton picking general.

Broach.—Bright, no sign of rain. Seasonable. Mornings cold and dewy. Cotton plants flourishing, in flower, and in some places showing bolls. Cotton crop accounts satisfactory and prospects improving. Cotton plants flowering advanced.

Viramgam.—Cotton crop making good progress and cotton crop accounts continue favourable.

Wadhwan.—Seasonable. Fine weather has set in. Cotton plants flourishing and showing balls.

Bhavnagar.—Bright, no sign of rain. Seasonable. Mornings cold and dewy. Cotton plants flourishing. Cotton picking general.

Sadra.—Mornings cold and dewy. Cotton picking commenced.

Sholapur.—Mornings cold and dewy. Crop prospects improving.

Bellary.—Cotton crop making good progress.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Thursday, the 5th December, 1912, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. The air is drier than usual at Multan and Rawalpindi. Temperature is in excess in the extreme north but in defect at Delhi.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Temperature continues in defect.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear in lower Sind and lightly clouded elsewhere. The air is drier than usual in Rajputana. Day temperature is below normal at Ajmer and Kotah; night temperature is in defect at Kotah and Bikaner and in excess at Jacobabad.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect. Temperature is normal.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear. The moisture in the air is either equal to or below the average. Night temperature continues in slight defect in the eastern half of the division.

The Konkan.—Skies are lightly clouded. Humidity and temperature are normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderadad.—Skies are clear. The air contains generally the average amount of moisture. Night temperature is in excess at Malegaon and Aurangabad.

General Remarks.—Fairly heavy rain has again been reported from Negapatam and moderate rain from Colombo. Conditions remain slightly disturbed in the south of the Bay of Bengal. Weather is unsettled also in north-west India; light to moderate cloud has spread over north-west India, Gujarat, Kathiawar and west Central India.

Local rain is likely in south-east Madras and some dust-storms in Rajputana and possibly in north Gujarat and the Punjab.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The reading of the Barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and induced to 32 F. and for Calcutta standard at 8 a.m. (local time) 5th December, was 29·972 inches. The height of observatory barometer cistern above zero of the tide gauge at Apollo Bunder is 12 feet. The height of tide in the stream above zero of the tide gauge was 14 feet at 8 a.m. (local time). The temperature correction for a mercurial barometer, supposing the reading to be 30·00 inches and that of the attached thermometer 80 deg. F. will be 14 inch and this will be higher or lower by 0·1 inch for each 4 degrees in the case of the aneroid no temperature correction is required. Should the height of the barometer cistern, either mercurial or aneroid above zero of the gauge, be different from 47 feet, it will be read higher or lower by 6 inches for 11 feet. The reading above are distinct from those given in the daily weather report to which different correction have been applied.

BOMBAY SEASON REPORT.

The following Summary of crop and season reports for the Bombay Presidency during the last week has been published:—

There was rain during the week in parts of Ratnagiri, Kanara, Kathiawar, Baroda, Savantvadi, Kolhapur. Harvesting of kharif crops continues. Threshing is in progress in parts of Sind, the Konkan, Poona, Kathiawar, Baroda and Rewa Kantha. Rabi sowing continues generally. Picking of cotton was in progress in parts of Hyderabad, Thar and Parkar, Nawabshah, Khandesh, Kathiawar and Baroda. The standing crops were generally in good condition except in parts of Dharwar, Kathiawar and Kolhapur where they were damaged by insects. The fodder-supply was adequate except in parts of Ahmednagar, Poona and Sholapur. Agricultural stock is generally in good condition but is deficient in parts of Satara and Cutch, and in bad condition in Ahmednagar. Drinking water-supply was generally adequate except in parts of Ahmednagar. Water for irrigation was sufficient except in parts of Ahmedabad, Ahmednagar and Bijapur. Prices of food-grains have risen in Karachi, Upper Sind Frontier and Surat, have fallen in Sukkur, Larkana, Kanara, West Khandesh, Ahmednagar and Dharwar and are stationary elsewhere. Quantities of food-grains purchasable per rupee are 20 to 45 per cent. less than normal in Sind, 14 to 44 per cent. less than normal in Gujarat, 23 to 35 per cent. less than normal in the Konkan, 29 to 48 per cent less than normal in the Deccan and 30 to 44 per cent. less than normal in the Karnatak.

The public health is generally good. Distribution of takavi continues. The stocks of grain are sufficient. 2,659 persons emigrated from Ahmednagar during the week. Test works are in progress in the Ahmednagar District and the numbers on the works for the week ending 30th November were 496. The numbers on gratuitous relief during the week in Ahmednagar, Poona and Sholapur were 8,487 and in the Jath State 1,771.

The "Civil and Military Gazette" states that one of the needs of Kasauli is a Rabic Hospital for the accommodation of patients with whom the anti-rabic treatment falls and the Pasteur Institute recently invited the Punjab Government to contribute a sum of Rs. 5,000 towards the cost of such a hospital. The Government expressed a willingness to contribute rateably according to the proportion of patients from the Punjab who go to Kasauli for treatment, and accordingly offered a contribution of Rs. 2,809. The Financial Committee of the Legislative Council will, when it meets, consider whether it is possible to provide a larger subscription than that already offered.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS:—Are you broken in your best by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other cases. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

AIRMAN'S THRILLING FLIGHT.

Machine Struck by Bullet and Shrapnel.

The Russian aviator Efimoff, who was engaged by the Bulgarian military authorities to carry out reconnaissance work at Mustapha Pasha and Adrianople, had an exciting experience according to a Sofia correspondent. He states that he flew over Adrianople, where he threw down a despatch demanding that all Bulgarian inhabitants should be allowed to depart. After doing this he continued his flight over the city at a height of 1,300 metres, until he reached Fort Karagac, where a number of Turkish infantrymen shot at him. Four bullets hit the planes of his machine, and immediately after the force opened fire, and the aeroplane was struck many times by splinters of shrapnel. M. Efimoff feared that the machine would fall at any moment, and drew his revolver with the intention of shooting himself in the event of falling into the enemy's hands. Fortunately, however, the engine was not struck, and the planes continuing to perform their work, the aviator at the end of twenty minutes was able to make a safe descent at Mustapha Pasha.

THE S. S. "TABOGA."

The Imperial Merchant Service Guild are still engaged in the case of Captain E. Campbell and Mr. E. Matchews, Chief Officer of the steamer "Taboga" which was lost in May 1911. It may be remembered that the Guild were successful in obtaining the intervention of the Foreign Office and both the Captain and the Chief Officer were released from the sensational finding of the Court held at Panama, which sentenced the Captain and Chief Officer to 12 years' imprisonment with the infliction of a heavy fine for alleged manslaughter arising out of the serious loss of life which occurred. On learning through the Foreign Office that this drastic sentence had been annulled and the Officers released after suffering such great indignities for so many months, the Guild addressed a further letter to Sir Edward Grey, suggesting that the Foreign Office should demand compensation for the Officers concerned. This request was contained in the following letter.

The Imperial Merchant Service Guild,
18th Oct. 1912.

The Under Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs.

Sir,—It is with the greatest satisfaction that we receive your communication of the 12th instant relative to the case of Captain Campbell and Mr. Matthews, late of the S.S. "Taboga", and that we learn from you of your receipt of a telegram from His Majesty's Minister at Panama, reporting that the Supreme Court has annulled the sentence and proceedings in the Criminal Court; has declared that the accused are not guilty of any crime, and has ordered the bonds for bail to be cancelled.

On behalf of the Captains and Officers of the merchant service, I beg that the Foreign Office will accept the sense of our sincere gratitude for their successful intervention in this matter and for the prevention of terrible injustice being inflicted upon British subjects.

Expressing our regret at troubling you further, I am requested to say that the Guild would most earnestly and respectfully submit to the Foreign Office, that this is a case where it appears that some compensation is due to both of the gentlemen referred to, who, apart from the indignities to which they have been subjected, have suffered considerably in health and very seriously from a financial point of view.

The magnitute of the disaster was such as might, in the first place, cause great excitement amongst the people of Panama who, unfamiliar with ships and the navigation of them, may probably have been carried away by feelings of indignation. But the unfortunate circumstances which led up to the disaster were most certainly not in the nature of a crime; did not warrant the degradation of imprisonment, even though temporarily, for a short period, nor the detention of two British subjects awaiting a criminal trial for something like fifteen months, especially as the result of the preliminary inquiry merely amounted to a censure of the Master and the blaming of Mr. Mathews who was the navigating officer at the time, for being "over-confident" in his reckoning.

We understand that for some part of the time Mr. Matthews has been in hospital seriously ill, with chronic dysentary and fever, and have been informed by a leading, resident at Panama that had the decision of eleven years' imprisonment been confirmed, his incarceration in goal would probably have meant his death within a very little time, in fact, this gentleman wrote to us on behalf of Mr. Matthews owing to Mr. Matthews being too ill to write himself.

We trust that the Foreign Office will be prepared to put forward a claim for compensation on behalf of Captain Campbell and Mr. Matthews, and, in support of our opinions, we beg respectfully to forward tae enclosed cutting, representing a leading article on this matter which appears in to-day's issue of the "Journal of Commerce."—I am, &c.

(Signed) T. W. MOORE, Secretary.

To the above letter the following reply from Sir Edward Grey has been received to-day:—

Foreign Office, Nov. 13th, 1912.

The Secretary, The Imperial Merchant Service Guild.

Sir,—I am directed by Secretary Sir E. Grey to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 18th ultimo, respecting the acquittal of Messrs. Campbell and Matchews, and urging that a claim for compensation should be put forward by His Majesty's Government on their behalf.

I am to state in reply that Sir E. Grey as at present advised does not think that he could properly support such a claim. Before, however, coming to a final decision in the matter he will await the observations which His Majesty's Minister at Panama has been requested to furnish.—I am, etc.,

(Signed) A LAW.

By the same mail the Imperial Merchant Service Guild have received the following letter from Panama:—

Panama, R. P. 18th 1912.

T. W. Moore, Esqr.; The Imperial Merchant Service Guild.

Dear Sir,—I am taking the first opportunity after leaving the Hospital to write a few lines to express my thanks and gratitude to you and the Guild for the noble manner in which you have come forward and compelled the Authorities to settle my case. Undoubtedly without the assistance of the Guild I should at the present time be laying in prison.

I have just seen Sir Claude Mallet who has informed me that "I am free," that the Supreme Court has annulled the sentence declaring that they had no case against me.

Please find enclosed a copy of the sentence.

Again thanking you and Sir Edward Grey for your kindness and assistance, I am, &c.,

(Signed) EDWIN MATTHEWS.

THE BOMBAY SERVICES.

The extraordinary leave granted to Mr. W. H. Lucas, I.C.S., has been extended by three days.

Major E. D. Sampson, 2nd Battalion, Madras and Southern Maratha Railway Rifle Volunteers is granted nine months' leave out of India, on private affairs, with effect from the 7th February.

Mr. H. C. Crossle, Assistant Engineer, is transferred from the Southern to Central Division.

Mr. S. R. Perfect, Acting Executive Engineer, is granted, privilege leave for fifteen days from 3rd January.

Major H. W. Poynts, Cantonment Magistrate, Camp Deolali, to be a Sub-Divisional Magistrate for the Camp Deolali Sub-Division.

Mr. G. Leathem, I. C. S., Personal Assistant to the District Magistrate, Poona, is appointed, Magistrate of the First Class in the Poona District.

Mr. M. R. Jardine, Bar-at-Law, Clerk of the Crown, High Court, Bombay has been granted leave for six months on urgent private affairs from the 2nd day of December 1912.

Mr. A. A. Musto, Assistant Engineer, transferred to the Central Division, is posted to the Lake Whithing District.

Mr. C. E. Palmer, I. C. S., Judge and Sessions Judge, Nasik, is granted privilege leave for three months combined with furlough for sixteen months with effect from the 31st March with permission to prefix the Easter and Holi holidays to it.

Miss Mary Bhore, Lady Superintendent, Training College for Women and High School for Native Girls, Poona, has been allowed three months, extension on medical certificate of furlough.

HIGH COURT—DEC. 6.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr Justice Beaman.)

Long Causes.

571-11 Madhowji K and C Chogbai widow Messrs Tulsidas and Hookamchand Little and Co.

1042 11 Little and Co Goolamally Essaji vs Tyabji Essaji Moti and D.

184-12 Mulla and M Poshomal Bros vs K V Kapadia Jam R and D.

747-10 Mulji K and T Manilal Jesangbhai vs Virchand Jeychand Manch and N

174-11 Mulla and M Syed Hasam Syed Abdul Rahim vs Haridas Purshotam Little and Co.

175-11 Mulla and M Syed Hasam Syed Abdul Rehman vs Lakhmidas Ramdas.

607-10 Bhai K and G Govindji Kaoji vs Padamsay Velji and others.

60-12 Mulla and M J ra Raja vs the Hon'ble the Advocate-General of B Bay Sub and G.

426-12 Dubash and P Bai Khetibai vs Lakhamsey Mohunsay Surajmal and Co.

659-11 Malvi H M and R Purshotamdas Thakurdas vs A W Campbell and Co Wadia G and Co.

23-05 Memch and N Laxmibai vs Anandrao Madhowraochi M and H. F P Pavri shaw M and H.

803-12 Meh M and D Hirabhai Rewjibhai vs Chandanmal Narayen and Co.

747-12 Patell and E P O Sheina Hirji Cassum Esaa vs Kalizabai Payne and Co Patell and E.

1036-11 Madhk and C. Madhavji Virji vs Moolji Shamji, Saroff D and D

750-11 In person, Haji Moosa Gool Mahomed vs The Safyanarayen Fire and Marine Ins Co Ld, Hiralal and Co.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Heaton.)

For consent Decree.

392-10 Little and Co. Vazarbai vs Abdul Syed Hoosenally Capt and V.

Long Causes.

1023-11 Malvi H M and R Muzlidhar Shankerlal Alias Gangaram Tanvala vs Gober Nagji and Co Bhai K and G.

79-12 Malvi H M and R Bijraj Baldeodas vs Birdichand Prithviraj and an other Payne and Co.

762-11 Dub and P Jewan Morar vs Jamnadas Valji Submis and G.

880-11 Jam R and S Sha Heera Varjang vs Ravji Poonsey In Person.

487-12 Bhimji and Co. Chimanlal Narandas vs Manecklal Narandas.

220-10 Jam R and D Visandeo Talechand vs Varildas Parmanand s Bhimji and Co and Bagh N and Co.

411-15282-12 Jeh and S Mistri Tricum Valji vs Haji Hoosein Haji Tyab—Payne and W.

671-12 Dubash and P Sha Hansa Valji and Co vs Sha Raghunath Tarachand and W Khem L and M.

738-12 In Person—S R Irani vs Irani B M Todiwala—Mulla and M.

755-12 Crawford B and Co—The Municipal Corporation for the city of Bombay vs Dayal Mulji and others—Mulla and M.

774-12 Little and Co—Hoseinbhai Abdul Kader Vasi vs Shaikh Adam Hoosenally Vasi—Eds G W and Co.

357-12 Ard H D and Co—C A Dalal vs N M Cama—M M Cama.

473-12 Ard H D and Co—Nanabhai Parshotum vs S K Bole—Sims B and Co.

1050-11 Nurajmal and Co—Tribhowandas Mazundas Nathabhoy vs Mahomedalli Lukmanji Sallemanji—Nurajmal and Co.

782-07 Mulla and M—Vassanji Mulji vs Jairaj Narnarsey Wadia S and Co.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEERS.

VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COLONEL THE HON. A. HILL TREVOR, COMMANDING.

Bombay, 6th Dec., 1912.

300. Parades.—The parade notified for Saturday 7th instant, is cancelled and the following substituted:—

Saturday. 7th instant.

No. 1 Company, parade 5-15 p.m. at R. A. Lecture Room, Colaba, for fire Discipline and Miniature Range practice.

No. 2 Company, one 6-inch B. L. C. Gun, Range finders and Dials at Mahalaxmi are placed at disposal of O C No. 2 Company. Parade 5-30 p.m.

Gun Layers—Gun Layers of No 2 Company will attend at Mahalaxmi at 5 p.m. for Annual passing to Examination.

301. Musketry.—Sunday, 8th instant, B. V. A. Rifle Association; Match 1V will be fired on the G. I. P. Ry. Vol. Rifle Range at Ghat Koper.

Distances 200, 500 and 600 yards.

Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 6-30 a.m.

Reference the above Match a Tyro's Prize will be given by a member of the Corps, the members who are eligible to compete for the above prize are those (who to the knowledge of the Committee) have never won prize at any rifle Meeting or whose average for three ranges has not exceeded 74 points.

(Sd.) E. P. CUDLIP, Capt., R. A.,
Adjutant, B. V. A.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY COLONEL R. W. L. DUNLOP, V. D.

Bombay, 6th Dec. 1912.

766 Parades—Route March—There will be a Commanding Officer's Parade on Saturday 7th December, to carry out a route march through the city. Fall in at 5 p.m. at Sir Richard Temple's Statue.

Dress—Drill Order, Uniform, Shorts, with helmets. Cadets not in possession of Helmets will wear Cawnpore topis.

II All Recruits of the current season will parade at Head-Qrs. Council Road, to-day Friday The 6th instant at 6-30 p.m.

767. Camp of Instruction.—It is notified for information that the Annual Training Camp will be held from 1st to 8th February 1913.

768. Medals.—Applications for Volunteer Long Service Medal should reach Adjutant's Office by the 14th instant.

769. Musketry.—The Corps team for the Rivett Carnac Competition will fire at Ghat Kopar on Sunday 15th instant by train leaving Victoria Terminus at 5-40 a.m. The Range is available for practice on Saturday 14th instant by train leaving Victoria Terminus at 12-3 noon.0

770 Discipline—Until further orders "Maidania' is placed "out of bounds" for all troops in the Garrison.

This applies to Volunteers when wearing uniform

771 Leave.—The Commanding Officer has been pleased to grant leave of absence to Lieut C R Watkins from the night of the 21st instant till the morning of the 2nd proximo.

772. Enrolments—The undernamed having been enrolled are taken on the strength of the Corps and posted to "B" Company:—

No 7426 Vol R Cook.

No 7427 Vol C E L Anderson.

(Sd.) F. H. JAMES, Captain,
Offg. Adjt., B. V. R.

NOTICE.

A proficiency class will commence early in January 1913, those wishing to appear this season should submit their names to the Adjutant as early as possible.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

SQUADRON ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. SIR HENRY PROCTER, A. D. C., COMMANDING.

Bombay, 6th Dec., 1912.

1. Riding School daily for Recruits and members in possession of Remounts, 7-15 a.m.

2. The Range at Santa Cruz will be reserved for Class Firing this week end.

Train leaves Church Gate Station Saturday afternoon, at 2-10 p.m. and Sunday morning, 7-5 a.m.

3 There will be a Commanding Officer's Parade on Tuesday morning next, the 10th instant. Rendezvous Church Gate station at 7-30 a.m. punctually.

Dress—Drill Order, Khaki, Carbines, Swords and Bandoliers.

4. Wednesday next the 11th instant.—There will be a parade for the Salsette Contingent. Rendezvous on the flats near the Jackal Club, 7 a.m.

Dress: Mufti, Regimental Saddles, Swords, Carbines and Bandoliers.

(Sd.) D. W. WILSON, Lieut.
Actg. Adjutant, Bombay L. Horse.

NURSING MOTHER, if you find your Milk either a beauty or poor we strongly recommend you to take ANGEL'S GALACTOGOGUE, a most reliable preparation that produces a plentiful healthy and natural flow of Milk. It enriches the blood and converts the watery non-feeding fluid into a rich nutritious diet. To be had at MADON, SONS and Co., Crawford Market Bombay.

GREEN ROOM GOSSIP.

Of the various sections making up the newly-founded institution at 201, High Holborn, known as "Cosmopolis," none is more flourishing than the Italian, which gave two quite creditable performances in mail week. The play seen, first at a matinee and then at night, was Marenco's "La Celeste." Four acts seem more than are needed for the simple rustic idyll of the maiden Celeste, who being under a vow to remain unmarried, tells the good priest of her trouble, and from him receives the comforting assurance that she is free to obey the impulse of the heart, and wed the comely soldier Ferdinando. But the acts are short; and it was all played so admirably that it worked the audience up to a pitch of real enthusiasm. The name-part was played with touching sincerity by the beautiful and gifted Signorina Montini—about whom there is a curious suggestion of Jane Hading. Her lover Ferdinando, the handsome sergeant of Bersaglieri, was that excellent actor and popular gentleman, Signor Sambucetti, formerly secretary of the Italian Chamber of Commerce; Signor Poli made a convincing Garibaldian veteran, and Signor Geminiani's dear old pastor Don Ambrozio was a real delight. One might, perhaps, in all friendliness suggest that a piece announced to start at 8.30 should begin before nine o'clock, and that the prompter might be urged to "accompany" not quite so loudly and insistently. However, it was all thoroughly interesting, and one was glad to see so large a company—largely Italian, of course—enjoying itself so completely.

Miss Margaret Halstan presented at the Coliseum recently a new one-act play called "The Great Look," and made a great success in it. Its story is that of an actress Rachel Chard—Mrs. Ripley in private life—who has been rehearsing her new part to her husband, particularly a situation in which a society woman hears of her husband's sudden death as she rises from the card table. This scene Mrs. Ripley plays in stormy fashion, and her husband frankly tells her that no woman would behave in such a fashion, on hearing of her husband's death, and that she has too much to say. He thereupon leaves her, and she remains to talk the matter over with the dramatist. Suddenly comes a telegram. She opens it: a look of horror comes slowly into her face, and she stands for a few minutes dumb, powerless, and dryeyed. The wire is from the house-surgeon at Charing Cross Hospital to tell her that her husband has been Knocked down and Killed, and is lying there. She passes it to the playwright, who asks her what she will do. "Go to him" she answers dully, and as she turns to go, the door opens and her husband enters. He has sent the wire to prove to her that, in moments of great emotion, people do not spend themselves in words. When she has recovered from the shock, the actress declares she can never play the part again, and the playwright humbled, goes home to cut his words, declaring that she must play it with that "great look," that was "worthy of Bernhardt." Miss Margaret Halstan's acting was splendid, both in the stormy, emotional scene and the quiet one; and her beauty, her grace, and her good elocution gave the little play a touch of distinction which was sustained by the capable acting of Mr. Nigel Playfair as the dramatist, and Mr. Thomas Weguelin as the husband.

An amusing, if not overwhelmingly original, little comedy, in three acts, called "Barbara Grows Up," from the pen of G. J. Hamlen, was produced at the Little Theatre last month. The author is unknown to us, says the "Pall Mall Gazette" and may be a lady or gentleman, though the sympathies and the character-drawing suggest a feminine rather than a masculine hand. The story is simplicity itself. Pretty Barbara Morrison has been in the habit of giving way in all things to Kenneth, the young husband she has not long married. In short, she has been unselfishness itself, with the invariable result (on the stage) that he has become a personification of the opposite. At last, however, her Scots parlourmaid, Janet, opens her eyes a little to realities; then a sister-in-law arrives on the scene and completes the operation; and Barbara suddenly becomes as exacting and as domineering as Kenneth had been, even interfering in the conduct of his business. Troubles and misunderstandings ensue, carefully fostered by the sister-in-law, and the husband and wife are estranged through the whole of the second act and a good deal of the third. Of course, in the end, they "kiss again with tears," but we are apparently intended to assume that Kenneth has been taught his lesson, and will be less selfish in the future. We should have thought that the only result of her experience would have been that of teaching Barbara, henceforward, to look after her own business and leave that of her husband alone. However that may be, the piece is quite conventional in conception and constructions; and is surprised one a little to learn that it had come from the Glasgow Repertory Theatre. Frequently, however, the author shows an undoubtedly pretty turn of phrase, and this, together with an exceedingly spirited performance, under Miss Gertrude Kingston's direction, made a success of it. Miss Mary O'Farrell, as the wife, Mr. C. M. Hallard as the husband, Miss Sybil Carlisle as the sister-in-law, and Miss Jean Cadell as the Scots maid, all gave most enjoyable performances; and at the close there was a very spontaneous and hearty burst of applause.

The scope of the wordless play is strictly limited As in the case of the cinema show, the spectator seems either to be stricken deaf, or to be looking at the picture through a strong field-glass, or to be dreaming. In one way or another he feels cut off from a full understanding of the meaning of what he sees, and only when a dream effect is frankly aimed at does he overcome the sense of loss. Why that is so, is plain; in dreams, images are innumerable, articulate sounds almost unique, round one articulation will whirl a million fusions. Therefore is was that "The Miracle" failed—the figures of that spectator-girt arena were absurdly palpable and therefore it is that the choreographic dramas of Bakst and Fokine were quite, and "Samurun" was almost, successful. Vollmoeller and Reinhardt were right, then, to make a dream—The Dream of the Young Stranger—the centre of their play, "A Venetian Night," at the Palace Theatre. But, unluckily, the prologue and epilogue—when they are anything—are dreamy too. This, as we have seen, was bound to be so in a play without words. As a consequence the author and producer have had to employ mechanical devices to indicate the advent and fading of the vision, and what we actually get is a dream within a dream. But full advantage has not been taken even of the means at disposal; the change of atmosphere might have been indicated by a decided change in the manners of the actors. A change was made, but nothing like enough of one. Let us take a few examples:—The Bride! Now, your first thought will be that a woman who deceives her husband on the night of the marriage (we must try to follow what appears to have been the story before the Censor glared on it) with an old lover and a new friend should have the manners according; on second thoughts you realise how right it is she should have a high purity of demeanour in the vision that is born of a gentle poet's love. But surely before and after the dream the lady (who does actually pass the night with her lover) should have another air. Pipistrello, an typical Italian loafer, whose grotesque antics are a continual undercurrent of the dream, maintains the extravagance of his gestures throughout the play. In the dream they were excitingly quaint, out of it they were horse-play. The Husband, save in one moment of inspiration, is the same solidly drunken and smiling idiot in and out of the dream, while the movements of the wake-a-day dancers are less jolly, perhaps, but certainly no more matter-of-fact than those of their visionary reflections. Other instances of the same fault might be given, but these will suffice.

Of the mechanical devices employed, the one was cheap (a veil descends as the poet falls asleep), the other—the revolving stage—was tremendously effective; one almost got that effect of instantaneous change of scene which is peculiar to dream-pictures—almost, but not quite, for dream-pictures fade one into the other, and here the line of demarcation was unavoidably hard. Nevertheless, the device was a great triumph. What has been in another place a toy and a convenience for quick scene-shifting was here so sublimely used that it almost lifted trickery to the level of high art. The very motion of the stage served to hypnotise us." And it helped to show us the pursuit of the gentle stranger laden with the dead body of the lover—through room on room, across endless balconies, and over the recurring bridge of the canal—with occasional jumps into his bed when it appears invitingly on the rim of the vision. A marvellous pursuit, breathless and desperate, yet compact with a grim humour most exactly true to the spirit of dream.

NEW FANCY PENDANTS AND BROOCHES.

2037 Enamel, Platinum and Diamond Locket Rs. 120

2069 Pearl and Diamond all Platinum Rs. 495.

2069 Enamel, Diamond and Pearl Platinum fronted Rs. 255.

2070 Diamond Aqua 1 Pearl Rs. 88.

9915 Aquamarine and Pearls Rs. 350.

2075 Aqua, Diamond and Pearl Rs. 98.

2903 Pearls and Olivin Rs. 52.

2074 Aquamarin, Diamond and Pearl Rs. 141.

2070 Peridot Pearl and Gold Rs. 36.

2072A. Diamonds Rs. 205.

2072B. Peridot, Pearl and Gold Rs. 45.

NOTE.—All prices are subject to 10 per cent. discount for cash.

MARCKS & Co., LD., JEWELLERS WATCHMAKERS
BOMBAY & POONA.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's
CHLORODYNE
THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.
The Most Valuable Medicine ever discovered.
The best known Remedy for
COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS.
Acts like a charm in DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY & CHOLERA.
Effectually cuts short all attacks of SPASMS. Checks and arrests those too often fatal diseases—FEVER, CROUP and AGUE.
The only palliative in NEURALGIA, GOUT, RHEUMATISM.
Chlorodyne is a liquid taken in drops, graduated according to the malady. It invariably relieves pain of whatever kind; creates a calm refreshing sleep; allays irritation of the nervous system when all other remedies fail; leaves no bad effects; and can be taken when no other medicine can be tolerated.
INSIST ON HAVING Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.
The immense success of this Remedy has given rise to many imitations.
N.B.—Every bottle of Genuine Chlorodyne bears on the stamp the name of the inventor, Dr. J. Collis Browne.
CONVINCING MEDICAL TESTIMONY WITH EACH BOTTLE.
Sold by all Chemists.
Prices in England: 1/½, 2/9, 4/6.
Sole Manufacturers: J. T. DAVENPORT, Ltd., LONDON, S.E.

FIVE GOOD POINTS
OUR WORLD RENOWNED KESHRANJAN IS FAMOUS FOR

1st—Excellence of quality.
2nd—Delicious and sweet fragrance.
3rd—Perfectly cooling virtues.
4th—Hair preserving property.
5th—Perfection on all points.
TRY ONLY—FOR ONCE AND BE CONVINCED.
Price of one Phial ... ... Rs. 1 0
Packing and Postage ... ... „ 0 5
Three Phials ... ... „ 2 8
Postage extra ... ... „ 0 11
PRAMEHABINDU.
In a remarkably short time, often a few days only removes all discharges from the urinary organs, superseding injections, the use of which does irreparable harm by laying the foundation of stricture and other serious diseases. It speedily removes strangury, stones and other organic troubles of the Kidneys. It cures non-retention of urine and heals irritation, inflammation and ulceration of the urinary passage and all other diseases arising from indiscretion or excesses in either sex.
Price per bottle with a box of pills Rs. 1 8
Post free ... ... „ 1 15
The efficacy of our medicines is universally allowed The Medicinal Oils, Ghees, Bolusses, Musk, Makaradhwaja, and other Ayurvedic Remedies, prepared or kept by us, are admitted as the best and the cheapest.
Illustrated catalogues, containing full accounts of diseases and medicines are transmitted free on application.
PRESCRIPTIONS with or without Medicines are sent to every part of India, Burma, Ceylon, Straits Settlements, Cape and the British Isles, on receipt of concise conditions of disease.
Kaviraj Nagendra Nath Sen,
GOVT. MEDICAL DIPLOMA-HOLDER,
Member of the Chemical Society, Paris; Society of Chemical Industry, London; Surgical Aid Society London, &c., &c.
Nos. 18-1 & 19, Lower Chitpur Road, Calcutta.

Milk from the Finest Pasture-Lands—to India,
without any of the risks attending fresh milk. HORLICK'S contains all the good and building powers of the purest milk without the indigestible parts—certain valuable cereals added, and here you have a Strength-Builder—unequalled.
Ideal for Infants and Invalids and for those who desire "meat and drink" in one.
Untouched by Hand.
Order HORLICK'S from your Supply Stores.
Packed in 3 sizes. Of all Stores.
HORLICK'S MALTED MILK

A BOON AND A BLESSING TO WOMANKIND.
DR. LECLERC'S PILLS FOR LADIES
A Safe, Reliable and Certain Remedy for Irregularities, Delay and Functional Troubles. Ladies who once use them invariably keep a bottle in hand ready for emergencies. Refuse substitutes, no other remedy is 'just as good.' Insist on having Dr LeClerc's Pills for Ladies & you will not be disappointed. The genuine have words "EUGENE LE CLERC" on Govt Stamp affixed to every package. Price 2/9 with full directions (Postage to Colonies 3d extra) From Dr Le Clerc Medicine Co. Haverstock Road, Hampstead, London, Eng. Sold by LENNON, LTD all branches in South Africa. BEWARE OF USELESS IMITATIONS

JOSEPH EVANS & SONS,
(WOLVERHAMPTON), LTD.,
CULWELL WORKS, WOLVERHAMPTON, ENG.
MAKERS OF
PUMPS & PUMPING MACHINERY,
FOR
STEAM, HAND, HORSE, BELT & ELECTRIC POWER.
MINING & IRRIGATION PUMPS A SPECIALITY.
FOR LIST No. 20.
CABLE: "EVANS," WOLVERHAMPTON
CODES: OWN & A B C (5TH EDITION)

ARE YOU BUYING A MOTOR CAR?
IT WILL PAY YOU TO PUT THE MATTER IN OUR HANDS. WE CAN SAVE YOU MONEY. AN ENQUIRY WILL CONVINCE YOU OF THIS.
CALL OR WRITE:
THE ORIENT MOTOR CAR AND ELECTRIC Co.,
53, Apollo Street,
(Tele. "LATEST.") Fort, BOMBAY.

CC-0. Government of Maharashtra
on 29 June, 2017

THE

WATCH FOR MEN OF PRECISION.

The Zenith Precision Watch ranks to-day with the World's finest Timekeepers, average variation one to two minutes per month, and guaranteed for 5 years.

			Rs.
Nickel open face	keyless lever,	'A' qual.	25
Nickel hunting	ditto	ditto	27
Nickel ½-hunting	ditto	ditto	30
Silver open face	ditto	ditto	35
Silver hunting	ditto	ditto	40
Silver ½-hunting	ditto	ditto	45
18-carat gold open face			150
18-carat gold hunting	ditto	ditto	175
18-carat gold ½-hunting	ditto	ditto	185

Large illustrated catalogue sent post free to any address on application, containing full particulars, with copies of testimonials.

FAVRE-LEUBA & CO.,

Watch and Clock Specialists and Manufacturers.

HEAD OFFICE FOR INDIA:—

ALICE BUILDING,

31, Hornby Road, BOMBAY.

CARLTON WHISKY.

RICHARD MATHEWS & Co., Ltd., LONDON.

Obtainable of all Leading Merchants throughout the World.

DR. DE JONGH'S

KNIGHT OF THE ORDER OF LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM
KNIGHT OF THE LEGION OF HONOUR

LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL

THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DIGESTIBLE. THE MOST EFFICACIOUS.

Incontestably proved by Forty Years' Medical Experience to be

The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in

CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST, THROAT AFFECTIONS, GENERAL DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE SKIN, WASTING DISEASES OF CHILDREN, RICKETS, AND ALL SCROFULOUS DISORDERS.

SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS.

DR. PROSSER JAMES,
Lecturer on Materia Medica, London Hospital.

"Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL contains the whole of the active ingredients of the remedy, and is easily digested. Hence its value, not only in Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, but in a great number of cases to which the Profession is extending its use."

DR. HUNTER SEMPLE,
Physician to the Hospital for Diseases of the Throat and Chest, London.

"I have long been aware of the great reputation enjoyed by the LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL introduced into medical practice by DR. DE JONGH, and have recommended it with the utmost confidence. I have no hesitation in stating my opinion, that it possesses all the qualities of a good and efficient medicine. Its taste is by no means disagreeable, and might even be called pleasant. I have found Dr. DE JONGH'S OIL very useful in cases of Chronic Cough, and especially in Laryngeal Disease complicated with Consumption."

DR. SAUNDERS, C.B.,
Late Deputy-Inspector-General Army Hospitals, Superintendent London Medical Mission.

"I have used Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL extensively among the sick poor of St. Giles's, and consider it a valuable remedy, especially in the Wasting Diseases of Children."

DR. WHITMORE,
Medical Officer of Health, St. Marylebone, London.

"My own somewhat lengthened experience as a Medical Practitioner enables me with confidence to recommend Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT BROWN COD LIVER OIL as being more uniform in quality, more certain in its effects, more palatable, and infinitely less likely to disagree with the stomach than the Pale Oil. If I were asked for an explanation of the marked success which for so many years has attended the administration of Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL, I should say that it is owing to its extraordinary medicinal, dietetic, and reginimal properties, and which are found to exist in no other medicine that I am acquainted with, in such uniform combination.

Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is supplied ONLY in IMPERIAL Half-Pints, Pints and Quarts, sealed with BOTTLE Patent Capsule impressed on the top with Dr. DE JONGH'S Stamp, and on the side with his Signature, and the Signature of ANSAR, HARFORD & Co.; and bearing under the wrapper a Label with the same Stamp and Signatures. WITHOUT THESE MARKS NONE CAN POSSIBLY BE GENUINE.

Sold by all respectable Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout the World.

SOLE CONSIGNEES,

ANSAR, HARFORD & CO., Ltd., 182, GRAY'S INN RD., LONDON.

TRY IT IN YOUR BATH

BY APPOINTMENT TO H.M. THE KING.

SCRUBB'S AMMONIA

MARVELLOUS PREPARATION

Refreshing as a Turkish Bath. Invaluable for all Toilet Purposes.
Splendid Cleansing Preparation for the Hair.
Removes Stains and Grease Spots from Clothing, Etc.
Restores the Colour to Carpets.
Allays the Irritation caused by Mosquito Bites.
Cleans Plate and Jewellery. Softens Hard Water.

For Sale by all Grocers and Chemists.

SCRUBB & CO., LTD., Guildford St., LONDON, S.E.

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM CO., (INDIA) LIMITED.

GRAHAM'S BUILDINGS,

FORT,

BOMBAY.

IMPORTERS OF THE FAMOUS

"SHELL" MOTOR SPIRIT

BEST ON EARTH BEST IN AIR

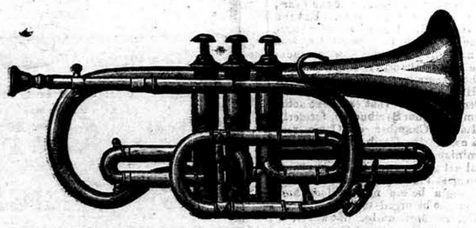
'SHELL' MEANS SATISFACTION

"SHELL" MEANS SPEED

S. ROSE & CO.

FORT, BOMBAY.

Telegrams: "ROSEBUD" Bombay.



No. 1. S. Rose & Co.'s Challenge Cornet with A and B shank, German Silver valves, water key, hook finger rest, thoroughly well made and equal to many cornets costing double the price. **Rs. 20.**
Other grades at Rs. 25, 30, 35 and 40.

No. 5. S. Rose & Co.'s Cornet with A and B shanks, clear bore, light action, hard white metal valves, water key. Rs. 45.

No. 8. S. Rose & Co.'s Cornet with A and B shanks and slides for High or Low pitch, copy of improved Besson model. Light action, German Silver pistons. Rs. 75.

S. Rose & Co.'s Combination Cornet for playing in A, B flat and C. Three cornets combined in one. Extra light action, perfect tone. Rs. 75.

Boosey & Co.'s Cornets, highest grade English manufacture, Rs. 82-8 and Rs. 112-8.

Besson & Co.'s Cornets for Soloist Rs. 97-8, Rs. 141-12, and Rs. 157-8.

Echo Cornets with detachable echo attachment. Rs. 65, Rs. 75, and Rs. 100.

Silver-plated Cornets for Soloists, beautifully engraved perfect in all details, Rs. 100 and Rs. 130.

Pocket Cornets, small and perfect models. Rs. 30, 35, and 80.

FORT, BOMBAY.

S. ROSE & CO.

"HARD TIMES."

NECESSITATE that you secure your jewels and valuables against Thieves and Robbers. This you can only do if you buy HARICHAND SAFES. They have withstood the tools and hammers of the Robbers and the keys of thieves and possess Reputation of over a Generation.

Approved and used by the Government, as well as Banks, merchant-firms and all the best people of India. Remember our

FIRE PROOF SAFES

have stood the greatest Fires and remained intact.

HARICHAND MANCHARAM & SON,

131, GULALWADI, NO. 4, BOMBAY.

SAINT-RAPHAËL

TONIC, RESTORATIVE, DIGESTIVE WINE

Very palatable.

Known throughout the world and prescribed in all cases of Anæmia, Debility and Convalescence, to young women, children and the aged. Invaluable in hot climates.

DOSE: One wine-glass after the two principal meals.

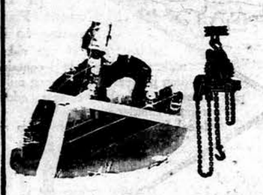
Each bottle of genuine VIN SAINT-RAPHAËL *bears, in addition to the registered trade-mark:*

(1) The WARRANTY STAMP of the UNION DES FABRICANTS.
(2) A METAL SEAL advertising CLETEAS.

CLETEAS *is a* MELISSA *and* MINT *cordial which surpasses all others by its purety and faultless preparation. To be taken on a lump of sugar.*

COMPAGNIE du VIN SAINT-RAPHAEL, Valence (Drôme-France).
SPENCE & Co., Sole Agents for *Madras.* — PHILLIPS & Co. Agents in *Bombay.*
DUMOULIN & Co. Agents in *Pondichery.*

YOUNGS, RYLAND STREET WORKS, BIRMINGHAM, ENGLAND.



LIFTING AND HOISTING APPLIANCES.

WRITE FOR CATALOGUE NO. 76

DR. DE ROOS' MEDICINES HAVE AN UNRIVALLED REPUTATION OF OVER FIFTY YEARS.

DR. DE ROOS'

WORLD-FAMED

GUTTÆ VITÆ

Or, LIFE DROPS.

The Great European Remedy for Nervous and Functional Exhaustion.

This extraordinary rejuvenating essence strengthens the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles, and speedily restores the impaired powers of life, imparting strength and vigour to the most debilitated and worn out constitution. Those who suffer from premature decay, or deficiency of the vital forces, owing to dissipation, worry, overwork, excesses, or any other cause, will find this medicine just what they require. Equally adapted for the studious and infirm; the nervous and debilitated; as also for delicate females and weakly children. All sufferers from loss of appetite, nervous headache, lassitude, and despondency—too often accompanied with suicidal thoughts—should make immediate and fair unprejudiced trial of this wonderful medicine, which is daily effecting the most remarkable cures in patients who had been given up by the Faculty as incurable, and left to drag out the remainder of their existence a misery to themselves, and a continual anxiety to their friends. In all cases of nervous and functional debility, epilepsy, impurity and poorness of the blood, aversion to and incapacity for society, study, or business, giddiness, disturbed sleep, harassing dreams, loss of memory, and other symptoms, the result of self-secure illegal ailments that embitter and shorten life, it is truly unrivalled. To married persons especially, this preparation will prove invaluable, giving strength and vigour in place of lassitude and incompetency. Price 11s., or four times that quantity, 33s. per Bottle.

DR. DE ROOS' COMPOUND RENAL PILLS, for Pains in the Back, Gravel, Lumbago, Gout, Rheumatism, Diabetes, and all Kidney Affections; weakness across the loins, Sandy or other Deposits, Discharges and Diseases of the Urinary Organs generally. Price 2s. 9d.

DR. DE ROOS' VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS, for Indigestion, Biliousness, and all Disorders of the Liver, Stomach, and Bowels; whilst as a universal family medicine for both sexes, and all ages, they are unequalled. Price 73d. and 2s. 9d.

Purchasers are particularly requested to see that every package of Dr. DE ROOS' Medicines bears the British Government Stamp, with the words, "WALTER DE ROOS, LONDON," impressed thereon, and refuse worthless imitations frequently put forward by unscrupulous vendors for the sake of extra profit.

Debilitated and Nervous Sufferers should read the "Medical Adviser," by Dr. DE ROOS, on the secret causes of nervous debility, impotency, depression of spirits, and confirmed melancholy. Price 1s., post free from Mr. Lawes, Medical Publisher, 14, Hand Court, Holborn, London, W.C., or of the Agents for Dr. DE ROOS' Medicines.

Agents for India: TREACHER & Co. LIMITED, BOMBAY, BYCULLA, and POONA.

ZOG

CLEANS PAINT

ALSO

BATHS & ENAMEL

Shines SILVER too.

14 as. — 8 as.

Full particulars and Samples of Sole Agents:

ALDRIDGE SALMON & Co., Ltd., BOMBAY.

IF YOU ARE SUFFERING

from any such disease as ECZEMA, SCROFULA, BAD LEGS, ABSCESSES, ULCERS, GLANDULAR SWELLINGS, BOILS, PIMPLES, SORES OF ANY KIND, PILES, BLOOD POISON, RHEUMATISM, GOUT, etc., don't waste your time and money on useless lotions and messy ointments which cannot get below the surface of the skin. What you want and what you must have to be permanently cured is a medicine that will thoroughly free the blood of the poisonous matter which alone is the true cause of all your suffering.

CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

THE WORLD FAMED BLOOD PURIFIER

is just such a medicine. It is composed of ingredients which quickly attack, overcome, and expel from the blood all impurities from whatever cause arising, and by rendering it clean and pure can be relied on to effect a complete and lasting cure.

Here is good proof of its efficacy:—

POISONED FOOT CURED

"Some time ago I had an accident to my left foot (ran a nail into it), it festered, and got so bad that the doctor was called in and said I had poisoned it. For 3 years I was under different doctors and for one year of the three I only went out in a bath chair. Not only during that time did I entirely lose the little toe of my left foot, but a gaping wound came in the inside of the same foot. It was so bad that when I bathed it I fancied I could see the bones. At last I decided to try 'Clarke's Blood Mixture,' and with the end of the second small bottle the discharge had stopped, and within a month I could get my foot to the ground. It is as well now as it ever was, of course, very scarred and a toe short, but I am sure I should have been a foot short had it gone on."

"WORTH £5 A DOSE"

"I also recommended it to a Surgeant's wife at Aldershot, whose husband had an open sore for seven years, the result of a sword thrust in Burma. She said she couldn't get him to try it for a long time, but at last he did, and the wound has completely healed. She told me that often after a long march he has writhed in agony and often fainted. When they were leaving to go to another station he came on purpose to say good-bye and thank me. He said he'd never forget me for being the cause of his trying it, and that it was worth £5 a dose.—Yours truly, (Mrs.) M. Cousins, 187 Twyford avenue, Portsmouth," England.

CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE

By reason of its wonderful Blood purifying properties CURES ALL SKIN & BLOOD DISEASES.

Sold by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

WARRANTED FIFTEEN YEARS

Packed Free. Carriage Paid direct from our Factory to your Port. *Ten Days' Free Trial.* Best British-made MEAD

COVENTRY FLYERS

Defiance Puncture-Resisting or Dunlop Tyres, Coasters, Variable-Speed Gears, B.S.A. Free Wheels, Flyer & Brook's Saddles, etc.

LATEST MODELS **£3.10s. to £9**

Tyres and accessories at half usual prices. Write at once, using sufficient postage, for Free Art Catalogue and *Special Offer* on sample machine. Agents wanted.

MEAD CYCLE COMPANY, Dept. 328, LIVERPOOL.

For particulars, catalogues, &c., apply to COUTTS and Co., Shipping Agents, "Dept. 328." P. O. Box 249, Hornby Road, Bombay.

Stephens' Inks

Stephens' Ribbons AND Carbons

for Typewriters.

GRIMAULT'S SYRUP

of Hypophosphite of Lime

FOR BRONCHITIS, STUBBORN COUGHS,

FOR CATARRH, WEAK LUNGS, CONSUMPTION

Paris, 8, r. Vivienne and at all Chemists

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS

ROWLAND'S MACASSAR OIL

FOR THE HAIR

Preserves, Beautifies, Restores, and **strengthens,** the hair and prevents it falling off or turning grey. Especially suited for **ladies'** and **children's hair.** It closely resembles the **natural oil** in the hair which Nature provides for its preservation; the want of it causes baldness. **Golden colour** for fair hair. Sizes, 3s. 6d., 7s., 10s. 6d. (equal to 4 small), and 21s. Of stores, chemists, hairdressers, and Rowland's, 67, Hatton Garden, London.

ENO'S FRUIT SALT

HEALTH-GIVING

REFRESHING

INVIGORATING

"Hazeline" Snow

(TRADE MARK)

A necessity to ladies who desire to preserve the fine texture and healthy tone of their skin.

Men also find it most valuable for curing the inflammation caused by shaving.

Skin as Soft as a Babe's

"'Hazeline' Snow" is obtainable of all Druggists

BURROUGHS WELLCOME & CO., LONDON

NEW YORK MONTREAL SYDNEY CAPE TOWN MILAN SHANGHAI BUENOS AIRES

xx 352 ALL RIGHTS RESERVED

A FACT WORTH NOTING.

PAGE & SANDEMAN'S

Celebrated

INVALID'S PORT,

Gold Capsule, is

SECOND TO NONE.

Insist on having it.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

PAGE & SANDEMAN, LONDON, ENGLAND.

VETARZO BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD

This remarkable compound, the latest discovery of modern times for all phases of brain and nerve wreckage and exhaustion, sleeplessness, tremblings, palpitation, nervous dyspepsia, low spirits, mental and bodily prostration, muscular and local weakness, general and nervous debility, faulty nutrition, premature decay or deficiency of the vital forces, impaired vitality, harassing dreams, night disturbances, sudden startings, dimness of sight, defective hearing, loss of memory, inability to perform the various duties of life, or to enjoy its pleasures, restlessness that can settle to nothing, irritability of temper, female complaints, hysteria, painful periods, backache, bearing down sensations, nervous headache, wasting disease, night sweats, &c., whether induced by worry, overwork, unhealthy climate, dissipation, excesses, or other influence incidental to the wear and tear and haste or overstrain of modern life. Bracing up the system generally, it gives tone to the exhausted nerves, arrests all weakening wasting discharges, restores the failing energies, and imparts new life and vigour to those who had so recently seemed played out, "used up," and valueless.

VETARZO BLOOD MEDICINE

Never before was there anything like it, nor can its marvellous properties ever be equalled in all cases of poorness, impurity, or other imperfection of the blood from whatever cause arising. No sooner is it imbibed into the system than it permeates and penetrates to the minutest capillaries, overcoming and expelling the virus of disease, wheresoever and in whatsoever form met with; removing all blotches, pimples, scurf, scurvy, scrofulous and glandular swellings, discolorations, roughness and unsightly patches, &c. Its effects are almost magical in the treatment of gout, rheumatism, sciatics, lumbago, pains and swellings of the joints, discharges, blood poison, secondary symptoms, eczema, lepra, psoriasis, bad legs, bad breasts, abscesses, ulcers, wounds, sores, goitre or Derbyshire neck, it improves the general health, and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma, and hacking, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption.

CAUTION.—Ask for "VETARZO Brain and Nerve Food," or "VETARZO Blood Medicine," whichever is required, and see that you get them, as unprincipled vendors often try to palm off inferior preparations (usually their own manufacture), for the sake of extra profit. Price in England, 2/9. Every genuine bottle of these medicines bears the British Government Stamp with the words "VETARZO REMEDIES" impressed thereon, in white letters on a red ground. Registered Trade Mark, "VETARZO."

Sole Proprietors: THE VETARZO REMEDIES Co., GOSPEL OAK, LONDON, ENGLAND.

Legal proceedings will be taken against all persons infringing the Proprietors' rights.

COMMON SENSE IN A NUTSHELL.—A NEW medical work on certain vitally important matters with which every young man should be acquainted. Post free in plain sealed envelope on receipt of Postal Order sixpence from THE VETARZO REMEDIES CO., Gospel Oak, London, or of Agents for above medicines.

Agents for South Africa: LENNON LTD. (all Branches). Agents for India: TREACHER & Co. LTD., BOMBAY.

MARTIN'S APIOL & STEEL PILLS for Ladies.

A French Remedy for all Irregularities.

Thousands of Ladies always keep a box of Martin's Pills in the house, and on the first sign of any Irregularity of the System a timely dose may be administered. Those who use them recommend them. Their uncommon sale.

At all Chemists and Stores, or post free 2s. 9d. of M.K. FAMAN, Chemist, CHUTNEY-MARY, MADRAS.

Printed and Published for the Proprietors, "The Bombay Gazette," Limited, by N. D'MELLO, at the "Bombay Gazette," Electric Printing Works No. 2 Green Street, Fort, Bombay.

Sole Advertisement Agents in the United Kingdom Messrs. WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co., 80, Fenchurch Street, London E. C.